



Haley Glover Strategy Director

Lumina Foundation

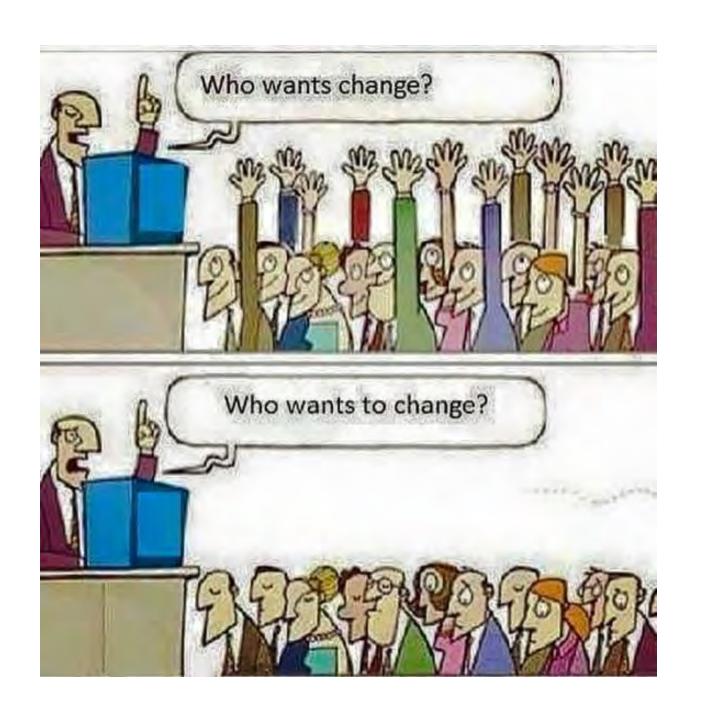
March 23, 2017





Goal 2025:

To increase the proportion of Americans with high-quality degrees and credentials to 60 percent by the year 2025.

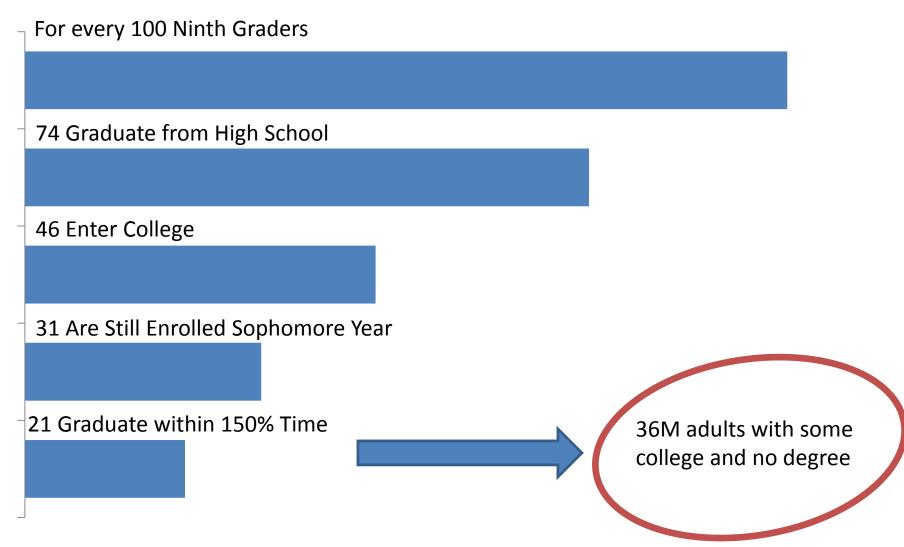


Changing the Leadership Dynamic

"[We need to] change our ways of framing the task of increasing diversity in higher education. It's not about plucking the exceptional survivors from our fractured landscape where opportunity is reserved for a select few. It's about changing the opportunity matrix by building communities and cultivating talent..."

-Nancy Cantor, Chancellor, Rutgers-Newark

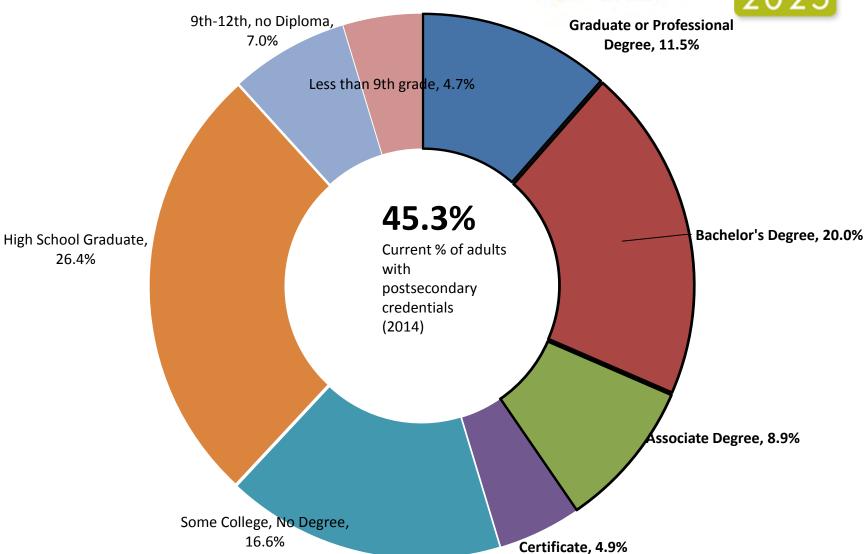
The Pipeline Isn't Just Leaky—It's Broken







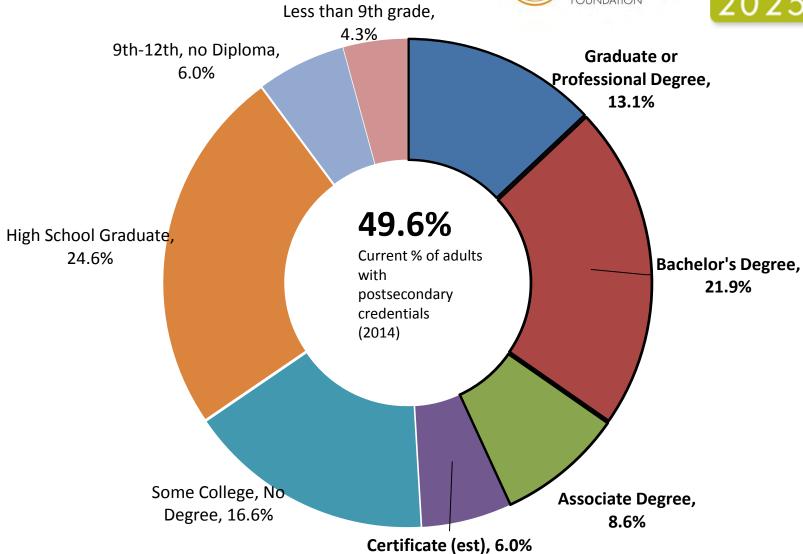




Educational Attainment Illinois 2014 Age 25-64

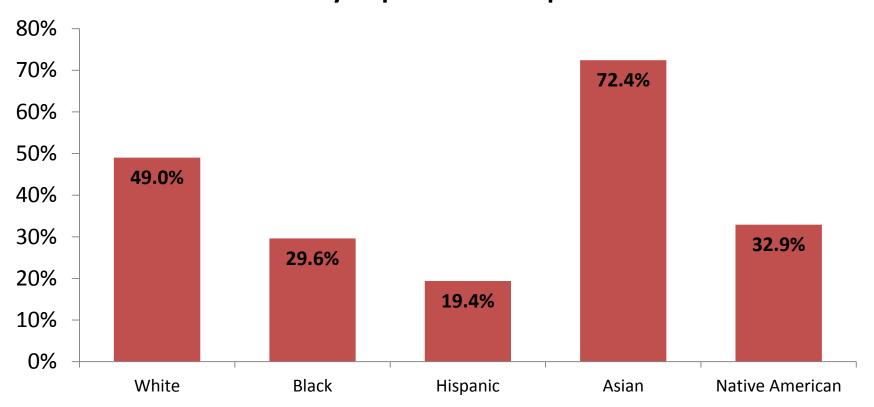






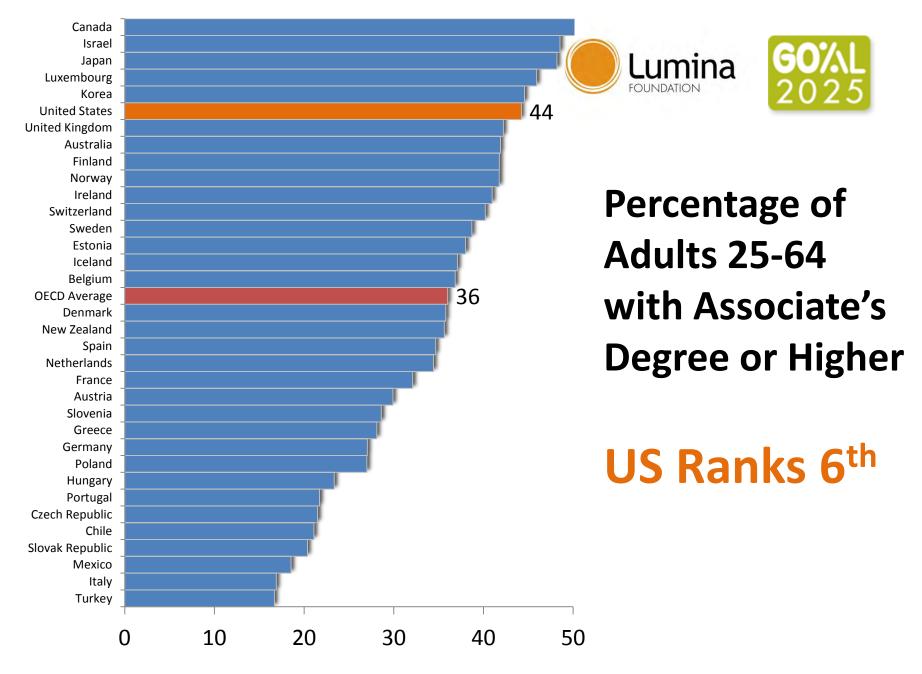
To Succeed, We Must Achieve Equity and Excellence

Degree Attainment Rates among Illinois Adults (25-64) by Population Group



Equity: Recognition of the need to eliminate disparities in educational outcomes for students from historically underserved and underrepresented populations

Excellence: Offering clear, flexible and transparent pathways to students in their pursuit of postsecondary credentials



Source: Education at a Glance 2015: OECD Indicators

Returns **highest** at Tertiary Level





Table 3: Returns to schooling by educational level and region (latest available year between 2000-2011)

(latest available year between 2000 2011)								
Region	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary	GDP/pc (PPP 2005)	N			
World	10.3	6.9	16.8	6,719	74			
Middle East and North	9.4	3.5	8.9	3,645	7			
Africa								
South Asia	9.6	6.3	18.4	2,626	4			
Eastern and Central	8.3	4.0	10.1	6,630	7			
Europe								
High Income Economies	4.8	5.3	11.0	31,748	6			
East Asia and Pacific	11.0	6.3	15.4	5,980	6			
Latin America and	9.3	6.6	17.6	7,269	20			
	<i>J</i> .J	0.0	17.0	7,203	20			
Caribbean								
Sub-Saharan Africa	13.4	10.8	21.9	2,531	24			





Equity Indicator 5a: Bachelor's degree attainment by age 24 for dependent family members by family income quartile: 1970-2013

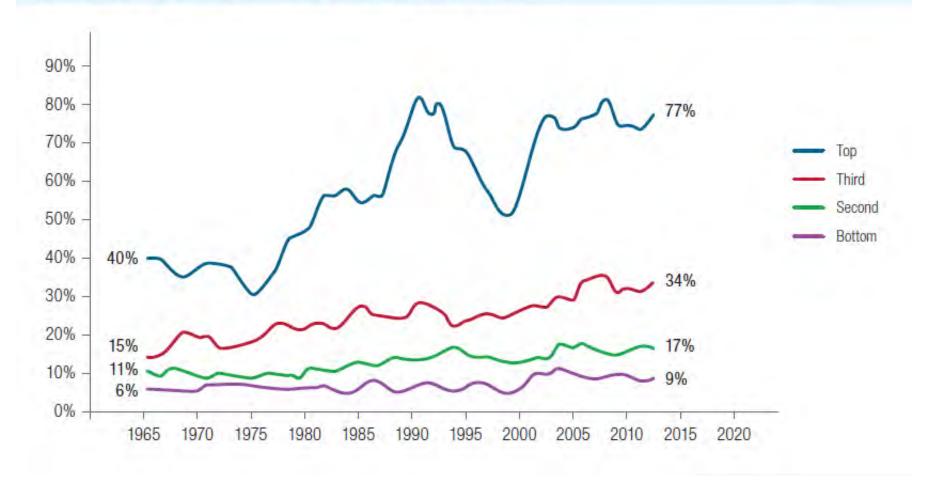


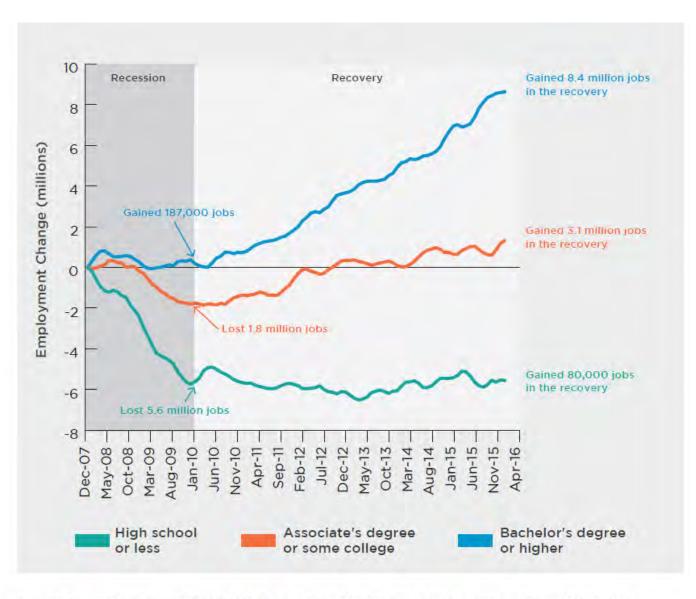
Figure 2: College graduation rates by family income and test scores







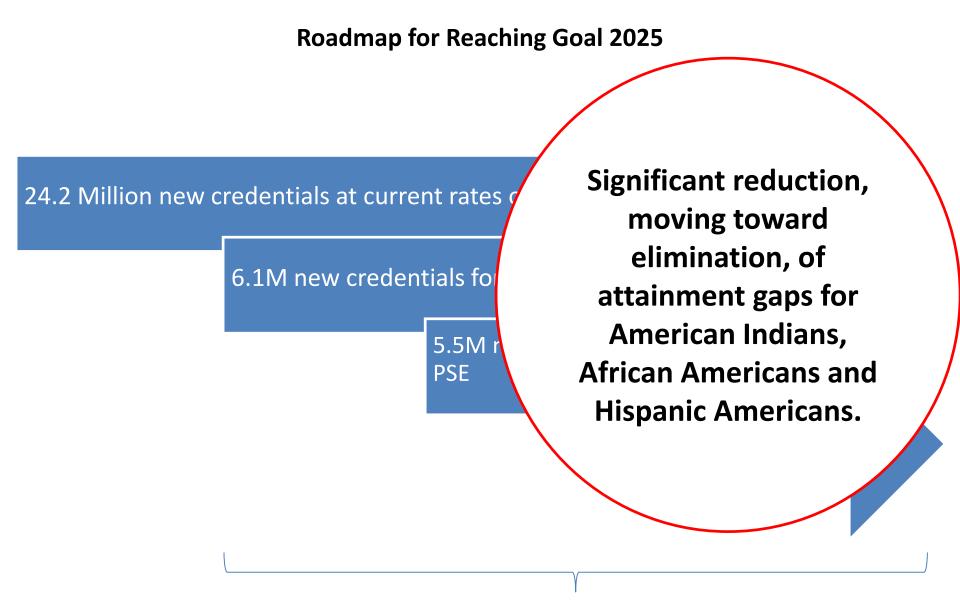
Source: Affluent Students Have an Advantage and the Gap is Widening, December 12, 2012, New York Times based on research from Bowen, W.G., Chingos, M.M., & McPherson, M.S. (2009). Crossing the Finish Line: Completing College at America's Public Universities. Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press



99% of the 11.6M
jobs created between
Jan 2010 and Jan
2016 went to workers
with at least some
postsecondary
education.

Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of *Current Population Survey* (CPS) data, 2007-2016.

Note: Employment includes all workers age 18 and older. The monthly employment numbers are seasonally adjusted using the U.S. Census Bureau X-12 procedure and smoothed using a four-month moving average.



16.4M new credentials needed by 2025 to reach 60%

Today's Student... Juggles Multiple Responsibilities





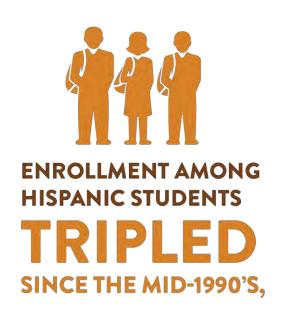


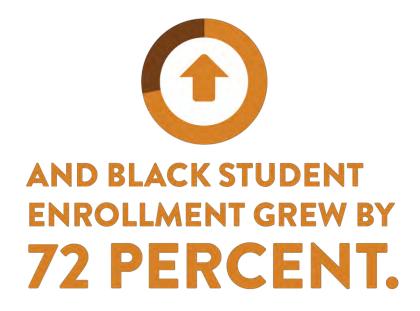




40 PERCENT
of COMMUNITY-COLLEGE STUDENTS
WORK 20 OR MORE HOURS
PER WEEK.

Today's Student... Is Older and More Diverse Than Ever





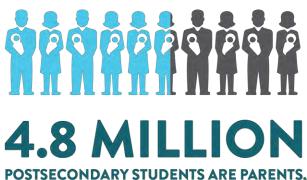


38 PERCENT
OF ALL TODAY'S UNDERGRADUATES
ARE OLDER THAN 25.

Today's Students... Supports Themselves, and Struggle



ARE ON THEIR OWN FINANCIALLY. HALF OF THOSE STUDENTS (25%) HAVE FINANCIAL DEPENDENTS OF THEIR OWN.



AND OF THOSE, 61 PERCENT HAVE NO MONEY TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE COST OF COLLEGE.



88 PERCENT

OF SINGLE STUDENT-PARENTS HAVE INCOMES BELOW 200 PERCENT OF THE POVERTY LINE.

Today's Students... Are Less Likely to Graduate





STUDENTS WITH ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL, WORK AND FAMILY OBLIGATIONS ARE

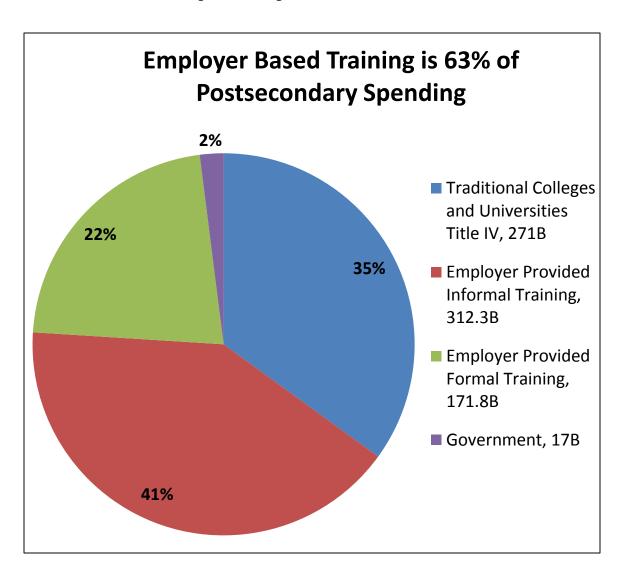
TWICE AS LIKELY TO DROP OUT OF SCHOOL

IN THEIR FIRST YEAR AS STUDENTS
FRESH OUT OF HIGH SCHOOL –
38 PERCENT COMPARED TO 16 PERCENT.

A QUARTER OF
PART-TIME STUDENTS
MAKE IT TO GRADUATION, EVEN WHEN

GIVEN TWICE AS LONG TO COMPLETE.

Employer Investment in Talent

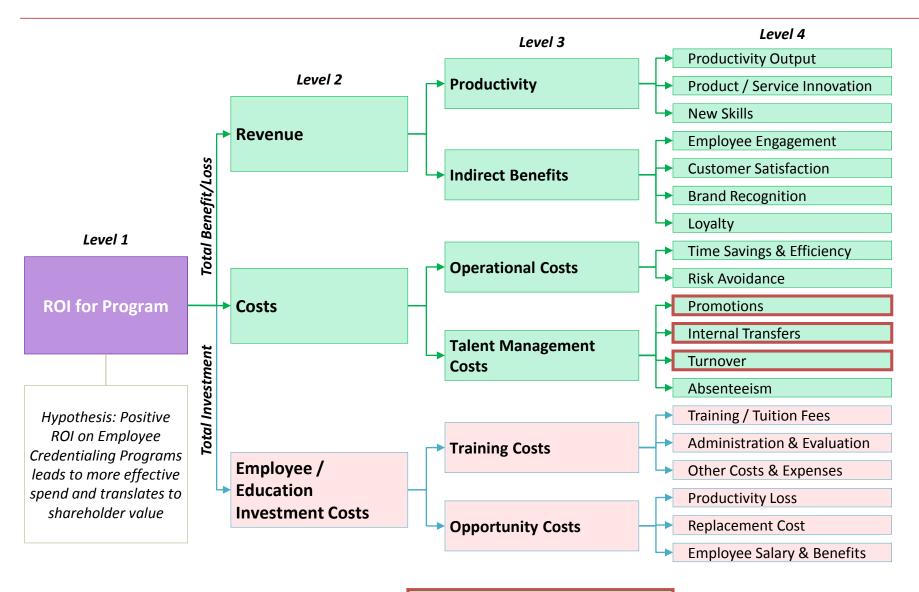


- 59% of employers offer a formal tuition assistance program
- \$4,308 expenditure per employee, on average

BUT

- Only 8% of employers measure their return
- 43% of working adults do not know if their employer offers a credential program
- Tuition assistance programs utilized, on average, by
 5.2% of eligible staff

ROI Framework



Cigna's ROI



Investment



For every dollar Cigna invested in tuition assistance from 2012 to 2014...

Education Reimbursement Program (ERP)



Value Created



Employees



...Cigna got its dollar back and saved another \$1.29 in talent management costs.

...frontline* employees using ERP achieved 43% incremental wage gains and had more career opportunities than non-participants.



Based On

The value created is based on increased rates of promotions, transfers, and retention for employees participating in ERP versus non-participants.



+10% promotions





Pathways

Approaches, Exemplars, and Things to Keep in Mind

"Highly-structured, educationally coherent program maps that align with students' goals for careers and further education."

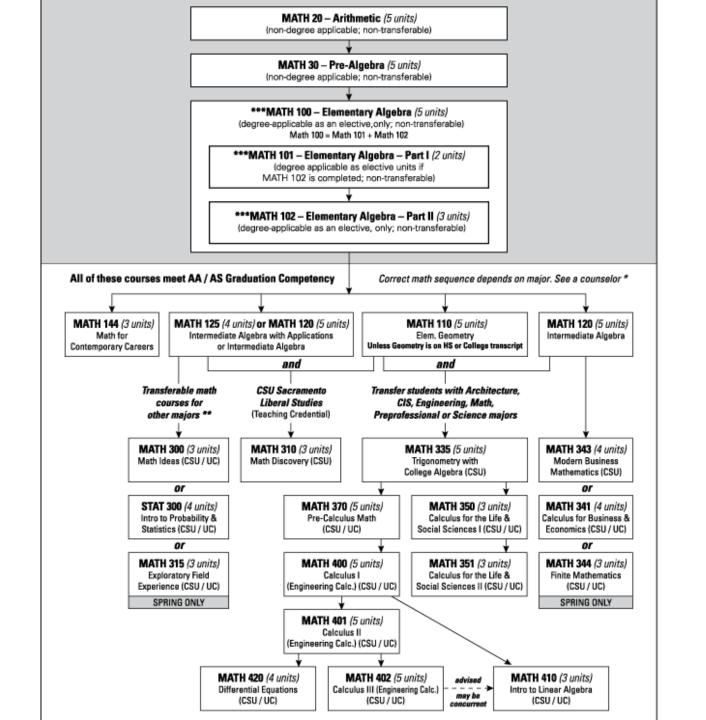
"Simplifi[ed] student decision-making, [allowing] colleges to provide predictable schedules and frequent feedback so students can complete programs more efficiently."

~Community College Research Center

- Academic Planning: Comprehensive snapshot of degree requirements, prerequisites, common stumbling blocks, enabling improved student planning
- Block/Structured Scheduling: Building student schedules for predictability and "other responsibilities"
- **Meta-Majors:** Broad academic majors that include related courses, clustered by career areas. Students select a Meta Major instead of a specific major early in their college career, decreasing the risk of getting off track.
- Co-requisite Remediation: Specific pathway development for students in remedial coursework, includes coupling placement in credit-bearing courses with supplemental support
- **Proactive/Intrusive Advising:** Targeted, in-time support and advising to students to maximize impact of pathway work
- **Comprehensive Student Information Systems:** Complementary systems that show real-time impact on student behavior

Traditional Approach	Guided Pathways
Little college and career planning	Default program maps
Lots of choices	Guided choices; lots of defaults
Paths are unclear, up to the student to navigate	Paths are required, tied to predictable schedules, and clearly articulated for students
Developmental education barriers	Dev ed is supplemented with integrated academic supports for gatekeeper courses
Student progress is episodic, with little ongoing feedback or intervention	Real-time progress tracking, feedback and support

Reminder: It's about LEARNING



Exemplars – Degree Maps

- Highly structured, default course pathways
- Optimizes schedule design for success, minimizes mistakes
- Students default-into the right courses for their major.
 They must receive permission to diverge from this schedule.
- Florida State University: since starting degree maps, FSU has cut the number of students graduating with excess credits in half, while increasing grad rate (for all students) to 74%
- Georgia State University: since starting intrusive advising and degree maps, grad rates are up 20%, with more bachelor's degrees to African Americans than any other US university

Exemplars – Meta Majors

- Students are channeled early in their college careers into large programs of study, like Arts/Humanities; Business; Education; Health Sciences; Industry/Manufacturing; Public Safety; STEM; Social and Behavioral Sciences (Florida's approach)
- Students complete core pre-requisites and see the full array of related majors BEFORE they fully commit to a program of study
- No student is "unclassified"
- Georgia State University experienced a 30% decrease in students changing majors after implementing meta-majors
- Schools to watch: Miami-Dade College; Lorain County Community College

My Class Schedule

Life is a balancing act...
What else can fit here?

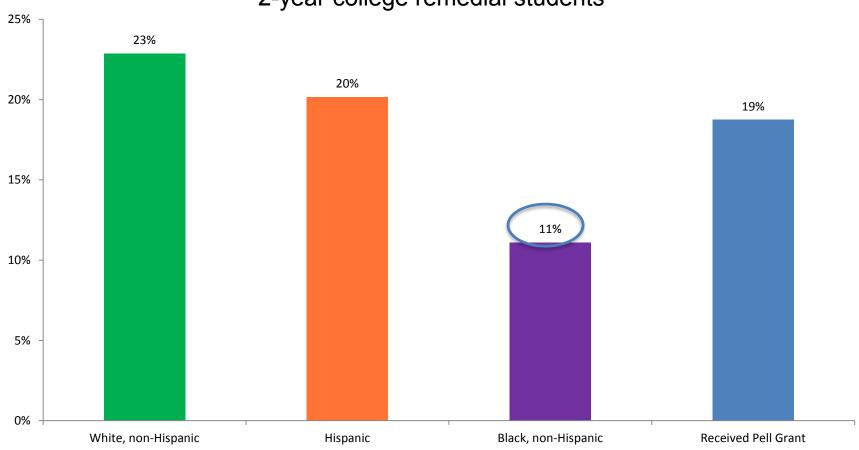


Exemplars – Structured Schedules

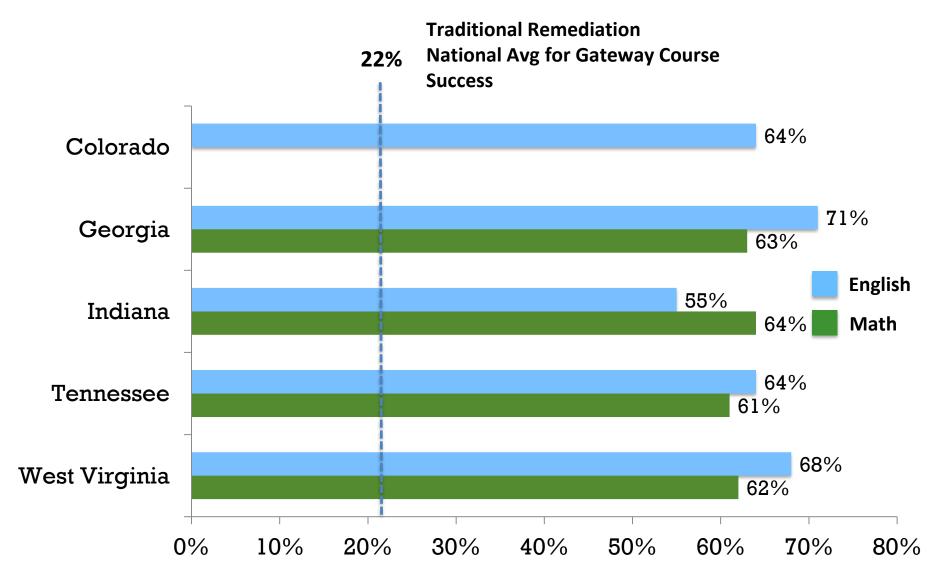
- Predictable, sensible block scheduling so students don't have to decide between school, work and other responsibilities
- Maximizes opportunity for full-time enrollment
- CUNY ASAP model uses block scheduling (8 am Noon, M-F), along with cohorts and small financial incentives (subway passes and books) completion rates almost doubled for ASAP students (40% completion in 3 years, compared to 22% for control group), with higher rates of transfer (25% compared to 17%)
 - Full-time enrollment increased for ASAP students, by 11 and 20 percentage points in the first two semesters of the evaluation, compared to the control group
 - Despite the investment required to operate the program, the cost per degree for ASAP students was lower than for the control group
- **Ivy Tech ASAP** uses significantly accelerated programming, offering associate degrees in 11 months, using cohorts, structured schedules (8:00 3:00, M-F), and early recruiting.
 - 61% of ASAP students earn an associate degree in one year
 - 98% of students persist after the first year to either a bachelor's degree or a second associate
 - 100% of ASAP graduates are accepted into one or more 4-year colleges
 - Significantly lower cost per degree compared to average ITCC

The System Does Not Work, Particularly for African Americans

Gateway Course Completion in 2 years 2-year college remedial students



One Semester Gateway Completion Corequisite Support At Scale



Exemplars – Co-Requisite Remediation

- More than half of students entering a 2-year college enroll in remediation
- 22.3% of those students complete remediation and associated college-level courses in two years
- 9.5% of those students graduate within 3 years

Institution	Subject	Traditional Model	Co-Req Model
CC of Baltimore County ALP	English	33%	74%
Austin Peay State University Structured Assistance	English	49%	70%
	Quantitative Reasoning	11%	78%
	Statistics	8%	65%

• The **Texas State University** – **San Marcos FOCUS** program moved 500 remedial CC students through a pilot that aligned remediation with college-level algebra or statistics. 61% of these students completed algebra with a C or better, compared to 52% of students who were judged ready for college algebra in the first place.

We Need Better-educated High-We Need Better-SCHOOL GRADS! educated Workers! च्या We Need **BUSINESS** BETTER-COLLEGE HOD PREPARED MID-SCHOOLERS We Need BETTER We Need We Need JOBS! FULL-DAY Better We Need **ELEMENTAR** KINDERGARTEN! PRE-NATAL KIDS THAT CAN CARE READ AND ENTE KINDER. SCHOOL TU) HTAN OO GARTEN & TAR Me Need MORE PRE-K PROGRAMS

Thank you!

hglover@luminafoundation.org

317-951-5307