

Illinois Central College Health Benefit Plan

Plan Document and Summary Plan Description

Effective: January 1, 1980 Restated: January 1, 2019

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INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

Introduction and Purpose

The Plan Sponsor has established the Plan for the benefit of eligible Employees and their eligible Dependents, in accordance with the terms and conditions described herein. Plan benefits are self-funded through a benefit fund or a trust established by the Plan Sponsor and self-funded with contributions from Participants and/or the Plan Sponsor. Participants in the Plan may be required to contribute toward their benefits. Contributions received from Participants are used to cover Plan costs and are expended immediately.

The Plan Sponsor's purpose in establishing the Plan is to protect eligible Employees and their Dependents against certain health expenses and to help defray the financial effects arising from Injury or Sickness. To accomplish this purpose, the Plan Sponsor must be mindful of the need to control and minimize health care costs through innovative and efficient plan design and cost containment provisions, and of abiding by the terms of the Plan Document, to allow the Plan Sponsor to effectively assign the resources available to help Participants in the Plan to the maximum feasible extent.

The Plan Sponsor has adopted this Plan Document as the written description of the Plan to set forth the terms and provisions of the Plan that provide for the payment or reimbursement of all or a portion of certain expenses for eligible benefits. The Plan Document is maintained by **Illinois Central College** and may be reviewed at any time during normal working hours by any Participant.

Mental Health Parity

Pursuant to the Mental Health Parity Act (MHPA) of 1996 and the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA), collectively, the mental health parity provisions, this Plan applies its terms uniformly and enforces parity between covered health care benefits and covered mental health and substance disorder benefits relating to financial cost sharing restrictions and treatment duration limitations. For further details, please contact the Plan Administrator.

SUMMARY OF BENEFITS

General Limits

Payment for any of the expenses listed below is subject to all Plan Exclusions, limitations and provisions. All coverage figures, if applicable, are after the out of pocket Deductible has been satisfied.

See the Utilization Management section for more information regarding Pre-Certification and/or Notification requirements.

Network and Non-Network Provider Arrangement

The Plan contracts with medical Provider Networks to access discounted fees for service for Participants. Hospitals, Physicians and other Providers who have contracted with the medical Provider Networks are called "Network Providers." Those who have not contracted with the Networks are referred to in this Plan as "Non-Network Providers." This arrangement results in the following benefits to Participants:

- 1. The Plan provides different levels of benefits based on whether the Participants use a Network or Non-Network Provider. Unless one of the exceptions shown below applies, if a Participant elects to receive medical care from the Non-Network Provider, the benefits payable are generally lower than those payable when a Network Provider is used. The following exceptions apply:
 - a. In the event a Network Provider refers a Participant to a Non-Network Provider for diagnostic testing, x-rays, laboratory services or anesthesia, then charges of the Non-Network Provider will be paid as though the services were provided by a Network Provider.
 - b. The Network Provider level of benefits is payable when a Participant receives Emergency care either Out-of-Area or at a Non-Network Hospital for an Accident Bodily Injury or Emergency.
- 2. If the charge billed by a Non-Network Provider for any covered service is higher than the Maximum Allowable Charge determined by the Plan, Participants are responsible for the excess unless the Provider accepts assignment of benefits as consideration in full for services rendered. Since Network Providers have agreed to accept a negotiated discounted fee as full payment for their services, Participants are not responsible for any billed amount that exceeds that fee. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to revoke any previously-given Assignment of Benefits or to proactively prohibit Assignment of Benefits to anyone, including any Provider, at its discretion.
- 3. To receive benefit consideration, Participants must submit claims for services provided by Non-Network Providers to the Third Party Administrator. Network Providers have agreed to bill the Plan directly, so that Participants do not have to submit claims themselves.
- 4. Benefits available to Network Providers are limited such that if a Network Provider advances or submits charges which exceed amounts that are eligible for payment in accordance with the terms of the Plan, or are for services or supplies for which Plan coverage is not available, or are otherwise limited or excluded by the Plan, benefits will be paid in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Please note affirmation that a treatment, service, or supply is of a type compensable by the Plan is not a guarantee that the particular treatment, service, or supply in question, upon receipt of a Clean Claim and review by the Plan Administrator, will be eligible for payment.

Balance Billing

In the event that a claim submitted by a Network or Non-Network Provider is subject to a medical bill review or medical chart audit and that some or all of the charges in connection with such claim are repriced because of billing errors and/or overcharges, it is the Plan's position that the Participant should not be responsible for payment of any charges denied as a result of the medical bill review or medical chart audit, and should not be balance billed for the difference between the billed charges and the amount determined

to be payable by the Plan Administrator. However, balance billing is legal in many jurisdictions, and the Plan has no control over Non-Network Providers that engage in balance billing practices.

In addition, with respect to services rendered by a Network Provider being paid in accordance with a discounted rate, it is the Plan's position that the Participant should not be responsible for the difference between the amount charged by the Network Provider and the amount determined to be payable by the Plan Administrator, and should not be balance billed for such difference. Again, the Plan has no control over any Network Provider that engages in balance billing practices, except to the extent that such practices are contrary to the contract governing the relationship between the Plan and the Network Provider.

The Participant is responsible for any applicable payment of Coinsurances, Deductibles, and out-of-pocket maximums and may be billed for any or all of these.

Choice of Providers

The Plan is not intended to disturb the Physician-patient relationship. Each Participant has a free choice of any Physician or surgeon, and the Physician-patient relationship shall be maintained. Physicians and other health care Providers are not agents or delegates of the Plan Sponsor, Company, Plan Administrator, Employer or Third Party Administrator. The delivery of medical and other health care services on behalf of any Participant remains the sole prerogative and responsibility of the attending Physician or other health care Provider. The Participant, together with his or her Physician, is ultimately responsible for determining the appropriate course of medical treatment, regardless of whether the Plan will pay for all or a portion of the cost of such care.

Network Provider Information

The Network Providers are merely independent contractors; neither the Plan nor the Plan Administrator make any warranty as to the quality of care that may be rendered by any Network Provider.

A current list of Network Providers is available, without charge, through the Third Party Administrator's website (located at www.consociate.com or https://icc.edu/faculty-staff/health-care-benefits/). If the Participant does not have access to a computer at his or her home, he or she may access this website at his or her place of employment. If he or she has any questions about how to do this, he or she should contact the Human Relations Department. The Network Provider list changes frequently; therefore, it is recommended that a Participant verify with the Provider that the Provider is still a Network Provider before receiving services. Please refer to the Participant identification card for the website address.

Claims Audit

In addition to the Plan's Medical Record Review process, the Plan Administrator may use its discretionary authority to utilize an independent bill review and/or claim audit program or service for a complete claim. While every claim may not be subject to a bill review or audit, the Plan Administrator has the sole discretionary authority for selection of claims subject to review or audit.

The analysis will be employed to identify charges billed in error and/or charges that exceed the Maximum Allowable Charge or services that are not Medically Necessary and may include a patient medical billing records review and/or audit of the patient's medical charts and records.

Upon completion of an analysis, a report will be submitted to the Plan Administrator or its agent to identify the charges deemed in excess of the Maximum Allowable Charge or other applicable provisions, as outlined in this Plan Document.

Despite the existence of any agreement to the contrary, the Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to reduce any charge to the Maximum Allowable Charge, in accord with the terms of this Plan Document.

<u>Summary of Benefits - Medical</u>
The following benefits are per Participant per Calendar Year. All benefits are subject to the Maximum Allowable Charge or Usual and Customary.

Calendar Year Maximum Benefits for: MAJOR MEDICAL PLAN			
All Essential Health Benefits Unlimited			

	In Ne	twork	Out of I	Network	Limits
Deductible	1/1/2019	1/1/2020	1/1/2019	1/1/2020	
Individual	\$325	\$400	\$325	\$400	
Individual + 1	\$650	\$800	\$650	\$800	
Family	\$650	\$800	\$650	\$800	
Maximum Out-of-Pocket - Effective 1/1/2019 and 1/1/2020					
Individual	\$1,500				
Individual + 1	\$3,000				
Family	\$3,000				

The following table identifies what does and does not apply toward the Network and Non-Network Out-of-Pocket Maximums:

Plan Features	Applies to the Network Out-of-Pocket Maximum?	Applies to the Non- Network Out-of-Pocket Maximum?
Payments toward the annual Deductible	Yes	No
Coinsurance payments, except for those covered health services identified in the Summary of Benefits that do not apply to the Out-of-Pocket Maximum	Yes	Yes
Copayments	Yes	No
Charges for non-covered services	No	No
The amounts of any Pre-Certification penalties	No	No
Charges that exceed Allowable Expenses	No	No

	In Network	Out of Network	Limits
Allergy Services			
Office Visit	90% after	90% after	
Office visit	Deductible	Deductible	
Injections	90% after	90% after	
Injections	Deductible	Deductible	
Corum	90% after	90% after	
Serum	Deductible	Deductible	
Ambulance	90% after	90% after	
Ambulance	Deductible	Deductible	
Ambulatory Surgical Center	100% after	50% after	
Ambulatory Surgical Center	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Anesthesia	100% after	50% after	
Allestilesia	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Pariatria Curaary	100% after	50% after	Please see Medical Benefits
Bariatric Surgery	Deductible	Deductible ¹	Section
Disthing Contor	90% after	50% after	
Birthing Center	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Blood & Plasma	90% after	50% after	
Blood & Plasifia	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Cardiae Bahahilitatian	90% after	50% after	
Cardiac Rehabilitation	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Chiropractic Care			
Office Visits, Spinal Manipulations,	90% after	90% after	Maintenance Chiropractic Care
Adjustments, and X-Rays	Deductible	Deductible	is not a covered benefit.
·	90% after	50% after	
Dialysis	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Develo Medical Fasions and	90% after	90% after	
Durable Medical Equipment	Deductible	Deductible	
Oleves and October Comment	90% after	50% after	
Glaucoma and Cataract Surgery	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Haaring Aida	100% after	100% after	Calendar Year Maximum:
Hearing Aids	Deductible	Deductible	\$1,000 per Participant
Detteries for Heaving Aids	50% after	50% after	Applies to Calendar Year
Batteries for Hearing Aids	Deductible	Deductible	Maximum
Hama Haalth Cara	90% after	50% after	
Home Health Care	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Hospice			
-	90% after	50% after	
Inpatient	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Outs attend	90% after	50% after	
Outpatient	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Family Paragrament Courselling	90% after	50% after	
Family Bereavement Counseling	Deductible	Deductible ¹	

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¹ Benefits will be reduced to 50% for hospital and related physician fees when care is received in a community where UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin are present, if (1) the care is available at UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin, or (2) any additional time required to transport the patient to UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin would not jeopardize the patient's health, or (3) an exception is not made by the Plan due to extenuating circumstances. This provision does not apply to care received outside of the UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin service area.

	In Network	Out of Network	Limits
Hospital			
Innationt Treatment	90% after	50% after	
Inpatient Treatment	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Outpotiont Trootment	90% after	50% after	
Outpatient Treatment	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Injections	90% after	50% after	
	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Newborn Care	90% after	50% after	
	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Outpatient Diagnostic X-Ray and	100% after	50% after	
Lab	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Outpotiont Emorgonov Sorvices	\$250 co-payment,	\$250 co-payment,	Co-Payment waived if
Outpatient Emergency Services	then 100%	then 100%	admitted.
Physician Services			
Drimon, Caro Office Visite	90% after	90% after	
Primary Care Office Visits	Deductible	Deductible	
Cracialist Office Visite	90% after	90% after	
Specialist Office Visits	Deductible	Deductible	
		90% after	
Labo and V Dava	100% after	Deductible	
Labs and X-Rays	Deductible	(if billed by	
		Physician's Office)	
Curaoni	90% after	50% after	
Surgery	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Pregnancy Services			
Routine Prenatal and Postnatal	90% after	50% after	
Services	Deductible	Deductible ²	
Non-Routine Prenatal Services,	90% after	50% after	
Delivery and all Inpatient Care	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Pre-natal screening as defined			
under Women's Preventative	100%, No	50% after	
Services of the Patient Protection	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
and Affordable Care Act of 2010			

² Benefits will be reduced to 50% for hospital and related physician fees when care is received in a community where UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin are present, if (1) the care is available at UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin, or (2) any additional time required to transport the patient to UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin would not jeopardize the patient's health, or (3) an exception is not made by the Plan due to extenuating circumstances. This provision does not apply to care received outside of the UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin service area.

	In Network	Out of Network	Limits
Preventative Care – Adult and Child			
Routine Physical Exam (Office Visit), Routine Physical Labs and Pap Smear	100%, No Deductible	90% after Deductible	
Mammograms – must be over age 40, unless Medically Necessary	100%, No Deductible	Plan pays up to the rate it would have paid if services were rendered at a UnityPoint facility.	Out of Network amounts in excess of Reasonable and Customary are the Participant's responsibility.
Prostate Exam – must be over age 50, unless Medically Necessary	100%, No Deductible	90% after Deductible	If the mammography services are performed at a facility other than
Routine Immunizations – Adult and Child	100%, No Deductible	90% after Deductible	UnityPoint Methodist, UnityPoint Proctor or
Routine Colonoscopy	100%, No Deductible	Plan pays up to the rate it would have paid if services are rendered at a UnityPoint Facility or Central Illinois Endoscopy Center.	UnityPoint Pekin <u>and</u> Specialists in Medical Imaging will be reduced to what the plan would have paid if performed at the above listed
Other Wellness Screening	100%, No Deductible	Physician's Office Services: 90% after Deductible All Other Services: 50% after Deductible ¹	facilities/providers.
Private Duty Nursing	90% after Deductible	50% after Deductible ¹	
Prosthetics, Supplies, and Surgical Dressings	90% after Deductible	50% after Deductible ¹	
Psychiatric Services			
Residential Treatment	90% after Deductible	50% after Deductible ¹	
Inpatient Treatment	90% after Deductible	50% after Deductible ^{Error!} Bookmark not defined.	
Partial Day Program	90% after Deductible	50% after Deductible ¹	
Office Visits	90% after Deductible	90% after Deductible	
Outpatient Physician	90% after Deductible	90% after Deductible	
Second Surgical Opinions	90% after Deductible	50% after Deductible ³	

³ Benefits will be reduced to 50% for hospital and related physician fees when care is received in a community where UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin are present, if (1) the care is available at UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin, or (2) any additional time required to transport the patient to UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin would not jeopardize the patient's health, or (3) an exception is not made by the Plan due to extenuating circumstances. This provision does not apply to care received outside of the UnityPoint Methodist/Proctor/Pekin service area.

	In Network	Out of Network	Limits
Substance Abuse			
Residential Treatment	90% after	50% after	
Residential freatment	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Innationt Treatment	90% after	50% after	
Inpatient Treatment	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Dortiel Day Bragram	90% after	50% after	
Partial Day Program	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Office Visits	90% after	90% after	
Office visits	Deductible	Deductible	
Outrationt Physician	90% after	90% after	
Outpatient Physician	Deductible	Deductible	
S	100% after	50% after	
Surgery	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Therapy			
Chamatharan.	90% after	50% after	
Chemotherapy	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Ossumational Thereny	90% after	50% after	
Occupational Therapy	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Dhysical Thereny	90% after	50% after	
Physical Therapy	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Dadiation Thorony	90% after	50% after	
Radiation Therapy	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Despiratory Thereny	90% after	50% after	
Respiratory Therapy	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Charach Tharany	90% after	50% after	
Speech Therapy	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Transplants	90% after	50% after	
Transplants	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
Urgant Cara	90% after	50% after	
Urgent Care	Deductible	Deductible ¹	
All Other Covered Services	90% after	50% after	
All Other Covered Services	Deductible	Deductible ¹	

<u>Prescription Drug Benefits – Major Medical Plan</u>

A Copayment is the flat dollar amount specified in the Summary of Benefits that a Participant is required to pay for certain covered services

Covered Prescription Drug Expenses:	Participating Pharmacy⁴	Non-Participating Pharmacy	Limits ⁵
Pharmacy Option (30 days' supply):			
Copayment per prescription or refill, for generic	\$12	Not Covered	See Prescription Drug Benefits section
Copayment per prescription or refill, for name brands where no generic is available	\$25	Not Covered	Also includes a prescriptions where the Physician has indicated "Dispense as Written" See Prescription Drug
			Benefits section
Copayment per prescription or refill, for name brands where generic is available	\$55	Not Covered	Also includes a prescriptions where the member chooses the name brand over the generic.
			See Prescription Drug Benefits section
Mail Order Option (90 days' supply):			
Copayment per prescription or refill, for generic	\$15	Not Covered	See Prescription Drug Benefits section
Copayment per prescription or refill, for name brands	\$27	Not Covered	Also includes a prescriptions where the Physician has indicated "Dispense as Written"
			See Prescription Drug Benefits section
Copayment per prescription or refill, for name brands where generic is available	\$54	Not Covered	Also includes a prescriptions where the member chooses the name brand over the generic.
a. aa			See Prescription Drug Benefits section
Specialty Drug Option:			
Copayment per prescription or refill	\$150	Not Covered	See Prescription Drug Benefits section

100% payment by Plan after Copayment.

These limits are in addition to all other Plan exclusions, limitations and provisions set forth in this Plan. Please review the Plan carefully to determine benefits available.

ELIGIBILITY FOR COVERAGE

Eligibility for Individual Coverage

Each Employee will become eligible for coverage under this Plan with respect to himself or herself on the date of hire, provided the Employee has begun work for his or her Participating Employer. If the Employee is unable to begin work as scheduled, then his or her coverage will become effective on such later date when the Employee begins work. Each Employee who was covered under the Prior Plan, if any, will be eligible on the Effective Date of this Plan.

Reinstatement of Coverage

If employment is terminated and the Employee returns to Active Employment within two months from the date of termination, the Service Waiting Period will be waived and coverage will take effect on the first day the Employee returns to Active Employment.

Eligibility for Retiree Coverage

A person is eligible for retiree coverage from the first day that he or she meets one of the following requirements:

- 1. Is a retired Employee of the Employer, prior to June 30, 2001
- Is an Active Employee who retired prior to June 30, 2001. Spouses and Dependents of a retiree are also eligible provided they meet the requirements stated in the provision entitled "Eligibility for Dependent Coverage."

Retiree coverage will be paid for by the retiree. Rates will be one-half of the prevailing COBRA rates for each class of Employees.

Eligibility Dates for Dependent Coverage

Each Employee will become eligible for coverage under this Plan for his or her Dependents on the latest of the following dates:

- 1. His or her date of eligibility for coverage for himself or herself under the Plan.
- 2. The date coverage for his or her Dependents first becomes available under any amendment to the Plan, if such coverage was not provided under the Plan on the Effective Date of the Plan.
- 3. The first date upon which he or she acquires a Dependent.
- 4. The date the Dependent Child is eligible due to a qualifying status change event, as outlined in the Section 125 plan.

In no event will any Dependent Child be covered as a Dependent of more than one Employee who is covered under the Plan.

In order for an Employee's Dependent to be covered under the Plan the Employee must be enrolled for coverage under the Plan.

"Michelle's Law" prohibits a group health plan, or a health insurance issuer that provides health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan, from terminating coverage of a Dependent Child due to a qualifying "Medically Necessary Leave of Absence" from, or other change in enrollment at, a postsecondary educational Institution prior to the earlier of:

- 1. The date that is one year after the first day of the Medically Necessary Leave of Absence.
- 2. The date on which such coverage would otherwise terminate under the terms of the Plan.

In order to be a Medically Necessary Leave of Absence the student's leave must meet all of the following requirements:

- 1. Commence while the Dependent Child is suffering from a serious Illness or Injury.
- 2. Be Medically Necessary.
- 3. Cause the Dependent Child to lose student status for purposes of coverage under the terms of the parents' plan or coverage.

A Child is a "Dependent Child" under the law if he or she meets all of the following requirements:

- 1. Is a Dependent Child of a Participant under the terms of the Plan or coverage.
- 2. Was enrolled in the Plan or coverage, on the basis of being a student at a postsecondary educational Institution, immediately before the first day of the Medically Necessary Leave of Absence.

A treating Physician of the Dependent Child must certify that the Dependent Child is suffering from a serious Illness or Injury and that the Leave of Absence (or other change of enrollment) described is Medically Necessary.

Effective Dates of Coverage; Conditions

The coverage for which an individual is eligible under this Plan will become effective on the date specified below, subject to the conditions of this section.

- Enrollment Application (paper or electronic as applicable). Employee(s) may seek to obtain coverage for themselves and/or Dependents via a form (either paper or electronic as applicable) furnished by the Plan Administrator, in a manner that is satisfactory to the Plan Administrator, and within 7 days following the applicable date of eligibility. If coverage is available and appropriate, coverage will become effective after review of the form, and upon the subsequent date such Employee or Dependents are eligible.
- 2. <u>Coverage as Both Employee and Dependent</u>. An eligible Participant may enroll in this Plan either as an Employee or as a Dependent, but not both.
- 3. <u>Birth of Dependent Child.</u> A newborn Child of a covered Employee will be considered eligible and will be covered from the moment of birth for Injury or Illness, including the Medically Necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects, birth abnormalities and prematurity, newborn care and Preventive Care if written notification to add the Child is received by the Plan Administrator within 30 days following the Child's date of birth. If written notification to add a newborn Child is received by the Plan Administrator AFTER the 30 day period immediately following the Child's date of birth, the Child is considered a late enrollee and not eligible for the Plan until the next Open Enrollment Period. A newborn Child of a Dependent Child is not eligible for this Plan unless the newborn Child meets the definition of an eligible Dependent.
- 4. Newly Acquired Dependents. If while an Employee is enrolled for coverage, that Employee acquires a Dependent, coverage for the newly acquired Dependent shall be effective on the date the Dependent becomes eligible only if the existing coverage extends to Dependents. If coverage for Dependents has not already been secured by the Employee, a written application must be made to the Plan within 30 days of the date of the newly acquired Dependent's eligibility, and any required contributions are also to be made if enrollment is otherwise approved by the Plan Administrator.
- 5. Requirement for Employee Coverage. Coverage for Dependents shall only be available to Dependents of Employees eligible for coverage for him or herself.
- 6. <u>Dependents of Multiple Employees</u>. If a Dependent may be deemed to be a Dependent of more than one Covered Employee, such Dependent shall be deemed to be a Dependent of one such Employee only.
- 7. <u>Medicaid Coverage</u>. An individual's eligibility for any State Medicaid benefits will not be taken into account by the Plan in determining that individual's eligibility under the Plan.
- 8. <u>FMLA Leave.</u> Regardless of any requirements set forth in the Plan, the Plan shall at all times comply with FMLA.

NOTE: It is the responsibility of the enrolled Employee to notify his or her Employer of any changes in the Dependent's status.

Special and Open Enrollment

Federal law requires and the Plan provides so-called "Special Enrollment Periods," during which Employees may enroll in the Plan, even if they declined to enroll during an initial or subsequent eligibility period. The Special Enrollment rules are described in more detail within the Eligibility for Coverage section.

Loss of Other Coverage

This Plan will permit an eligible Employee or Dependent (including his or her spouse) or civil union partner who is eligible, but not enrolled, to enroll for coverage under the terms of the Plan if each of the following conditions is met:

- 1. The eligible Employee or Dependent was covered under another group health plan or had other health insurance coverage at the time coverage under this Plan was offered.
- 2. The eligible Employee stated in writing at the time this Plan was offered, that the reason for declining enrollment was due to the eligible Employee having coverage under another group health plan or due to the Employee having other health insurance coverage.
- 3. The eligible Employee or Dependent lost other coverage pursuant to one of the following events:
 - a. The eligible Employee or Dependent was under COBRA and the COBRA coverage was exhausted.
 - b. The eligible Employee or Dependent was not under COBRA and the other coverage was terminated as a result of loss of eligibility (including as a result of Legal Separation, divorce, loss of Dependent status, death, termination of employment, or reduction in the number of hours worked).
 - c. The eligible Employee or Dependent moved out of an HMO service area with no other option available.
 - d. The Plan is no longer offering benefits to a class of similarly situated individuals.
 - e. The benefit package option is no longer being offered and no substitute is available.
 - f. The Employer contributions were terminated.

If an Employee is currently enrolled in a benefit package, the Employee may elect to enroll in another benefit package under the Plan if the following requirements are met:

- 1. Multiple benefit packages are available.
- 2. A Dependent of the enrolled Employee has a special enrollment right in the Plan because the Dependent has lost eligibility for other coverage.

Special enrollment rights will not be available to an Employee or Dependent if the following requirements is met:

1. The Employee or Dependent lost the other coverage as a result of the individual's failure to pay premiums or required contributions or for cause (such as making a fraudulent claim or an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in connection with the Other Plan).

For an eligible Employee or Dependent(s) who has met the conditions specified above, this Plan will be effective at 12:01 A.M. on the first day following enrollment and the request is made within 30 days from loss of coverage. For example, if the Employee loses his or her other health coverage on April 22, he or she must notify the Plan Administrator and apply for coverage by close of business on May 22.

New Dependent

An Employee or Dependent who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, may be eligible to enroll during a special enrollment period if an Employee acquires a new Dependent as a result of marriage, civil union partnership, legal guardianship, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption. To be eligible for this special enrollment, the Employee must apply in writing or electronically, as applicable, no later than 30 days after he or she acquires the new Dependent. For example, if the Employee or Employee's spouse gives birth to

a baby on June 22, he or she must notify the Plan Administrator and apply for coverage by close of business on July 22. The following conditions apply to any eligible Employee and Dependents:

An Employee or Dependent who is eligible, but not enrolled in this Plan, may enroll during a special enrollment period if one of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The eligible Employee is a covered Employee under the terms of this Plan but elected not to enroll during a previous enrollment period.
- 2. An individual has become a Dependent of the eligible Employee through marriage, civil union partnership, legal guardianship, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

If the conditions for special enrollment are satisfied, the coverage of the Dependent and/or Employee enrolled during the Special Enrollment Period will be effective at 12:01 A.M. for the following events:

- 1. In the case of marriage, on the date of the marriage.
- 2. For a civil union partnership, on the date of the civil union partnership agreement.
- 3. For a legal guardianship, on the date on which such Child is placed in the covered Employee's home pursuant to a court order appointing the covered Employee as legal guardian for the Child.
- 4. In the case of a Dependent's birth, as of the date of birth.
- 5. In the case of a Dependent's adoption or placement for adoption, the date of the adoption or placement for adoption.

Additional Special Enrollment Rights

Employees and Dependents who are eligible but not enrolled are entitled to enroll under one of the following circumstances:

- 1. The Employee's or Dependent's Medicaid or State Child Health Insurance Plan (i.e. CHIP) coverage has terminated as a result of loss of eligibility and the Employee requests coverage under the Plan within 60 days after the termination.
- 2. The Employee or Dependent become eligible for a contribution / premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or a State Child Health Insurance Plan (i.e. CHIP), and the Employee requests coverage under the Plan within 60 days after eligibility is determined.

If the conditions for special enrollment are satisfied, coverage for the Employee and/or his or her Dependent(s) will be effective at 12:01 A.M. on the first day following the enrollment.

Open Enrollment

Prior to the start of a Plan Year, this Plan has an Open Enrollment Period. Eligible Participants who are not covered under this Plan may enroll for coverage during Open Enrollment Periods. Employees who are enrolled will be given an opportunity to change their coverage effective the first day of the upcoming Plan Year. A Participant who fails to make an election during the Open Enrollment Period will automatically retain his or her present coverages. Coverage for Participants enrolling during an Open Enrollment Period will become effective on January 1, as long as all other eligibility requirements have been met. If the other eligibility requirements have not been met, coverage for Participants enrolling during an Open Enrollment Period will become effective as stated in the provision, "Eligibility for Individual Coverage".

The terms of the Open Enrollment Period, including duration of the election period, shall be determined by the Plan Administrator and communicated prior to the start of an Open Enrollment Period.

"Open Enrollment Period" shall mean the time frame specified by the Plan Administrator.

Relation to Section 125 Cafeteria Plan

This Plan may also allow additional changes to enrollment due to change in status events under the employer's Section 125 Cafeteria Plan. Refer to the employer's Section 125 Cafeteria Plan for more information.

Qualified Medical Child Support Orders

This Plan will provide for immediate enrollment and benefits to the Child or Children of a Participant who are the subject of a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO), regardless of whether the Child or Children reside with the Participant, provided the Child or Children are not already enrolled as an eligible Dependent as described in this Plan. If a QMCSO is issued, then the Child or Children shall become Alternate Recipient(s) of the benefits under this Plan, subject to the same limitations, restrictions, provisions and procedures as any other Participant. The Plan Administrator will determine if the order properly meets the standards described herein. A properly completed National Medical Support Notice (NMSN) will be treated as a QMCSO and will have the same force and effect.

To be considered a Qualified Medical Child Support Order, the Medical Child Support Order must contain the following information:

- 1. The name and last known mailing address (if any) of the Participant and the name and mailing address of each such Alternate Recipient covered by the order.
- 2. A reasonable description of the type of coverage to be provided by this Plan to each Alternate Recipient, or the manner in which such type of coverage is to be determined.
- 3. The period of coverage to which the order applies.
- 4. The name of this Plan.

A National Medical Support Notice shall be deemed a QMCSO if all of the following requirements are met:

- 1. It contains the information set forth in the Definitions section in the definition of "National Medical Support Notice."
- 2. It identifies either the specific type of coverage or all available group health coverage. If the Employer receives a NMSN that does not designate either specific type(s) of coverage or all available coverage, the Employer and the Plan Administrator will assume that all are designated.
- 3. It informs the Plan Administrator that, if a group health plan has multiple options and the Participant is not enrolled, the issuing agency will make a selection after the NMSN is qualified, and, if the agency does not respond within 20 days, the Child will be enrolled under the Plan's default option (if any).
- 4. It specifies that the period of coverage may end for the Alternate Recipient(s) only when similarly situated dependents are no longer eligible for coverage under the terms of the Plan, or upon the occurrence of certain specified events.

A NMSN need not be recognized as a QMCSO if it requires the Plan to provide any type or form of benefit, or any option, not otherwise provided to the Participants and eligible Participants without regard to the provisions herein, except to the extent necessary to meet the requirements of a State law relating to Medical Child Support Orders, as described in Social Security Act §1908 (as added by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822).

In the instance of any Medical Child Support Order received by this Plan, the Plan Administrator shall, as soon as administratively possible, perform the following:

- 1. In writing, notify the Participant and each Alternate Recipient covered by such Order (at the address included in the Order) of the receipt of such Order and the Plan's procedures for determining whether the Order qualifies as a QMCSO.
- 2. Make an administrative determination if the order is a QMCSO and notify the Participant and each affected Alternate Recipient of such determination.

In the instance of any National Medical Support Notice received by this Plan, the Plan Administrator shall perform the following:

- 1. Notify the State agency issuing the notice with respect to the Child whether coverage of the Child is available under the terms of the Plan and, if so:
 - a. Whether the Child is covered under the Plan.

- b. Either the effective date of the coverage or, if necessary, any steps to be taken by the custodial parent or by the official of a State or political subdivision to effectuate the coverage.
- 2. Provide to the custodial parent (or any State official serving in a substitute capacity) a description of the coverage available and any forms or documents necessary to effectuate such coverage.

As required by Federal law, the Plan Administrator shall perform the following:

- 1. Establish reasonable procedures to determine whether Medical Child Support Order or National Medical Support Notice are Qualified Medical Child Support Orders.
- 2. Administer the provision of benefits under such qualified orders. Such procedures shall:
 - a. Be in writing.
 - b. Provide for the notification of each person specified in a Medical Child Support Order as eligible to receive benefits under the plan (at the address included in the Medical Child Support Order) of such procedures promptly upon receipt by the plan of the Medical Child Support Order.
 - c. Permit an Alternate Recipient to designate a representative for receipt of copies of notices that are sent to the Alternate Recipient with respect to a Medical Child Support Order.

A Participant of this Plan may obtain, without charge, a copy of the procedures governing QMCSO determinations from the Plan Administrator.

Acquired Companies

Eligible Employees of an acquired company who are Actively at Work and were covered under the Prior Plan of the acquired company will be eligible for the benefits under this Plan on the date of acquisition. Any waiting period previously satisfied under the prior health plan will be applied toward satisfaction of the Service Waiting Period of this Plan. In the event that an acquired company did not have a health plan, all eligible Employees will be eligible on the date of the acquisition.

Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act ("GINA")

"GINA" prohibits group health plans, issuers of individual health care policies, and employers from discriminating on the basis of genetic information.

The term "genetic information" means, with respect to any individual, information about any of the following:

- 1. Such individual's genetic tests.
- 2. The genetic tests of family members of such individual.
- 3. The manifestation of a Disease or disorder in family members of such individual.

The term "genetic information" includes participating in clinical research involving genetic services. Genetic tests would include analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins, or metabolites that detect genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes. Genetic information is a form of Protected Health Information (PHI) as defined by and in accordance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), and is subject to applicable Privacy and Security Standards.

Family members as it relates to GINA include dependents, plus all relatives to the fourth degree, without regard to whether they are related by blood, marriage, or adoption. Underwriting as it relates to GINA includes any rules for determining eligibility, computing premiums or contributions, and applying pre-existing condition limitations. Offering reduced premiums or other rewards for providing genetic information would be impermissible underwriting.

GINA will not prohibit a health care Provider who is treating an individual from requesting that the patient undergo genetic testing. The rules permit the Plan to obtain genetic test results and use them to make claims payment determinations when it is necessary to do so to determine whether the treatment provided to the patient was medically advisable and/or necessary.

The Plan may request, but not require, genetic testing in certain very limited circumstances involving research, so long as the results are not used for underwriting, and then only with written notice to the individual that participation is voluntary and will not affect eligibility for benefits, premiums or contributions. In addition, the Plan will notify and describe its activity to the Health and Human Services secretary of its activities falling within this exception.

While the Plan may collect genetic information after initial enrollment, it may not do so in connection with any annual renewal process where the collection of information affects subsequent enrollment. The Plan will not adjust premiums or increase group contributions based upon genetic information, request or require genetic testing or collect genetic information either prior to or in connection with enrollment or for underwriting purposes.

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE

Termination Dates of Individual Coverage

The coverage of any Employee for himself or herself under this Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

- 1. The date upon which the Plan is terminated.
- 2. The day of the month in, or with respect to which, he or she requests that such coverage be terminated, on the condition that such request is made on or before such date, unless prohibited by law (i.e., when election changes cannot be made due to Internal Revenue Code Section 125 "change in status" guidelines). **NOTE:** The Employer offers these benefits in conjunction with a cafeteria plan under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code and a voluntary termination must comply with the requirements of the Code and the cafeteria plan.
- 3. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the Employee has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for himself or herself to which he or she has agreed in writing.
- 4. The date of the month in which the Employee is no longer eligible for such coverage under the Plan.
- 5. The date and time of the month in which the termination of employment occurs.
- 6. Immediately upon submission of a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan (including enrollment information), by and/or on behalf of an Employee or his or her Dependent, or upon the Employee or his or her Dependent gaining knowledge of the submission, as determined by the Plan Administrator in its discretion, consistent with applicable laws and/or rules regarding such rescission.

<u>Termination Dates of Retiree Coverage</u>

The coverage of any retiree who is covered under the Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

- 1. The date of termination of the Plan.
- 2. The date of death of the covered retiree.
- 3. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the retiree has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for himself or herself to which he or she has agreed in writing.
- 4. The date the covered retiree becomes eligible for Medicare coverage or becomes eligible for coverage under another Employer's health plan.

Termination Dates of Dependent Coverage

The coverage for any Dependents of any Employee who are covered under the Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

- 1. The date upon which the Plan is terminated.
- 2. Upon the discontinuance of coverage for Dependents under the Plan.
- 3. The date of termination of the Employee's coverage for himself or herself under the Plan.
- 4. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the Employee has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for Dependents to which he or she has agreed in writing.
- 5. In the case of a Child age 26 or older for whom coverage is being continued due to mental or physical inability to earn his or her own living, the earliest to occur of:
 - a. Cessation of such disability or inability.
 - b. Failure to provide any required proof of continuous disability or inability or to submit to any required examination.
 - c. Upon the Child's no longer being dependent on the Employee for his or her support.

- 6. The day immediately preceding the date such person is no longer a Dependent, as defined herein, except as may be provided for in other areas of this section.
- 7. For a Dependent Child whose coverage is required pursuant to a QMCSO, the last day of the calendar month as of which coverage is no longer required under the terms of the order or this Plan.
- 8. Immediately upon submission of a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan (including enrollment information), by and/or on behalf of an Employee or his or her Dependent, or upon the Employee or his or her Dependent gaining knowledge of the submission, as determined by the Plan Administrator in its discretion, consistent with applicable laws and/or rules regarding such rescission.

NOTE: The Employer offers these benefits in conjunction with a cafeteria plan under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code and a voluntary termination must comply with the requirements of the Code and the cafeteria plan.

MEDICAL BENEFITS

Medical Benefits

These medical benefits will be payable as shown in the Summary of Benefits or as otherwise outlined in this Plan. Subject to the Plan's provisions, limitations and Exclusions, the following are covered major medical benefits:

Allergy Services. Charges related to the treatment of allergies.

Ambulance. Transportation by professional ambulance, including approved available air and train transportation (excluding chartered air flights), to a local Hospital or transfer to the nearest facility having the capability to treat the condition, if the transportation is connected with an Inpatient confinement.

Ambulatory Surgical Center. Services of an Ambulatory Surgical Center for Medically Necessary care provided.

Anesthesia. Anesthesia, anesthesia supplies, and administration of anesthesia by facility staff.

Bariatric Surgery. Charges for bariatric surgery for the treatment of Morbid Obesity. Bariatric surgery will be a covered expense after completion of medically supervised weight loss program through Mid Illini Surgical Associates. Coverage for medically supervised weight loss excludes the cost of food.

Birthing Center. Services of a birthing center for Medically Necessary care provided within the scope of its license.

Blood/Blood Derivatives. Charges for blood and blood plasma (if not replaced by or for the patient), including blood processing and administration services. The Plan shall also cover processing, storage, and administrative services for autologous blood (a patient's own blood) when a Participant is scheduled for Surgery that can be reasonably expected to require blood.

Cataracts. Cataract surgery and one set of lenses (contacts or frame-type) following the surgery.

Chemotherapy. Charges for chemotherapy, including materials and services of technicians.

Chiropractic Care. Spinal adjustment and manipulation x-rays for manipulation and adjustment and other modalities performed by a Physician or other licensed practitioner, as limited in the Summary of Benefits, as applicable.

Cochlear Implants. Charges for cochlear implants for Participants who are certified as deaf or hearing impaired by a Provider.

Contraceptives. The charges for all Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved contraceptives methods, except oral contraceptives, in accordance with Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) guidelines. *NOTE:* Oral contraceptives are covered under the Prescription Drug Benefits section.

Dental Services—Accident Only. Charges made for a continuous course of dental treatment started within 12 months from the date of the Injury to sound natural teeth. Sound natural teeth are defined as natural teeth that are free of active clinical decay, have at least 50% bony support and are functional in the arch.

Diabetic Education. Services and supplies used in Outpatient diabetes self-management programs are covered under this Plan when they are provided by a Physician.

Diagnostic Tests; Examinations. Charges for x-rays, microscopic tests, laboratory tests, esophagoscopy, gastroscopy, proctosigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy and other diagnostic tests and procedures.

Dialysis. Charges for dialysis.

Durable Medical Equipment. Charges for rental, up to the purchase price, of Durable Medical Equipment, including glucose home monitors for insulin dependent diabetics. At its option, and with its advance written approval, the Plan may cover the purchase of such items when it is less costly and more practical than rental. The Plan does not pay for any of the following:

- 1. Any purchases without its advance written approval.
- 2. Replacements or repairs that are not Medically Necessary.
- 3. The rental or purchase of items which do not fully meet the definition of "Durable Medical Equipment."

Glaucoma. Treatment of glaucoma.

Habilitative Services. These services include:

- 1. **Occupational Therapy.** Treatment or services rendered by a registered occupational therapist, under the direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or at a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free standing outpatient facility.
- 2. **Physical Therapy.** Treatment or services rendered by a physical therapist, under direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free standing duly licensed outpatient therapy facility.
- 3. Speech-Language Pathology. Treatment for speech delays and disorders.

See the Summary of Benefits for treatment and/or frequency limitations, as applicable.

Hearing Aids. Charges for hearing aids, which includes examinations for the prescription, fitting, and/or repair of hearing aids.

Home Health Care. Charges for Home Health Care services and supplies are covered only for care and treatment of an Illness or Injury when Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility confinement would otherwise be required. The Diagnosis, care, and treatment must be certified by the attending Physician and be contained in a home health care plan. Charges by a Home Health Care Agency for any of the following:

- Registered Nurses or Licensed Practical Nurses.
- 2. Certified home health aides under the direct supervision of a Registered Nurse.
- 3. Registered therapist performing physical, occupational or speech therapy.
- 4. Physician calls in the office, home, clinic or outpatient department.
- 5. Services, Drugs and medical supplies which are Medically Necessary for the treatment of the Participant that would have been provided in the Hospital, but not including Custodial Care.
- 6. Rental of Durable Medical Equipment or the purchase of this equipment if economically justified, whichever is less.

NOTE: Transportation services are not covered under this benefit.

Hospice Care. Charges relating to Hospice Care, provided the Participant has a life expectancy of six months or less, subject to the maximums, if any, stated in the Summary of Benefits. Covered Hospice expenses are limited to:

- 1. Room and Board for confinement in a Hospice.
- 2. Ancillary charges furnished by the Hospice while the patient is confined therein, including rental of Durable Medical Equipment which is used solely for treating an Injury or Sickness.
- 3. Medical supplies, Drugs and medicines prescribed by the attending Physician, but only to the extent such items are necessary for pain control and management of the terminal condition.
- 4. Physician services and nursing care by a Registered Nurse, Licensed Practical Nurse or a Licensed Vocational Nurse (L.V.N.).
- 5. Home health aide services.
- 6. Home care furnished by a Hospital or Home Health Care Agency, under the direction of a Hospice, including Custodial Care if it is provided during a regular visit by a Registered Nurse, a Licensed Practical Nurse or a home health aide.
- 7. Medical social services by licensed or trained social workers, Psychologists or counselors.
- 8. Nutrition services provided by a licensed dietitian.
- 9. Respite care.
- 10. Bereavement counseling, which is a supportive service provided by the Hospice team to Participants in the deceased's Family Unit after the death of the terminally ill person, to assist the Participants in adjusting to the death. Benefits will be payable up to 6 visits per Participant if the following requirements are met:
 - a. On the date immediately before his or her death, the terminally ill person was in a Hospice Care Program and a Participant under the Plan.
 - b. Charges for such services are Incurred by the Participants within six months of the terminally ill person's death.

The Hospice Care program must be renewed in writing by the attending Physician every 30 days. Hospice Care ceases if the terminal Illness enters remission.

Hospital. Charges made by a Hospital for:

- 1. Inpatient Treatment
 - a. Daily semi private Room and Board charges.
 - b. Intensive Care Unit (ICU) and Cardiac Care Unit (CCU) Room and Board charges.
 - c. General nursing services.
 - d. Medically Necessary services and supplies furnished by the Hospital, other than Room and Board.
- 2. Outpatient Treatment
 - a. Emergency room.
 - b. Treatment for chronic conditions.
 - c. Physical therapy treatments.
 - d. Hemodialysis.
 - e. X ray, laboratory and linear therapy.

Mastectomy. The Federal Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act, signed into law on October 21, 1998, contains coverage requirements for breast cancer patients who elect reconstruction in connection with a Mastectomy. The Federal law requires group health plans that provide Mastectomy coverage to also cover breast reconstruction Surgery and prostheses following Mastectomy.

As required by law, the Participant is being provided this notice to inform him or her about these provisions. The law mandates that individuals receiving benefits for a Medically Necessary Mastectomy will also receive coverage for:

- 1. Reconstruction of the breast on which the Mastectomy has been performed.
- 2. Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
- 3. Prostheses and physical complications from all stages of Mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

The reconstruction of the breast will be done in a manner determined in consultation with the attending Physician and the patient.

This coverage will be subject to the same annual Deductible and Coinsurance provisions that currently apply to Mastectomy coverage, and will be provided in consultation with the Participant and his or her attending Physician.

Medical Foods. Medical foods are considered a covered charge if intravenous therapy (IV) or tube feedings are Medically Necessary. Medical foods taken orally are not covered under the Plan, except for PKU formula when Medically Necessary.

Medical Supplies. Dressings, casts, splints, trusses, braces and other Medically Necessary medical supplies, with the exception of dental braces or corrective shoes, but including syringes for diabetic and allergy Diagnosis, and lancets and chemstrips for diabetics.

Medically Supervised Weight Loss. Charges related to medically supervised weight loss provided by Mid Illini Surgical Associates. Coverage for medically supervised weight loss excludes the cost of food.

Mental Health and Substance Abuse Benefits. Benefits are available for Inpatient or outpatient care for mental health and Substance Abuse conditions, including individual and group psychotherapy, psychiatric tests, and expenses related to the Diagnosis when rendered by any of the following:

- 1. Doctor of Medicine (MD).
- 2. Licensed Clinical Psychologist (PhD).
- 3. Licensed Clinical Psychiatric Social Worker (LCSW).
- 4. Licensed Professional Counselor (LPC).
- 5. Registered Nurse Clinical Specialist (RNCS).

Benefits are available for Residential Treatment Facility, Partial Hospitalization, and Intensive Outpatient Services.

Newborn Care. Hospital and Physician nursery care for newborns who are Children of the Employee or spouse and properly enrolled in the Plan, as set forth below. Benefits will be provided under the Child's coverage, and the Child's own Deductible and Coinsurance provisions will apply:

- 1. Hospital routine care for a newborn during the Child's initial Hospital confinement at birth.
- 2. The following Physician services for well-baby care during the newborn's initial Hospital confinement at birth:
 - a. The initial newborn examination and a second examination performed prior to discharge from the Hospital.
 - b. Circumcision.

NOTE: The Plan will cover Hospital and Physician nursery care for an ill newborn as any other medical condition, provided the newborn is properly enrolled in the Plan. These benefits are provided under the baby's coverage.

Nursing Services. Services of a Registered Nurse or Licensed Practical Nurse.

Pathology Services. Charges for pathology services.

Physician Services. Services of a Physician for Medically Necessary care, including office visits, home visits, Hospital Inpatient care, Hospital Outpatient visits and exams, clinic care and surgical opinion consultations.

Pregnancy Expenses. Expenses attributable to a Pregnancy. Pregnancy expenses of Dependent Children are not covered. Benefits for Pregnancy expenses are paid the same as any other Sickness. **NOTE:** Preventive care charges for Pregnancy are covered under the Preventive Care benefit in the Medical Benefits section.

Under the Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act of 1996, group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not restrict benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn Child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending Provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a Provider obtain authorization from the Plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours). In no event will an "attending Provider" include a plan, Hospital, managed care organization, or other issuer.

In accordance with the Summary of Benefits and this section, benefits for the care and treatment of Pregnancy that are covered will be subject to all applicable Plan limitations and maximums (if any), and are payable in the same manner as medical or surgical care of an Illness.

Preventive Care. Charges for Preventive Care services. This Plan intends to comply with the Affordable Care Act's (ACA) requirement to offer In-Network coverage for certain preventive services without cost-sharing.

Benefits mandated through the ACA legislation include Preventive Care such as immunizations, screenings, and other services that are listed as recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF), the Health Resources Services Administration (HRSA), and the Federal Centers for Disease Control (CDC).

Below is a list of benefits mandated through the ACA legislation. This list can change as ACA legislation changes. Please see the websites below for further details.

All Adults

- Abdominal aortic aneurysm one-time screening for men of specified ages who have ever smoked.
- 2. Alcohol misuse screening and counseling.
- 3. Aspirin use to prevent cardiovascular disease and colorectal cancer for adults 50 to 59 years with a high cardiovascular risk.
- 4. Blood pressure screening.
- 5. Cholesterol screening for adults of certain ages or at high risk.
- 6. Colorectal cancer screening for adults 50 to 75.
- 7. Depression screening.
- 8. Diabetes (Type 2) screening for adults 40 to 70 years who are overweight or obese.
- 9. Diet counseling for adults at higher risk chronic disease.
- 10. Falls prevention (with exercise or physical therapy and vitamin D use) for adults 65 years and over, living in a community setting.
- 11. Hepatitis B screening for people at high risk, including people from countries with 2% or more Hepatitis B prevalence and U.S.-born people not vaccinated as infants with at least one parent born in a region with 8% or more Hepatitis B prevalence.
- 12. Hepatitis C screening for adults at increased risk, and one time for everyone born 1945-1965.
- 13. HIV screening for everyone ages 15 to 65, and other ages at increased risk.
- 14. Immunizations for adults doses, recommended ages, and populations vary:

- Diphtheria
- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Herpes Zoster
- Human Papillomavirus (HPV)
- Influenza (flu shot)
- Measles
- Meningococcal
- Mumps
- Pertussis
- Pneumococcal
- Rubella
- Tetanus
- Varicella (Chicken Pox)
- 15. Lung cancer screening for adults 55-80 at high risk for lung cancer because they're heavy smokers or have quit in the past 15 years.
- 16. Obesity screening and counseling.
- 17. Sexually transmitted infection (STI) prevention counseling for adults at higher risk.
- 18. Statin preventive medication for adults 40 to 75 at high risk.
- 19. Syphilis screening for adults at higher risk.
- 20. Tobacco use screening for all adults and cessation interventions for tobacco users.
- 21. Tuberculosis screening for certain adults without symptoms at high risk.

Women

- 1. Anemia screening on routine basis.
- 2. Breast cancer genetic test counseling (BRCA) for women at higher risk.
- 3. Breast cancer mammography screenings every 1 to 2 years for women over 40.
- 4. Breast cancer chemoprevention counseling for women at higher risk.
- 5. Breastfeeding comprehensive support and counseling from trained providers, and access to breastfeeding supplies, for pregnant and nursing women.
- 6. Cervical Cancer screening
 - Pap test (also called pap smear) every 3 years for women 21 to 65
 - Human papillomavirus (HPV) DNA test with the combination of a pap smear every 5 years for women 30 to 65 who don't want a pap smear every 3 years.
- 7. Chlamydia infection screening for younger women and other women at higher risk.
- 8. Contraception: Food and Drug Administration approved contraceptive methods, sterilization procedures, and patient education and counseling, as prescribed by a health care Provider for women with reproductive capacity (not including abortifacient drugs).
- 9. Folic acid supplements for women who may become pregnant.
- 10. Diabetes screening for women with a history of gestational diabetes who aren't currently pregnant and who haven't been diagnosed with type 2 diabetes before.
- 11. Domestic and interpersonal violence screening and counseling for all women.
- 12. Gestational diabetes screening for women 24 to 28 weeks pregnant and those at high risk of developing gestational diabetes.
- 13. Gonorrhea screening for all women at higher risk.
- 14. Hepatitis B screening for pregnant women at their first prenatal appointment.
- 15. HIV screening for sexually active women.
- 16. Osteoporosis screening for women over age 60 depending on risk factors.
- 17. Preeclampsia prevention and screening for pregnant women with high blood pressure.
- 18. Rh incompatibility screening for all pregnant women and follow-up testing for all women (including those not pregnant) at higher risk.
- 19. Sexually transmitted infections counseling for sexually active women.
- 20. Syphilis screening for women at increased risk.
- 21. Tobacco use and screening and interventions.

- 22. Expanded tobacco intervention and counseling for pregnant tobacco users.
- 23. Urinary incontinence screening for women yearly.
- 24. Urinary tract or other infection screening.
- 25. Well-woman visits to get recommended services for women under 65.

Children

- 1. Alcohol, tobacco, and drug use assessments for adolescents.
- 2. Autism screening for children 18 and 24 months.
- 3. Behavioral assessments for children ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14 years, 15 to 17 years.
- 4. Bilirubin concentration screening for newborns.
- 5. Blood pressure screening for children ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14, 15 to 17 years.
- 6. Blood screening for newborns.
- 7. Cervical dysplasia screening for sexually active females.
- 8. Depression screening for adolescents beginning routinely at age 12.
- 9. Developmental screening for children under age 3.
- 10. Dyslipidemia screening for all children once between 9 and 11 years and once between 17 and 21 years, and for children at higher risk of lipid disorders ages: 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14, 15 to 17 years.
- 11. Fluoride chemoprevention supplements for children without fluoride in their water source.
- 12. Fluoride varnish for all infants and children as soon as teeth are present.
- 13. Gonorrhea preventive medication for the eyes of all newborns.
- 14. Hearing screening for all newborns; and for children once between 11 and 14 years, once between 15 and 17 years, and once between 18 and 21 years.
- 15. Height, weight, and body mass index (BMI) measurements for children ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14, 15 to 17 years.
- 16. Hematocrit or hemoglobin screening for all children.
- 17. Hemoglobinopathies or sickle cell screening for newborns.
- 18. Hepatitis B screening for adolescents at high risk, including adolescents from countries with a 2% or more Hepatitis B prevalence, and U.S.-born adolescents not vaccinated as infants and with at least one parent born in a region with 8% or more Hepatitis B prevalence: 11-17 years.
- 19. HIV screening for adolescents at higher risk.
- 20. Hypothyroid screening for newborns.
- 21. Immunization vaccines for children from birth to 18 doses, recommended ages, and recommended populations vary:
 - Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough)
 - · Haemophilus influenza type b
 - Hepatitis A
 - Hepatitis B
 - Human Papillomavirus (HPV)
 - Inactivated poliovirus
 - Influenza (flu shot)
 - Measles
 - Meningococcal
 - Pneumococcal
 - Rotavirus
 - Varicella (chicken pox)
- 22. Iron supplements for children ages 6 to 12 months at risk for anemia.
- 23. Lead screening for children at risk of exposure.
- 24. Maternal depression screening for mother of infants at 1, 2, 4, and 6 month visits.
- 25. Medical history for all children throughout development ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14, 15 to 17 years.

- 26. Obesity screening and counseling.
- 27. Oral health risk assessment for young children ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years.
- 28. Phenylketonuria (PKU) screening for newborns.
- 29. Sexually transmitted infection (STI) prevention counseling and screening for adolescents at higher risk.
- 30. Tuberculin testing for children at higher risk of tuberculosis ages: 0 to 11 months, 1 to 4 years, 5 to 10 years, 11 to 14, 15 to 17 years.
- 31. Vision screening for all children.

See the following websites for more details:

https://www/healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/

https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/uspstf-a-and-b-recommendations/

https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/index.html

https://www.aap.org/en-us/Documents/periodicity_schedule.pdf

https://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/

NOTE: The Preventive Care services identified through the above links are recommended services. It is up to the Provider and/or Physician of care to determine which services to provide; the Plan Administrator has the authority to determine which services will be covered. Preventive Care services will be covered at 100% for Non-Network Providers if there is no Network Provider who can provide a required preventive service. Benefits include gender-specific Preventive Care services, regardless of the sex the Participant was assigned at birth, his or her gender identity, or his or her recorded gender.

Preventive and Wellness Services for Adults and Children - In compliance with section (2713) of the Affordable Care Act, benefits are available for evidence-based items or services that have in effect a rating of "A" or "B" in the current recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF).

Immunizations that have in effect a recommendation from the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) with respect to the individual involved. With respect to infants, Children, and adolescents, evidence-informed Preventive Care and screenings as provided for in the comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

Women's Preventive Services - With respect to women, such additional Preventive Care and screenings as provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) not otherwise addressed by the recommendations of the United States Preventive Service Task Force (USPSTF), which will be commonly known as HRSA's Women's Preventive Services Required Health Plan Coverage Guidelines. The HRSA has added the following eight categories of women's services to the list of mandatory preventive services:

- 1. Well-woman visits.
- 2. Gestational diabetes screening.
- 3. Human papillomavirus (HPV) Deoxyribonucleic Acid (DNA) testing.
- 4. Sexually transmitted infection counseling.
- 5. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) screening and counseling.
- Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved contraception methods and contraceptive counseling.
- 7. Breastfeeding support, supplies and counseling.
- 8. Domestic violence screening and counseling.

A description of Women's Preventive Services can be found at: https://www.hrsa.gov/womensquidelines/ or at the websites listed above.

Private Duty Nursing. Private duty nursing (outpatient only).

Prosthetics, Orthotics, Supplies and Surgical Dressings. Prosthetic devices (other than dental) to replace all or part of an absent body organ or part, including replacement due to natural growth or pathological change, but not including charges for repair or maintenance. Orthotic devices, but excluding orthopedic shoes and other supportive devices for the feet.

Radiation Therapy. Charges for radiation therapy and treatment.

Routine Patient Costs for Participation in an Approved Clinical Trial. Charges for any Medically Necessary services, for which benefits are provided by the Plan, when a Participant is participating in a phase I, II, III or IV clinical trial, conducted in relation to the prevention, detection or treatment of a lifethreatening Disease or condition, as defined under the ACA, provided:

- 1. The clinical trial is approved by any of the following:
 - a. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
 - b. The National Institute of Health.
 - c. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
 - d. The U.S. Department of Defense.
 - e. The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs.
 - f. An institutional review board of an institution that has an agreement with the Office for Human Research Protections of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
- 2. The research Institution conducting the Approved Clinical Trial and each health professional providing routine patient care through the Institution, agree to accept reimbursement at the applicable Allowable Expense, as payment in full for routine patient care provided in connection with the Approved Clinical Trial.

Second Surgical Opinions. Charges for second surgical opinions.

Skilled Nursing Facility. Charges made by a Skilled Nursing Facility or a convalescent care facility, up to the limits set forth in the Summary of Benefits, in connection with convalescence from an Illness or Injury (excluding drug addiction, chronic brain syndrome, alcoholism, senility, intellectual disability or other Mental or Nervous Disorders) for which the Participant is confined.

Sterilization for Men and Women. Charges for male sterilization procedures. Benefits for all Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved charges related to sterilization procedures for women are covered under Preventive Care, to the extent required by the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

Surgery. Surgical operations and procedures, unless otherwise specifically excluded under the Plan, and limited as follows:

- 1. Multiple procedures adding significant time or complexity will be allowed at:
 - a. One hundred percent (100%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the first or major procedure.
 - b. Fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the secondary and subsequent procedures.
 - c. Bilateral procedures which add significant time or complexity, which are provided at the same operative session, will be allowed at one hundred percent (100%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the major procedure, and fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the secondary or lesser procedure.
- 2. Charges made for services rendered by an assistant surgeon will be allowed at twenty percent (20%) of the Maximum Allowable Charge for the type of Surgery performed.

3. No benefit will be payable for incidental procedures, such as appendectomy during an abdominal Surgery, performed during a single operative session.

Surgical Treatment of Jaw. Surgical treatment of Diseases, Injuries, fractures and dislocations of the jaw by a Physician or Dentist.

Therapy Services. Services for individual therapy are covered on an Inpatient or Outpatient basis. They are services or supplies used for the treatment of an Illness or Injury and include:

- 1. Cardiac Therapy. Charges for cardiac therapy.
- 2. **Cognitive Therapy.** Charges for cognitive therapy.
- 3. **Occupational Therapy.** Rehabilitation treatment or services rendered by a registered occupational therapist, under the direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or at a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free standing outpatient facility.
- 4. **Physical Therapy.** Rehabilitation treatment or services rendered by a physical therapist, under direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or a facility or Institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free standing duly licensed outpatient therapy facility.
- 5. **Respiration Therapy.** Respiration therapy services, when rendered in accordance with a Physician's written treatment plan.
- 6. Speech Therapy. Speech therapy, for Rehabilitation purposes, by a Physician or qualified speech therapist, when needed due to a Sickness or Injury (other than a functional Nervous Disorder) or due to Surgery performed as the result of a Sickness or Injury, excluding speech therapy services that are educational in any part or due to articulation disorders, tongue thrust, stuttering, lisping, abnormal speech development, changing an accent, dyslexia, hearing loss which is not medically documented or similar disorders.

See the Summary of Benefits for treatment and/or frequency limitations, as applicable.

Transplants. Organ or tissue transplants are covered for the following human to human organ or tissue transplant procedures:

- 1. Bone marrow.
- 2. Heart.
- 3. Lung.
- 4. Heart and lung.
- 5. Liver.
- 6. Pancreas.
- 7. Kidney.
- 8. Cornea.

In addition, the Plan will cover any other transplant that is not Experimental.

Covered Expenses will be considered the same as any other Sickness for Employees or Dependents as a recipient of an organ or tissue transplant. Covered Expenses include:

- 1. Organ or tissue procurement from a cadaver consisting of removing, preserving and transporting the donated part.
- 2. Services and supplies furnished by a Provider.
- 3. Drug therapy treatment to prevent rejection of the transplanted organ or tissue.

Surgical, storage and transportation costs directly related to the procurement of an organ or tissue used in a transplant described herein will be covered. If an organ or tissue is sold rather than donated, no benefits will be available for the purchase price of such organ or tissue.

ADDITIONAL MEDICAL PLAN OPTIONS

The Plan offers four additional medical plans that can provide greater total coverage for active Employees and their dependents. Individuals covered by another healthcare plan may elect either option listed below rather than the Major Medical Plan. A Participant may not be enrolled in both the Major Medical Plan and the options below. Except for the Maxi Plan, a Participant may not be enrolled in a different option than your Dependents without the approval of the Plan Sponsor. Reasonable, Usual and Customary determinations apply to each option. If the contractual benefits of the Participant's other health care plan, when combined with the additional medical plan options, are ever less than the total benefits that would have been received under the Major Medical Plan, the additional medical plan options will pay the difference as a "no loss benefit".

Supplemental Plan

The Supplemental plan is designed to coordinate benefits with Caterpillar health insurance. The Supplemental Plan pays 100%, without the application of Deductible, for Physician office visits related to an Illness or Injury, routine exams and related test, Immunizations, vaccinations, allergy injections, and any Co-Payments not covered by your Spouse's Prescription Drug Plan. If the Participant does not have a Prescription Drug Plan through the Spouse's Plan, the Participant will have Coverage through the Illinois Central College Prescription Drug Benefit, but the co-payments will not be reimbursed. If coverage through the Spouse's plan is terminated, the Participant may enroll in the Major Medical Plan with the same coverage under the Supplement Plan. The Supplemental Plan is a Grandfathered Plan.

Maxi Plan

The Maxi Plan is designed to coordinate benefits with Medicare. The Maxi Plan covers the same benefits as the Medical Benefits listed in this Summary Plan Description. All Covered Expenses are paid at 100% by the Plan, with the exception of Inpatient Hospital claims. Inpatient Hospital claims have a per admission maximum of \$1,500. In addition, the Maxi Plan covers routine exams and related tests, immunizations, vaccinations, and the Co-Payments under the Prescription Drug Benefit. Eligibility for the Maxi Plan is limited to Participants who are enrolled in Medicare. At any time, a Participant can change from the Maxi Plan to the standard Medical Benefits Plan. The Maxi Plan is a Grandfathered Plan.

Maxi Plan II

The Maxi Plan II is designed to coordinate benefits with Medicaid. The Maxi Plan II covers the same benefits as the Medical Benefits listed in this Summary Plan Description except the Maxi Plan II does not cover hospital billed charges, oncology services, prescription drugs, preventive care, Emergency care or clinical trial expenses other than the trial drug. All Covered Expenses are paid at 100% by the Plan. The Maxi Plan II covers routine exams and related tests, immunizations, vaccinations, and the Co-Payments under the Prescription Drug Benefit. Eligibility for the Maxi Plan II is limited to Participants who are enrolled in Medicaid. Medicaid will be secondary to the Maxi Plan II. At any time, a Participant can change from the Maxi Plan II to the standard Medical Benefits Plan. The Maxi Plan II is a Non-Grandfathered Plan.

Medical Reimbursement Plan (MRP)

Employees covered under Tri-Care or another employer sponsored medical plan may increase overall benefits with the Medical Reimbursement Plan or MRP. The MRP reimburses the Participant, in full, for the primary health plan's deductibles, co-insurance, and co-payments. The primary plan's non-PPO hospital charges are not covered unless an exception is made by this Plan. If routine exams or office visits are not covered under the primary health plan under any circumstances, these services will be reimbursed by the MRP at Usual and Customary allowances. Benefits are paid directly to the Participant. A copy of the primary health plan's Explanation of Benefits, or a copy of the Participant's prescription drug receipts showing applicable co-payments, must be submitted to Consociate. The health care provider's name and phone number must be written on the Explanation of Benefits.

UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT

Failure to comply with Utilization Management will result in a higher cost to Participants. "Utilization Management" includes Hospital pre-admission certification, continued stay review, length of stay determination and discharge planning. These programs are designed to ensure that Medically Necessary, high quality patient care is provided and enables maximum benefits under the Plan.

Services that Require Pre-Certification

The following services will require Pre-Certification (or reimbursement from the Plan may be reduced):

1. Inpatient hospitalization.

Remember that although the Plan will automatically pre-certify a maternity length of stay that is 48 hours or less for a vaginal delivery or 96 hours for a cesarean delivery, it is important that the Participant has his or her Physician call to obtain Pre-Certification in case there is a need to have a longer stay.

Pre-Certification does not verify eligibility for benefits nor guarantee benefit payments under the Plan. It is the Participant's responsibility to verify that the above services have been pre-certified as outlined below.

Pre-Certification Procedures and Contact Information

The Inpatient Utilization Management Service is simple and easy for Participants to use. Whenever a Participant is advised that Inpatient Hospital care is needed, it is the Participant's responsibility to call the pre-certification department at its toll free number, which is 1-800-944-9401. The review process will continue, as outlined below, until the Participant is discharged from the Hospital.

Urgent Care or Emergency Admissions:

If a Participant needs medical care for a condition which could seriously jeopardize his or her life, obtain such care without delay, and communicate with the Plan as soon as reasonably possible.

If a Participant must be admitted on an Emergency basis, the Participant should follow the Physician's instructions carefully and contact the pre-certification department as follows:

- For Emergency admissions after business hours on Friday, on a weekend or over a holiday weekend, a call to the pre-certification department must be made within 72 hours after the admission date, but no later than the first business day following the Emergency admission, by or on behalf of the covered patient.
- 2. For Emergency admissions on a weekday, a call to the pre-certification department must be made within 24 hours after the admission date.

If a medical service is provided in response to an Emergency situation or urgent care scenario, prior approval from the Plan is not required. The Plan will require notice within 72 hours after the admission date, but no later than the first business day following the Emergency admission, by or on behalf of the covered patient. Such a claim shall then be deemed to be a Post-service Claim.

Non-Emergency Admissions:

For Inpatient Hospital stays that are scheduled in advance, a call to the pre-certification department should be completed as soon as possible before actual services are rendered. Once the pre-certification call is received, it will be routed to an appropriate review specialist who will create an on-line patient file. The review specialist will contact the Participant's attending Physician to obtain information and to discuss the specifics of the admission request. If appropriate, alternative care will be explored with the Physician.

If, after assessing procedure necessity, the need for an Inpatient confinement is confirmed, the review specialist will determine the intensity of management required and will remain in contact with the Physician or Hospital during the confinement.

If, at any time during the review process, Medical Necessity cannot be validated, the review specialist will refer the episode to a board certified Physician advisor who will immediately contact the attending Physician to negotiate an appropriate treatment plan. At the end of the Hospital confinement, the review specialist is also available to assist with discharge planning and will work closely with the attending Physician and Hospital to ensure that medically appropriate arrangements are made.

Alternate Course of Treatment

Certain types of conditions, such as spinal cord Injuries, cancer, AIDS or premature births, may require long term, or perhaps lifetime, care. The claims selected will be evaluated as to present course of treatment and alternate care possibilities.

If the Plan Administrator should determine that an alternate, less expensive, course of treatment is appropriate, and if the attending Physician agrees to the alternate course of treatment, all Medically Necessary expenses stated in the treatment plan will be eligible for payment under the Plan, subject to the applicable benefit maximum(s) set forth in this Plan, even if these expenses normally would not be eligible for payment under the Plan. A more expensive course of treatment, selected by the Participant or their attending Physician may not be deemed to be Medically Necessary or within Maximum Allowable Charge limitations, as those terms are defined by the Plan. The Plan may provide coverage in such circumstances by providing benefits equivalent to those available had the Medically Necessary and otherwise covered course of treatment, subject to the Maximum Allowable Charge, been pursued.

Second Surgical Opinion

If a Physician recommends Surgery for a Participant, the Participant may request a second opinion as to whether or not the Surgery is Medically Necessary.

In addition, the Plan recommends that a second opinion be obtained prior to the following Surgeries:

- 1. Adenoidectomy.
- 2. Bunionectomy.
- 3. Cataract removal.
- 4. Coronary Bypass.
- 5. Cholecystectomy (removal of gallbladder).
- 6. Dilation and curettage.
- 7. Hammer Toe repair.
- 8. Hemorrhoidectomy.
- 9. Herniography.
- 10. Hysterectomy.
- 11. Laminectomy (removal of spinal disc).
- 12. Mastectomy.
- 13. Meniscectomy (removal of knee cartilage, including arthroscopic approach).
- 14. Nasal surgery (repair of deviated nasal septum, bone or cartilage).
- 15. Prostatectomy (removal of all or part of prostate).
- 16. Release for entrapment of medial nerve (Carpal Tunnel Syndrome).
- 17. Tonsillectomy.
- 18. Varicose veins (tying off and stripping).

When a second opinion is requested, the Plan will pay 100% of the Maximum Allowable Charge Incurred for that opinion along with laboratory, x-ray and other Medically Necessary services ordered by the second Physician without application of the Deductible. Second opinions for Cosmetic Surgery, normal obstetrical delivery and Surgeries that require only local anesthesia are not covered. If the second opinion does not concur with the first, the Plan will pay for a third opinion as outlined above. The second or third opinion must be given within 90 days of the first.

In all cases where a second opinion is requested, the original recommendation for Surgery must have been obtained from a Physician licensed in the medical specialty under which the recommended Surgery falls. The Physician consulted for the second opinion must be licensed in the same medical specialty and may not be a partner of or in association with the original Physician.

Pre-Surgical Approval

The Plan recommends that a pre-determination of benefits be obtained prior to the following Surgical Procedures, since they are usually Cosmetic Surgery or not Medically Necessary. These procedures include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Abdominoplasty.
- 2. Blepharoplasty.
- 3. Breast reduction or enlargement.
- 4. Dermabrasion.
- 5. Facial or nasal reconstruction.
- 6. Gastric bypass.
- 7. Lipectomy.
- 8. Penile implant.
- 9. Scar revision.
- 10. Sex alteration.
- 11. Any Experimental or research procedures which are not generally accepted medical practice.

Because of the broad range of Surgical Procedures available and under development, if a Participant is scheduled to undergo any questionable procedure, he or she should contact the Third Party Administrator for further information. Pre-surgical approval is not a guarantee of coverage.

CASE MANAGEMENT

Case Management. Case Management is a voluntary service. There are no reductions of benefits or penalties if the patient and family choose not to participate. The Plan may elect, in its sole discretion, when acting on a basis that precludes individual selection, to provide alternative benefits that are otherwise excluded under the Plan. The alternative benefits, called "Case Management," shall be determined on a case-by-case basis, and the Plan's determination to provide the benefits in one instance shall not obligate the Plan to provide the same or similar alternative benefits for the same or any other Covered Person, nor shall it be deemed to waive the right of the Plan to strictly enforce the provisions of the Plan.

A case manager consults with the patient and the attending Physician in order to develop a plan of care for approval by the patient's attending Physician and the patient. This plan of care may include some or all of the following:

- 1. personal support to the patient;
- 2. contacting the family to offer assistance and support;
- 3. monitoring Hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility;
- 4. determining alternative care options; and
- 5. assisting in obtaining any necessary equipment and services.

Case Management occurs when this alternate benefit will be beneficial to both the patient and the Plan.

The case manager will coordinate and implement the Case Management program by providing guidance and information on available resources and suggesting the most appropriate treatment plan. The Plan Administrator, attending Physician, and patient or patient's family must all agree to the alternate treatment plan.

Once agreement has been reached, the Plan Administrator will direct the Plan to reimburse for Medically Necessary expenses as stated in the treatment plan, even if these expenses normally would not be paid by the Plan.

Note: Case Management is a voluntary service. There are no reductions of benefits or penalties if the patient and family choose not to participate.

Each treatment plan is individually tailored to a specific patient and should not be seen as appropriate or recommended for any other patient, even one with the same diagnosis.

DIALYSIS PRE-CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

EthiCare Advisors (877) 218-4955

The Plan's Dialysis cost management program, described herein, is a cost containment program designed for Participants requiring dialysis treatment(s). This Plan has retained EhtiCare Advisors for purposes of precertification, utilization review, and case management applicable to all dialysis treatment and supplies for which benefits are sought from this Plan. This Plan will only provide coverage for dialysis services and/or supplies only in accordance with the following process.

EthiCare Advisors must be contacted at the number stated above by the Covered Person's nephrologist and/or the dialysis treatment clinic before the onset of treatment. If the Covered Person's nephrologist and/or dialysis treatment clinic has not entered into an agreement with EthiCare Advisors, payment for all dialysis services and supplies will be strictly limited to the Usual and Reasonable Charge as defined by the Plan, and all other Plan limitations and exclusions shall apply.

Please contact EthiCare Advisors before treatment begins. To receive benefits for dialysis services and/or supplies, the Covered Person must utilize EthiCare Advisors, in accordance with these instructions.

DEFINITIONS

The following words and phrases shall have the following meanings when used in the Plan Document. The following definitions are not an indication that charges for particular care, supplies or services are eligible for payment under the Plan, however they may be used to identify ineligible expenses; please refer to the appropriate sections of the Plan Document for that information.

Some of the terms used in this document begin with a capital letter, even though the term normally would not be capitalized. These terms have special meaning under the Plan. Most terms will be listed in this Definitions section, but some terms are defined within the provision the term is used. Becoming familiar with the terms defined in the Definitions section will help to better understand the provisions of this Plan.

"Accident"

"Accident" shall mean an event which takes place without one's foresight or expectation, or a deliberate act that results in unforeseen consequences.

"Accidental Bodily Injury" or "Accidental Injury"

"Accidental Bodily Injury" or "Accidental Injury" shall mean an Injury sustained as the result of an Accident and independently of all other causes by an outside traumatic event or due to exposure to the elements.

"Actively At Work" or "Active Employment"

An Employee is "Actively at Work" or in "Active Employment" on any day the Employee performs in the customary manner all of the regular duties of employment. An Employee will be deemed Actively At Work on each day of a regular paid vacation or on a regular non-working day on which the covered Employee is not totally disabled, provided the covered Employee was Actively At Work on the last preceding regular work day. An Employee shall be deemed Actively At Work if the Employee is absent from work due to a health factor, as defined by HIPAA, subject to the Plan's Leave of Absence provisions. An Employee will not be considered under any circumstances Actively At Work if he or she has effectively terminated employment.

"ADA"

"ADA" shall mean the American Dental Association.

"Adverse Benefit Determination"

"Adverse Benefit Determination" shall mean any of the following:

- 1. A denial in benefits.
- 2. A reduction in benefits.
- 3. A rescission of coverage, even if the rescission does not impact a current claim for benefits.
- 4. A termination of benefits.
- 5. A failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit, including any such denial, reduction, termination, or failure to provide or make payment that is based on a determination of a Claimant's eligibility to participate in the Plan.
- 6. A denial, reduction, or termination of, or a failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for, a benefit resulting from the application of any utilization review.
- 7. A failure to cover an item or service for which benefits are otherwise provided because it is determined to be Experimental or Investigational or not Medically Necessary or appropriate.

Explanation of Benefits (EOB)

"Explanation of Benefits" shall mean a statement a health plan sends to a Participant which shows charges, payments and any balances owed. It may be sent by mail or e-mail. An Explanation of Benefits may serve as an Adverse Benefit Determination.

"Affordable Care Act (ACA)"

The "Affordable Care Act (ACA)" means the health care reform law enacted in March 2010. The law was enacted in two parts: the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act was signed into law on March 23, 2010 and was amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act on March 30, 2010. The name "Affordable Care Act" is commonly used to refer to the final, amended version of the law. In this document, the Plan uses the name Affordable Care Act (ACA) to refer to the health care reform law.

"AHA"

"AHA" shall mean the American Hospital Association.

"Allowable Expense(s)"

"Allowable Expense(s)" shall mean the Maximum Allowable Charge for any Medically Necessary, eligible item of expense, at least a portion of which is covered under this Plan. When some Other Plan pays first in accordance with the Application to Benefit Determinations provision in the Coordination of Benefits section, this Plan's Allowable Expenses shall in no event exceed the Other Plan's Allowable Expenses.

When some "Other Plan" provides benefits in the form of services (rather than cash payments), the Plan Administrator shall assess the value of said benefit(s) and determine the reasonable cash value of the service or services rendered, by determining the amount that would be payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Benefits payable under any Other Plan include the benefits that would have been payable had the claim been duly made therefore, whether or not it is actually made.

"Alternate Recipient"

"Alternate Recipient" shall mean any Child of a Participant who is recognized under a Medical Child Support Order as having a right to enrollment under this Plan as the Participant's eligible Dependent. For purposes of the benefits provided under this Plan, an Alternate Recipient shall be treated as an eligible Dependent.

"AMA"

"AMA" shall mean the American Medical Association.

"Ambulatory Surgical Center"

"Ambulatory Surgical Center" shall mean any permanent public or private State licensed and approved (whenever required by law) establishment that operates exclusively for the purpose of providing Surgical Procedures to patients not requiring hospitalization with an organized medical staff of Physicians, with continuous Physician and nursing care by Registered Nurses (R.N.s). The patient is admitted to and discharged from the facility within the same working day as the facility does not provide service or other accommodations for patients to stay overnight.

"Approved Clinical Trial"

"Approved Clinical Trial" means a phase I, II, III or IV trial that is Federally funded by specified Agencies (National Institutes of Health (NIH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDCP), Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Department of Defense (DOD) or Veterans Affairs (VA), or a non-governmental entity identified by NIH guidelines) or is conducted under an Investigational new drug application reviewed by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) (if such application is required).

The Affordable Care Act requires that if a "qualified individual" is in an "Approved Clinical Trial," the Plan cannot deny coverage for related services ("routine patient costs").

A "qualified individual" is someone who is eligible to participate in an "Approved Clinical Trial" and either the individual's doctor has concluded that participation is appropriate or the Participant provides medical and scientific information establishing that their participation is appropriate.

"Routine patient costs" include all items and services consistent with the coverage provided in the plan that is typically covered for a qualified individual who is not enrolled in a clinical trial. Routine patient costs do not include 1) the Investigational item, device or service itself; 2) items and services that are provided solely

to satisfy data collection and analysis needs and that are not used in the direct clinical management of the patient; and 3) a service that is clearly inconsistent with the widely accepted and established standards of care for a particular Diagnosis. Plans are not required to provide benefits for routine patient care services provided outside of the Plan's Network area unless out-of-network benefits are otherwise provided under the Plan.

"Calendar Year"

"Calendar Year" shall mean the 12 month period from January 1 through December 31 of each year.

"Cardiac Care Unit"

"Cardiac Care Unit" shall mean a separate, clearly designated service area which is maintained within a Hospital and which meets all the following requirements:

- 1. It is solely for the care and treatment of critically ill patients who require special medical attention because of their critical condition.
- 2. It provides within such area special nursing care and observation of a continuous and constant nature not available in the regular rooms and wards of the Hospital.
- 3. It provides a concentration of special lifesaving equipment immediately available at all times for the treatment of patients confined within such area.
- 4. It contains at least two beds for the accommodation of critically ill patients.
- 5. It provides at least one professional Registered Nurse, in continuous and constant attendance of the patient confined in such area on a 24 hour a day basis.

"CDC"

"CDC" shall mean Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

"Child" and/or "Children"

"Child" and/or "Children" shall mean the Employee's natural Child, any stepchild, legally adopted Child, or any other Child for whom the Employee has been named legal guardian. For purposes of this definition, a legally adopted Child shall include a Child placed in an Employee's physical custody in anticipation of adoption. "Child" shall also mean a covered Employee's Child who is an Alternate Recipient under a Qualified Medical Child Support Order, as required by the Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993. A "legal guardian" is a person recognized by a court of law as having the duty of taking care of the person and managing the property and rights of a minor child.

"CHIP"

"CHIP" refers to the Children's Health Insurance Program or any provision or section thereof, which is herein specifically referred to, as such act, provision or section may be amended from time to time.

"CHIPRA"

"CHIPRA" refers to the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 or any provision or section thereof, which is herein specifically referred to, as such act.

"Chiropractic Care"

"Chiropractic Care" shall mean the detection and correction, by manual or mechanical means, of the interference with nerve transmissions and expressions resulting from distortion, misalignment or dislocation of the spinal (vertebrae) column.

"Claim Determination Period"

"Claim Determination Period" shall mean each Calendar Year.

"Claimant"

"Claimant" shall mean a Participant of the Plan, or entity acting on his or her behalf, authorized to submit claims to the Plan for processing, and/or appeal an Adverse Benefit Determination.

"Clean Claim"

A "Clean Claim" is one that can be processed in accordance with the terms of this document without obtaining additional information from the service Provider or a third party. It is a claim which has no defect or impropriety. A defect or impropriety shall include a lack of required sustaining documentation as set forth and in accordance with this document, or a particular circumstance requiring special treatment which prevents timely payment as set forth in this document, and only as permitted by this document, from being made. A Clean Claim does not include claims under investigation for fraud and abuse or claims under review for Medical Necessity or other coverage criteria, or fees under review for application of the Maximum Allowable Charge, or any other matter that may prevent the charge(s) from being Covered Expenses in accordance with the terms of this document.

Filing a Clean Claim. A Provider submits a Clean Claim by providing the required data elements on the standard claims forms, along with any attachments and additional elements or revisions to data elements, attachments and additional elements, of which the Provider has knowledge. The Plan Administrator may require attachments or other information in addition to these standard forms (as noted elsewhere in this document and at other times prior to claim submittal) to ensure charges constitute Covered Expenses as defined by and in accordance with the terms of this document. The paper claim form or electronic file record must include all required data elements and must be complete, legible, and accurate. A claim will not be considered to be a Clean Claim if the Participant has failed to submit required forms or additional information to the Plan as well.

"CMS"

"CMS" shall mean Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

"COBRA"

"COBRA" shall mean the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

"Coinsurance"

"Coinsurance" shall mean a cost sharing feature of many plans. It requires a Participant to pay out-of-pocket a prescribed portion of the cost of Covered Expenses. The defined Coinsurance that a Participant must pay out-of-pocket is based upon his or her health plan design. Coinsurance is established as a predetermined percentage of the Maximum Allowable Charge for covered services and usually applies after a Deductible is met in a Deductible plan.

"Copayment" or "Copay"

"Copayment" or "Copay" shall mean a dollar amount the Participant pays for health care expenses. In most plans, the Participant pays this after he or she meets his or her Deductible limit.

"Cosmetic Surgery"

"Cosmetic Surgery" shall mean any expenses Incurred in connection with the care and treatment of, or operations which are performed for plastic, reconstructive, or cosmetic purposes or any other service or supply which are primarily used to improve, alter, or enhance appearance of a physical characteristic which is within the broad spectrum of normal but which may be considered displeasing or unattractive, except when required by an Injury.

"Covered Expense(s)"

"Covered Expense(s)" shall mean a service or supply provided in accordance with the terms of this document, whose applicable charge amount does not exceed the Maximum Allowable Charge for an eligible Medically Necessary service, treatment or supply, meant to improve a condition or Participant's health, which is eligible for coverage in accordance with this Plan. When more than one treatment option is available, and one option is no more effective than another, the Covered Expense is the least costly option that is no less effective than any other option.

All treatment is subject to benefit payment maximums shown in the Summary of Benefits and as set forth elsewhere in this document.

"Custodial Care"

"Custodial Care" shall mean care or confinement designated principally for the assistance and maintenance of the Participant, in engaging in the activities of daily living, whether or not totally disabled. This care or confinement could be rendered at home or by persons without professional skills or training. This care may relieve symptoms or pain but is not reasonably expected to improve the underlying medical condition. Custodial Care includes, but is not limited to, assistance in eating, dressing, bathing and using the toilet, preparation of special diets, supervision of medication which can normally be self-administered, assistance in walking or getting in and out of bed, and all domestic activities.

"Deductible"

"Deductible" shall mean the aggregate amount for certain expenses for covered services that is the responsibility of the Participant to pay for him or herself each Calendar Year before the Plan will begin its payments.

"Dentist"

"Dentist" shall mean a properly trained person holding a D.D.S. or D.M.D. degree and practicing within the scope of a license to practice dentistry within their applicable geographic venue.

"Dependent"

"Dependent" shall mean one or more of the following person(s):

- An Employee's present spouse, thereby possessing a valid marriage license, not annulled or voided in any way. A Dependent spouse shall therefore not be one who is divorced or Legally Separated from the Employee.
- 2. An Employee's same-sex civil union partner who has the same principal place of abode for more than one half of the Calendar Year, and who relies on the Employee for more than one half of his or her support for the Calendar Year in which the civil union partner is enrolled for coverage under the Plan. NOTE: To the extent COBRA coverage is applicable, an Employee's civil union partner is not considered a qualified beneficiary and does not have independent rights under COBRA; however, an Employee's civil union partner will be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage as a dependent of a qualified beneficiary. An Employee's civil union partner and the civil union partner's enrolled children will be considered a qualified beneficiary and eligible to continue coverage under the COBRA provisions to the same extent as an Employee's spouse or Child.
- 3. An Employee's Child who is less than 26 years of age. **NOTE:** Coverage of a Dependent Child will continue until the end of the calendar month he or she turns 26 years of age.
- 4. An Employee's Child, regardless of age, who was continuously covered prior to attaining the limiting age as stated in the numbers above, who is mentally or physically incapable of sustaining his or her own living. Such Child must have been mentally or physically incapable of earning his or her own living prior to attaining the limiting age as stated in the numbers above. Written proof of such incapacity and dependency satisfactory to the Plan must be furnished and approved by the Plan within 31 days after the date the Child attains the limiting age as stated in the numbers above. The time limit for written proof of incapacity and dependency is 30 days following the original eligibility date for a new or re-enrolling Employee. The Plan may require, at reasonable intervals, subsequent proof satisfactory to the Plan during the next two years after such date. After such two year period, the Plan may require such proof, but not more often than once each year.

Active duty members of any armed force shall not be deemed to be "Dependents."

Residents of a country other than the United States shall not be deemed to be "Dependents."

An Employee's spouse must meet the following requirements:

1. Employee and spouse shall not have been Legally Separated or engaged in a trial separation for more than 12 consecutive months upon the date a Clean Claim for Covered Expense(s) provided to spouse are received by the Plan.

2. Employee and spouse shall have been cohabitating at the same residence for the majority of the applicable Calendar Year. When an Employee or spouse is traveling or residing elsewhere as part of their profession, to care for a family member (due, for instance, to Illness or Injury), and/or is residing elsewhere due to their own Illness or Injury, for more than half of the applicable Calendar Year (and thus residing with each other for less than the majority of the applicable Calendar Year), but the primary residence of the Employee is also the spouse's primary residence for all legal, regulatory, and statutory purposes, this constitutes cohabitation as required by this provision.

The Plan Administrator has discretionary authority to interpret these terms, and determine spousal status as defined herein, to the extent allowed by law.

To establish a Dependent relationship, the Plan reserves the right to require documentation satisfactory to the Plan Administrator.

NOTE: Tax treatment for certain dependents. Federal tax law generally does not recognize former spouses, Legally Separated spouses, civil union partners, or the children of these partners, as dependents under the federal tax code unless the spouse, partner, or child otherwise qualifies as a dependent under the Internal Revenue Code §152. Therefore, the Employer may be required to automatically include the value of the health care coverage provided to any of the aforementioned individuals, who may be covered under this Plan as eligible Dependents, as additional income to the Employee.

"Diagnosis"

"Diagnosis" shall mean the act or process of identifying or determining the nature and cause of a Disease or Injury through evaluation of patient history, examination, and review of laboratory data.

"Diagnostic Service"

"Diagnostic Service" shall mean an examination, test, or procedure performed for specified symptoms to obtain information to aid in the assessment of the nature and severity of a medical condition or the identification of a Disease or Injury. The Diagnostic Service must be ordered by a Physician or other professional Provider.

"Disease"

"Disease" shall mean any disorder which does not arise out of, which is not caused or contributed to by, and which is not a consequence of, any employment or occupation for compensation or profit; however, if evidence satisfactory to the Plan is furnished showing that the individual concerned is covered as an Employee under any workers' compensation law, occupational disease law or any other legislation of similar purpose, or under the maritime doctrine of maintenance, wages, and cure, but that the disorder involved is one not covered under the applicable law or doctrine, then such disorder shall, for the purposes of the Plan, be regarded as a Sickness, Illness or Disease.

"Drug"

"Drug" shall mean a Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved Drug or medicine that is listed with approval in the *United States Pharmacopeia*, *National Formulary* or *AMA Drug Evaluations* published by the American Medical Association (AMA), that is prescribed for human consumption, and that is required by law to bear the legend: "Caution—Federal Law prohibits dispensing without prescription," or a State restricted drug (any medicinal substance which may be dispensed only by prescription, according to State law), legally obtained and dispensed by a licensed drug dispenser only, according to a written prescription given by a Physician and/or duly licensed Provider. "Drug" shall also mean insulin for purposes of injection.

"Durable Medical Equipment"

"Durable Medical Equipment" shall mean equipment and/or supplies ordered by a health care Provider for everyday or extended use which meets all of the following requirements:

- 1. Can withstand repeated use.
- 2. Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose.
- 3. Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of an Illness or Injury.

4. Is appropriate for use in the home.

"Emergency"

"Emergency" shall mean a situation or medical condition with symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) that the absence of immediate medical attention and treatment would reasonably be expected to result in: (a) serious jeopardy to the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the woman's unborn child); (b) serious impairment to bodily functions; or (c) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part. An Emergency includes, but is not limited to, severe chest pain, poisoning, unconsciousness, and hemorrhage. Other Emergencies and acute conditions may be considered on receipt of proof, satisfactory to the Plan, per the Plan Administrator's discretion, that an Emergency did exist. The Plan may, at its own discretion, request satisfactory proof that an Emergency or acute condition did exist.

"Emergency Medical Condition"

"Emergency Medical Condition" shall mean a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) so that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd(e)(1)(A)). In that provision of the Social Security Act, clause (i) refers to placing the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; clause (ii) refers to serious impairment to bodily functions; and clause (iii) refers to serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

"Emergency Services"

Emergency Services" shall mean, with respect to an Emergency Medical Condition, the following:

- A medical screening examination (as required under section 1867 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1395dd) that is within the capability of the emergency department of a Hospital, including ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department to evaluate such Emergency Medical Condition.
- 2. Such further medical examination and treatment, to the extent they are within the capabilities of the staff and facilities available at the Hospital, as are required under section 1867 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd) to stabilize the patient.

"Employee"

"Employee" shall mean a person who is an Employee of the Participating Employer, who is Actively at Work, regularly scheduled to work for the Participating Employer in an Employer-Employee relationship. Such person must be scheduled to work an average of at least 30 hours per week in order to be considered an eligible Employee.

"Employer"

"Employer" is Illinois Central College.

"Essential Health Benefits"

"Essential Health Benefits" shall mean, under section 1302(b) of the Affordable Care Act, those health benefits to include at least the following general categories and the items and services covered within the categories: ambulatory patient services; Emergency Services; hospitalization; maternity and newborn care; mental health and substance abuse disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; prescription Drugs; rehabilitative and Habilitative Services and devices; laboratory services; preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and pediatric services, including oral and vision care.

The determination of which benefits provided under the plan are Essential Health Benefits shall be made in accordance with the benchmark plan of the State of Illinois as permitted by the Departments of Labor, Treasury, and Health and Human Services.

"Exclusion"

"Exclusion" shall mean conditions or services that this Plan does not cover.

"Experimental" and/or "Investigational"

"Experimental" and/or "Investigational" ("Experimental") shall mean services or treatments that are not widely used or accepted by most practitioners or lack credible evidence to support positive short or long-term outcomes from those services or treatments and that are not the subject of, or in some manner related to, the conduct of an Approved Clinical Trial, as such term is defined herein; these services are not included under or as Medicare reimbursable procedures, and include services, supplies, care, procedures, treatments or courses of treatment which meet either of the following requirements:

- 1. Do not constitute accepted medical practice under the standards of the case and by the standards of a reasonable segment of the medical community or government oversight agencies at the time rendered.
- 2. Are rendered on a research basis as determined by the United States Food and Drug Administration and the AMA's Council on Medical Specialty Societies.

A drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure is Experimental if one of the following requirements is met:

- 1. If the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished:
- 2. If reliable evidence shows that the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure is the subject of ongoing Phase I, II, or III clinical trials or under study to determine all of the following:
 - a. Maximum tolerated dose.
 - b. Toxicity.
 - c. Safety.
 - d. Efficacy.
 - e. Efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or Diagnosis.
- 3. If reliable evidence shows that the consensus among experts regarding the drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine all of the following:
 - a. Maximum tolerated dose.
 - b. Toxicity.
 - c. Safety.
 - d. Efficacy.
 - e. Efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or Diagnosis.

Reliable evidence shall mean one or more of the following:

- 1. Only published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature.
- 2. The written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure.
- 3. The written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure.

Notwithstanding the above, a prescription drug for a treatment that has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) but is used as a non-approved treatment shall not be considered Experimental/Investigational for purposes of this Plan and shall be afforded coverage to the same extent as any other prescription drug, provided that the drug is recognized by one of the following as being Medically Necessary for the specific treatment for which it has been prescribed:

- 1. The American Medical Association Drug Evaluations.
- 2. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information.
- 3. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information.
- 4. A clinical study or review article in a reviewed professional journal.

The Plan Administrator retains maximum legal authority and discretion to determine what is Experimental.

"Family Unit"

"Family Unit" shall mean the Employee and his or her Dependents covered under the Plan.

"FDA"

"FDA" shall mean Food and Drug Administration.

"Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination"

"Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination" shall mean an Adverse Benefit Determination that has been upheld by the Plan at the conclusion of the internal claims and appeals process, or an Adverse Benefit Determination with respect to which the internal claims and appeals process has been deemed exhausted.

"FMLA"

"FMLA" shall mean the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended.

"FMLA Leave"

"FMLA Leave" shall mean an unpaid, job protected Leave of Absence for certain specified family and medical reasons, which the Company is required to extend to an eligible Employee under the provisions of the FMLA.

"GINA"

"GINA" shall mean the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (Public Law No. 110-233), which prohibits group health plans, issuers of individual health care policies, and employers from discriminating on the basis of genetic information.

"Habilitation/Habilitative Services"

"Habilitation/Habilitative Services" shall mean health care services that help a person keep, learn, or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Examples include therapy for a child who is not walking or talking at the expected age. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology and other services for people with disabilities in a variety of Inpatient and/or Outpatient settings.

"HIPAA"

"HIPAA" shall mean the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.

"Home Health Care"

"Home Health Care" shall mean the continual care and treatment of an individual if all of the requirements are met:

- 1. The institutionalization of the individual would otherwise have been required if Home Health Care was not provided.
- 2. The treatment plan covering the Home Health Care service is established and approved in writing by the attending Physician.
- 3. The Home Health Care is the result of an Illness or Injury.

"Home Health Care Agency"

"Home Health Care Agency" shall mean an agency or organization which provides a program of Home Health Care and which meets one of the following requirements:

- 1. Is a Federally certified Home Health Care Agency and approved as such under Medicare.
- 2. Meets the established standards and is operated pursuant to applicable laws in the jurisdiction in which it is located and, is licensed and approved by the regulatory authority having the responsibility for licensing, where licensing is required.
- 3. Meets all of the following requirements.

- a. It is an agency which holds itself forth to the public as having the primary purpose of providing a Home Health Care delivery system bringing supportive services to the home.
- b. It has a full time administrator.
- c. It maintains written records of services provided to the patient.
- d. Its staff includes at least one Registered Nurse (R.N.) or it has nursing care by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) available.
- e. Its employees are bonded and it provides malpractice insurance.

"Hospital"

"Hospital" shall mean an Institution, accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals (sponsored by the AMA and the AHA), under the supervision of a staff of Physicians that maintains diagnostic and therapeutic facilities on premises, for the provision of medical (including Surgical facilities for all Institutions other than those specializing in the care and treatment of mentally ill patients, provided such Institution is accredited as such a facility by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals sponsored by the AMA and the AHA), diagnosis, treatment, and care to Injured or sick persons, on an Inpatient basis, with 24 hour a day nursing service by Registered Nurses.

To be deemed a "Hospital," the facility must be duly licensed if it is not a State tax supported Institution, and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution; or an Institution which is supported in whole or in part by a Federal government fund.

Institutions and/or facilities not deemed to be a "Hospital" in accordance with Medicare, shall not be deemed to be Hospitals for this Plan's purposes.

"Hospital" shall also have the same meaning, where appropriate in context, set forth in the definition of "Ambulatory Surgical Center."

"HRSA"

"HRSA" shall mean Health Resources and Services Administration.

"Illness"

"Illness" shall have the meaning set forth in the definition of "Disease."

"Impregnation and Infertility Treatment"

"Impregnation and Infertility Treatment" shall mean any services, supplies or Drugs related to the Diagnosis or treatment of infertility.

"Incurred"

A Covered Expense is "Incurred" on the date the service is rendered or the supply is obtained. With respect to a course of treatment or procedure which includes several steps or phases of treatment, Covered Expenses are Incurred for the various steps or phases as the services related to each step are rendered and not when services relating to the initial step or phase are rendered. More specifically, Covered Expenses for the entire procedure or course of treatment are not Incurred upon commencement of the first stage of the procedure or course of treatment.

"Injury"

"Injury" shall mean an Accidental Bodily Injury, which does not arise out of, which is not caused or contributed to by, and which is not a consequence of, any employment or occupation for compensation or profit.

"Inpatient"

"Inpatient" shall mean a Participant who receives care as a registered and assigned bed patient while confined in a Hospital, other than in its outpatient department, where a room and board is charged by the Hospital.

"Institution"

"Institution" shall mean a facility created and/or maintained for the purpose of practicing medicine and providing organized health care and treatment to individuals, operating within the scope of its license, such as a Hospital, Ambulatory Surgical Center, Psychiatric Hospital, community mental health center, Residential Treatment Facility, psychiatric treatment facility, Substance Abuse Treatment Center, alternative birthing center, or any other such facility that the Plan approves.

"Intensive Care Unit"

"Intensive Care Unit" shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of "Cardiac Care Unit."

"Intensive Outpatient Services"

"Intensive Outpatient Services" shall mean programs that have the capacity for planned, structured, service provision of at least two hours per day and three days per week. The range of services offered could include group, individual, family or multi-family group psychotherapy, psychoeducational services, and medical monitoring. These services would include multiple or extended treatment/rehabilitation/counseling visits or professional supervision and support. Program models include structured "crisis intervention programs," "psychiatric or psychosocial rehabilitation," and some "day treatment."

"Leave of Absence"

"Leave of Absence" shall mean a period of time during which the Employee must be away from his or her primary job with the Employer, while maintaining the status of Employee during said time away from work, generally requested by an Employee and having been approved by his or her Participating Employer, and as provided for in the Participating Employer's rules, policies, procedures and practices where applicable.

"Legal Separation" or "Legally Separated"

"Legal Separation" and/or "Legally Separated" shall mean an arrangement under the applicable state laws to remain married but maintain separate lives, pursuant to a valid court order.

"Mastectomy"

"Mastectomy" shall mean the Surgery to remove all or part of breast tissue as a way to treat or prevent breast cancer.

"Maximum Allowable Charge"

"Maximum Allowable Charge" shall mean the benefit payable for a specific coverage item or benefit under the Plan. The Maximum Allowable Charge will always be a negotiated rate, if one exists; if no negotiated rate exists, the Maximum Allowable Charge will be determined and established by the Plan, at the Plan Administrator's discretion, using normative data and submitted information such as, but not limited to, any one or more of the following, in the Plan Administrator's discretion:

- Medicare reimbursement rates (presently utilized by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ["CMS"]).
- Prices established by CMS utilizing standard Medicare Payment methods and/or based upon supplemental Medicare pricing data for items Medicare doesn't cover based on data from CMS).
- Prices established by CMS utilizing standard Medicare payment methods and/or based upon prevailing Medicare rates in the community for non-Medicare facilities for similar services and/or supplies provided by similarly skilled and trained providers of care).
- Prices established by CMS utilizing standard Medicare payment methods for items in alternate settings based on Medicare rates provided for similar services and/or supplies paid to similarly skilled and trained providers of care in traditional settings).
- Medicare cost data as reflected in the applicable individual provider's cost report(s).
- The fee(s) which the Provider most frequently charges the majority of patients for the service or supply.
- Amounts the Provider specifically agrees to accept as payment in full either through direct negotiation or through a preferred provider organization (PPO) network.
- Average wholesale price (AWP) and/or manufacturer's retail pricing (MRP).

- Medicare cost-to-charge ratios or other information regarding the actual cost to provide the service or supply.
- The allowable charge otherwise specified within the terms of this Plan.
- The prevailing range of fees charged in the same "area" (defined as a metropolitan area, county, or such greater area as is necessary to obtain a representative cross-section of Providers, persons or organizations rendering such treatment, services, or supplies for which a specific charge is made) by Providers of similar training and experience for the service or supply.

The Plan Administrator may in its discretion, taking into consideration specific circumstances, deem a greater amount to payable than the lesser of the aforementioned amounts. The Plan Administrator may take any or all of such factors into account but has no obligation to consider any particular factor. The Plan Administrator may also account for unusual circumstances or complications requiring additional or a lesser amount of time, skill and experience in connection with a particular service or supply, industry standards and practices as they relate to similar scenarios, and the cause of Injury or Illness necessitating the service(s) and/or charge(s).

In all instances, the Maximum Allowable Charge will be limited to an amount which, in the Plan Administrator's discretion, is charged for services or supplies that are not unreasonably caused by the treating Provider, including errors in medical care that are clearly identifiable, preventable, and serious in their consequence for patients. A finding of Provider negligence and/or malpractice is not required for services or fees to be considered ineligible pursuant to this provision.

The determination that fees for services are includable in the Maximum Allowable Charge will be made by the Plan Administrator, taking into consideration, but not limited to, the findings and assessments of the following entities: (a) The national medical associations, societies, and organizations; and (b) The Food and Drug Administration (FDA). To be includable in the Maximum Allowable Charge, services and fees must be in compliance with generally accepted billing practices for unbundling or multiple procedures.

The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide if a charge is covered under this Plan. The Maximum Allowable Charge will not include any identifiable billing mistakes including, but not limited to, upcoding, duplicate charges, and charges for services not performed.

When prices established or utilized by CMS are applicable as described above, the Maximum Allowable Charge will be determined based on multiplying the most applicable of the following by 150%:

- For Inpatient Hospital expenses, the Medicare Diagnosis Related Group ("DRG") scheduled dollar conversion amounts based upon the CMS weighted values.
- For outpatient Hospital expenses, the CMS Ambulatory Payment Classification (APC) based upon the CMS weighted values, or the current Medicare allowable fee for the appropriate area.
- For Physicians and other eligible Providers, the current Medicare allowable fee for the appropriate area.
- For Ambulatory Surgical Centers (ASC), the current Medicare allowable fee for the appropriate area.

"Medical Child Support Order"

"Medical Child Support Order" shall mean any judgment, decree or order (including approval of a domestic relations settlement agreement) issued by a court of competent jurisdiction that meets one of the following requirements:

- 1. Provides for child support with respect to a Participant's Child or directs the Participant to provide coverage under a health benefits plan pursuant to a State domestic relations law (including a community property law).
- Is made pursuant to a law relating to medical child support described in §1908 of the Social Security
 Act (as added by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822) with respect to a group
 health plan.

"Medical Record Review"

"Medical Record Review" is the process by which the Plan, based upon a Medical Record Review and audit, determines that a different treatment or different quantity of a Drug or supply was provided which is not supported in the billing, then the Plan Administrator may determine the Maximum Allowable Charge according to the Medical Record Review and audit results.

"Medically Necessary"

"Medically Necessary", "Medical Necessity" and similar language refers to health care services ordered by a Physician exercising prudent clinical judgment provided to a Participant for the purposes of evaluation, Diagnosis or treatment of that Participant's Sickness or Injury. Such services, to be considered Medically Necessary, must be clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration for the Diagnosis or treatment of the Participant's Sickness or Injury. The Medically Necessary setting and level of service is that setting and level of service which, considering the Participant's medical symptoms and conditions, cannot be provided in a less intensive medical setting. Such services, to be considered Medically Necessary must be no more costly than alternative interventions, including no intervention and are at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the Diagnosis or treatment of the Participant's Sickness or Injury without adversely affecting the Participant's medical condition. The service must meet all of the following requirements:

- 1. Its purpose must be to restore health.
- 2. It must not be primarily custodial in nature.
- 3. It is ordered by a Physician for the Diagnosis or treatment of a Sickness or Injury.
- 4. The Plan reserves the right to incorporate CMS guidelines in effect on the date of treatment as additional criteria for determination of Medical Necessity and/or an Allowable Expense.

For Hospital stays, this means that acute care as an Inpatient is necessary due to the kind of services the Participant is receiving or the severity of the Participant's condition and that safe and adequate care cannot be received as an Outpatient or in a less intensified medical setting. The mere fact that the service is furnished, prescribed or approved by a Physician does not necessarily mean that it is "Medically Necessary." In addition, the fact that certain services are specifically excluded from coverage under this Plan because they are not "Medically Necessary" does not mean that all other services are "Medically Necessary."

To be Medically Necessary, all of the above criteria must be met. The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide whether care or treatment is Medically Necessary based on recommendations of the Plan Administrator's own medical advisors, the findings of the American Medical Association or similar organization, or any other sources that the Plan Administrator deems appropriate.

Off-label Drug use is considered Medically Necessary when all of the following conditions are met:

- 1. The Drug is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
- 2. The prescribed Drug use is supported by one of the following standard reference sources:
 - a. Micromedex® DRUGDEX®.
 - b. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information.
 - c. Medicare approved compendia.
 - d. Scientific evidence is supported in well-designed clinical trials published in peer-reviewed medical journals, which demonstrate that the Drug is safe and effective for the specific condition.
- 3. The Drug is otherwise Medically Necessary to treat the specific condition, including life threatening conditions or chronic and seriously debilitating conditions.

"Medically Necessary Leave of Absence"

"Medically Necessary Leave of Absence" shall mean a Leave of Absence by a full-time student Dependent at a postsecondary educational institution that meets all of the following requirements:

- 1. Commences while such Dependent is suffering from an Illness or Injury.
- 2. Is Medically Necessary.
- 3. Causes such Dependent to lose student status for purposes of coverage under the terms of the Plan.

"Medicare"

"Medicare" shall mean the Federal program by which health care is provided to individuals who are 65 or older, certain younger individuals with disabilities, and individuals with End-Stage Renal Disease, administered in accordance with parameters set forth by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, as amended, by whose terms it was established.

"Mental Health Parity Act of 1996 (MHPA) and Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA), Collectively, the Mental Health Parity Provisions"

"The Mental Health Parity Provisions" shall mean in the case of a group health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan) that provides both medical and surgical benefits and mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, such plan or coverage shall ensure that all of the following requirements are met:

- 1. The financial requirements applicable to such mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the Plan (or coverage).
- 2. There are no separate cost sharing requirements that are applicable only with respect to mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, if these benefits are covered by the group health plan (or health insurance coverage is offered in connection with such a plan).
- 3. The treatment limitations applicable to such mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the Plan (or coverage).
- 4. There are no separate treatment limitations that are applicable only with respect to mental health or Substance Use Disorder benefits, if these benefits are covered by the group health plan (or health insurance coverage is offered in connection with such a plan).

"Mental or Nervous Disorder"

"Mental or Nervous Disorder" shall mean any Disease or condition, regardless of whether the cause is organic, that is classified as a Mental or Nervous Disorder in the current edition of International Classification of Diseases, published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, is listed in the current edition of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association or other relevant State guideline or applicable sources. The fact that a disorder is listed in any of these sources does not mean that treatment of the disorder is covered by the Plan.

"National Medical Support Notice" or "NMSN"

"National Medical Support Notice" or "NMSN" shall mean a notice that contains all of the following information:

- 1. The name of an issuing State child support enforcement agency.
- 2. The name and mailing address (if any) of the Employee who is a Participant under the Plan or eligible for enrollment.
- 3. The name and mailing address of each of the Alternate Recipients (i.e., the Child or Children of the Participant) or the name and address of a State or local official may be substituted for the mailing address of the Alternate Recipients(s).
- 4. Identity of an underlying child support order.

"Network" or "In-Network"

"Network" or "In-Network" shall mean the facilities, providers and suppliers who have by contract via a medical Provider Network agreed to allow the Plan access to discounted fees for service(s) provided to Participants, and by whose terms the Network's Providers have agreed to accept assignment of benefits and the discounted fees thereby paid to them by the Plan as payment in full for Covered Expenses. The applicable Provider Network will be identified on the Participant's identification card.

"No-Fault Auto Insurance"

"No-Fault Auto Insurance" is the basic reparations provision of a law providing for payments without determining fault in connection with automobile Accidents.

"Non-Network" or "Out-of-Network"

"Non-Network" or "Out-of-Network" shall mean the facilities, Providers and suppliers that do not have an agreement with a designated Network to provide care to Participants.

"Nurse"

"Nurse" shall mean an individual who has received specialized nursing training and is authorized to use the designation Registered Nurse (R.N.), Licensed Vocational Nurse (L.V.N.) or Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.), and who is duly licensed by the State or regulatory agency responsible for such license in the State in which the individual performs the nursing services.

"Open Enrollment Period"

"Open Enrollment Period" shall mean the time frame specified by the Plan Administrator.

"Other Plan"

"Other Plan" shall include, but is not limited to:

- 1. Any primary payer besides the Plan.
- 2. Any other group health plan.
- 3. Any other coverage or policy covering the Participant.
- 4. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage.
- 5. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a responsible party.
- 6. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party.
- 7. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
- 8. Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

"Out-of-Area"

"Out-of-Area" shall mean services received by a Participant outside of the normal geographic area supported by the Plan's Network, as determined by the Plan Administrator, at the time each Participant becomes eligible for coverage under this Plan.

"Outpatient"

"Outpatient" shall mean treatment including services, supplies, and medicines provided and used at a Hospital under the direction of a Physician to a person not admitted as a registered bed patient; or services rendered in a Physician's office, laboratory, or x-ray facility, an Ambulatory Surgical Center, or the patient's home.

"Partial Hospitalization"

"Partial Hospitalization" shall mean medically directed intensive, or intermediate short-term mental health and Substance Abuse treatment, for a period of less than twenty-four (24) hours but more than four (4) hours in a day in a licensed or certified facility or program.

"Participant"

"Participant" shall mean any Employee, Dependent, or individual that is covered under the Plan through COBRA continuation, or retiree who is eligible for benefits (and enrolled) under the Plan.

"Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA)"

The "Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA)" means the health care reform law enacted in March 2010, Public Law 111-148; PPACA, together with the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act, is commonly referred to as Affordable Care Act (ACA). (See "Affordable Care Act").

"Physician"

"Physician" shall mean a Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.), Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.), Psychologist (Ph.D.), Audiologist, Certified Nurse Anesthetist, Licensed Professional Counselor, Licensed Professional Physical Therapist, Master of Social Work (M.S.W.), Occupational Therapist, Physiotherapist, Speech Language Pathologist, psychiatrist, midwife, and any other practitioner of the healing arts who is licensed and regulated by a State or Federal agency, acting within the scope of that license.

"Plan Year"

"Plan Year" shall mean a period commencing on the Effective Date or any anniversary of the adoption of this Plan and continuing until the next succeeding anniversary.

"Pre-Admission Tests"

"Pre-Admission Tests" shall mean those medical tests and Diagnostic Services completed prior to a scheduled procedure, including Surgery, or scheduled admissions to the Hospital or Inpatient health care facility provided that all of the following requirements are met:

- 1. The Participant obtains a written order from the Physician.
- 2. The tests are approved by both the Hospital and the Physician.
- 3. The tests are performed on an Outpatient basis prior to Hospital admission.
- 4. The tests are performed at the Hospital into which confinement is scheduled, or at a qualified facility designated by the Physician who will perform the procedure or Surgery.

"Pregnancy"

"Pregnancy" shall mean a physical state whereby a woman presently bears a child or children in the womb, prior to but likely to result in childbirth, miscarriage and/or non-elective abortion. Pregnancy is considered a Sickness for the purpose of determining benefits under this Plan.

"Preventive Care"

"Preventive Care" shall mean certain Preventive Care services.

To comply with the ACA, and in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines, plans shall provide In-Network coverage for all of the following:

- 1. Evidence-based items or services rated A or B in the United States Preventive Services Task Force recommendations.
- 2. Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices adopted by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- 3. Comprehensive guidelines for infants, children, and adolescents supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).
- 4. Comprehensive guidelines for women supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

See Medical Benefits Section for further information.

Copies of the recommendations and guidelines may be found at the following websites: https://www/healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/

https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/uspstf-a-and-b-recommendations/

https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/index.html

https://www.aap.org/en-us/Documents/periodicity_schedule.pdf

https://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/

"Prior Plan"

"Prior Plan" shall mean the coverage provided on a group or group type basis by the group insurance policy, benefit plan or service plan that was terminated on the day before the Effective Date of the Plan and replaced by the Plan.

"Prior to Effective Date" or "After Termination Date"

"Prior to Effective Date" or "After Termination Date" are dates occurring before a Participant gains eligibility from the Plan, or dates occurring after a Participant loses eligibility from the Plan, as well as charges Incurred Prior to the Effective Date of coverage under the Plan or after coverage is terminated, unless continuation of benefits applies.

"Privacy Standards"

"Privacy Standards" shall mean the standards of the privacy of individually identifiable health information, as pursuant to HIPAA.

"Provider"

"Provider" shall mean an entity whose primary responsibility is related to the supply of medical care. Each Provider must be licensed, registered, or certified by the appropriate State agency where the medical care is performed, as required by that State's law where applicable. Where there is no applicable State agency, licensure, or regulation, the Provider must be registered or certified by the appropriate professional body. The Plan Administrator may determine that an entity is not a "Provider" as defined herein if that entity is not deemed to be a "Provider" by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for purposes arising from payment and/or enrollment with Medicare; however, the Plan Administrator is not so bound by CMS' determination of an entity's status as a Provider. All facilities must meet the standards as set forth within the applicable definitions of the Plan as it relates to the relevant provider type.

"Psychiatric Hospital"

"Psychiatric Hospital" shall mean an Institution, appropriately licensed as a Psychiatric Hospital, established for the primary purpose of providing diagnostic and therapeutic psychiatric services for the treatment of mentally ill persons either by, or under the supervision of, a Physician. As such, to be deemed a "Psychiatric Hospital," the Institution must ensure every patient is under the care of a Physician and their staffing pattern must ensure the availability of a Registered Nurse 24 hours each day. Should the Institution fail to maintain clinical medical records on all patients permitting the determination of the degree and intensity of treatment to be provided, that Institution will not be deemed to be a "Psychiatric Hospital."

To be deemed a "Psychiatric Hospital," the Institution must be duly licensed and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution.

"Qualified Medical Child Support Order" or "QMCSO"

"Qualified Medical Child Support Order" or "QMCSO" shall mean a Medical Child Support Order, in accordance with applicable law, and which creates or recognizes the existence of an Alternate Recipient's right to, or assigns to an Alternate Recipient the right to, receive benefits for which a Participant or eligible Dependent is entitled under this Plan.

"Rehabilitation"

"Rehabilitation" shall mean treatment(s) designed to facilitate the process of recovery from Injury, Illness, or Disease to as normal a condition as possible.

"Rehabilitation Hospital"

"Rehabilitation Hospital" shall mean an appropriately licensed Institution, which is established in accordance with all relevant Federal, State and other applicable laws, to provide therapeutic and restorative

services to individuals seeking to maintain, reestablish, or improve motor-skills and other functioning deemed Medically Necessary for daily living, that have been lost or impaired due to Sickness and/or Injury. To be deemed a "Rehabilitation Hospital," the Institution must be legally constituted, operated, and accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities, as well as approved for its stated purpose by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for Medicare purposes.

To be deemed a "Rehabilitation Hospital," the Institution must be duly licensed and must not be primarily a place for rest, the aged, and/or a nursing home, custodial, or training institution.

"Residential Treatment Facility"

"Residential Treatment Facility" shall mean a facility licensed or certified as such by the jurisdiction in which it is located to operate a program for the treatment and care of Participants diagnosed with alcohol, drug or Substance Abuse disorders or mental illness.

"Room and Board"

"Room and Board" shall mean a Hospital's charge for any of the following:

- 1. Room and complete linen service.
- 2. Dietary service including all meals, special diets, therapeutic diets, required nourishment's, dietary supplements and dietary consultation.
- 3. All general nursing services including but not limited to coordinating the delivery of care, supervising the performance of other staff members who have delegated member care and member education.
- 4. Other conditions of occupancy which are Medically Necessary.

"Security Standards"

"Security Standards" shall mean the final rule implementing HIPAA's Security Standards for the Protection of Electronic Protected Health Information (PHI), as amended.

"Service Waiting Period"

"Service Waiting Period" shall mean an interval of time that must pass before an Employee or Dependent is eligible to enroll under the terms of the Plan. The Employee must be a continuously Active Employee of the Employer during this interval of time.

"Sickness"

"Sickness" shall have the meaning set forth in the definition of "Disease."

"Skilled Nursing Facility"

"Skilled Nursing Facility" shall mean a facility that fully meets all of the following requirements:

- It is licensed to provide professional nursing services on an Inpatient basis to persons convalescing
 from Injury or Sickness. The service must be rendered by a Registered Nurse (R.N.) or by a
 Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.) under the direction of a Registered Nurse. Services to help
 restore patients to self-care in essential daily living activities must be provided.
- 2. Its services are provided for compensation and under the full-time supervision of a Physician.
- 3. It provides 24 hour per day nursing services by licensed nurses, under the direction of a full-time Registered Nurse.
- 4. It maintains a complete medical record on each patient.
- 5. It has an effective utilization review plan.
- 6. It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, the aged, drug addicts, alcoholics, mentally disabled, Custodial Care, educational care or care of Mental or Nervous Disorders.
- 7. It is approved and licensed by Medicare.

"Substance Abuse" and/or "Substance Use Disorder"

"Substance Abuse" and/or "Substance Use Disorder" shall mean any use of alcohol, any drug (whether obtained legally or illegally), any narcotic, or any hallucinogenic or other illegal substance, which produces

a pattern of pathological use, causing impairment in social or occupational functioning, or which produces physiological dependency evidenced by physical tolerance or withdrawal. It is the excessive use of a substance, especially alcohol or a drug. The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) definition of "Substance Use Disorder" is applied as outlined below.

A maladaptive pattern of substance use leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by one or more, of the following, occurring within a 12 month period:

- 1. Recurrent substance use resulting in a failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school or home (e.g., repeated absences or poor work performance related to substance use; substance-related absences, suspensions or expulsions from school; neglect of children or household).
- 2. Recurrent substance use in situations in which it is physically hazardous (e.g., driving an automobile or operating a machine when impaired by substance use).
- 3. Craving or a strong desire or urge to use a substance.
- 4. Continued substance use despite having persistent or recurrent social or interpersonal problems caused or exacerbated by the effects of the substance (e.g., arguments with spouse about consequences of intoxication, physical fights).

The fact that a disorder is listed in the DSM does not mean that treatment of the disorder is covered by the Plan.

"Substance Abuse Treatment Center"

"Substance Abuse Treatment Center" shall mean an Institution whose facility is licensed, certified or approved as a Substance Abuse Treatment Center by a Federal, State, or other agency having legal authority to so license; which is affiliated with a Hospital and whose primary purpose is providing diagnostic and therapeutic services for treatment of Substance Abuse. To be deemed a "Substance Abuse Treatment Center," the Institution must have a contractual agreement with the affiliated Hospital by which a system for patient referral is established, and implement treatment by means of a written treatment plan approved and monitored by a Physician. Where applicable, the "Substance Abuse Treatment Center" must also be appropriately accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.

"Surgery"

"Surgery" shall in the Plan Administrator's discretion mean the treatment of Injuries or disorders of the body by incision or manipulation, especially with instruments designed specifically for that purpose, and the performance of generally accepted operative and cutting procedures, performed within the scope of the Provider's license.

"Surgical Procedure"

"Surgical Procedure" shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of "Surgery."

"Third Party Administrator"

"Third Party Administrator" shall mean the claims administrator which provides customer service and claims payment services only and does not assume any financial risk or obligation with respect to those claims. The Third Party Administrator is not an insurer of health benefits under this Plan, is not a fiduciary of the Plan, and does not exercise any of the discretionary authority and responsibility granted to the Plan Administrator. The Third Party Administrator is not responsible for Plan financing and does not guarantee the availability of benefits under this Plan.

"Uniformed Services"

"Uniformed Services" shall mean the Armed Forces, the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard, when engaged in active duty for training, inactive duty training, or full time National Guard duty, the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service, and any other category of persons designated by the President of the United States in time of war or Emergency.

"USERRA"

"USERRA" shall mean the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 ("USERRA").

"Utilization Review Manager"

"Utilization Review Manager" shall mean a team of medical care professionals selected to conduct precertification review, emergency admission review, continued stay review, discharge planning, patient consultation, and case management. For more information, see the Utilization Management section of this document.

"Usual and Customary"

"Usual and Customary" shall mean, with respect to a Preferred Provider, the in-network negotiated maximum charge amount. Usual and Customary shall mean, with respect to a non-Preferred Provider for non-emergency department treatment, the lesser of the provider's billed charge or a reasonable compensation amount. The reasonable compensation amount is determined by Data iSight in accordance with its standard practices and procedures and based on one or more of the following:

- 1. Using current publicly-available data reflecting fees typically reimbursed to providers for professional services, adjusted for geographical differences, where applicable;
- 2. Using current publicly-available data reflecting the costs for facilities providing the same or similar services, adjusted for geographical differences plus a margin factor, where applicable; or
- 3. Using an amount negotiated with the provider for the specific services provided. For emergency department treatment, Usual and Customary with respect to a non-Preferred Provider shall mean the greater of:
 - 1. The amount calculated using the above methodology;
 - 2. The median rate negotiated with Preferred Providers; or
 - 3. The fee paid by Medicare for the same services.

All other defined terms in this Plan Document shall have the meanings specified in the Plan Document where they appear.

GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

Some health care services are not covered by the Plan. Coverage is not available from the Plan for charges arising from care, supplies, treatment, and/or services:

Abortion. Incurred directly or indirectly as the result of an abortion except when the life of the mother is endangered by the continued Pregnancy, or the Pregnancy is the result of rape or incest;

Acupuncture. Relating directly or indirectly to acupuncture, including acupuncture provided in lieu of anesthetic.

Administrative Costs. That are solely for and/or applicable to administrative costs of completing claim forms or reports or for providing records wherever allowed by applicable law and/or regulation.

After the Termination Date. That are Incurred by the Participant on or after the date coverage terminates, even if payments have been predetermined for a course of treatment submitted before the termination date, unless otherwise deemed to be covered in accordance with the terms of the Plan or applicable law and/or regulation.

Alternative Medicine. For holistic or homeopathic treatment, naturopathic services, and thermography, including drugs.

Biofeedback. For biofeedback.

Breast Pumps. For manual or electric breast pumps.

Broken Appointments. That are charged solely due to the Participant's having failed to honor an appointment.

Complications of Non-Covered Services. That are required as a result of complications from a service not covered under the Plan, unless expressly stated otherwise.

Confined Persons. That are for services, supplies, and/or treatment of any Participant that were Incurred while confined and/or arising from confinement in a prison, jail or other penal institution.

Consultations. For charges relating to consultative information provided by a physician or pharmacist, including telephone conversations.

Cosmetic Surgery. That are incurred in connection with the care and/or treatment of Surgical Procedures which are performed for plastic, reconstructive or cosmetic purposes or any other service or supply which are primarily used to improve, alter or enhance appearance, whether or not for psychological or emotional reasons, except to the extent where it is needed for: (a) repair or alleviation of damage resulting from an Accident; (b) because of infection or Illness; (c) because of congenital Disease, developmental condition or anomaly of a covered Dependent Child which has resulted in a functional defect. A treatment will be considered cosmetic for either of the following reasons: (a) its primary purpose is to beautify or (b) there is no documentation of a clinically significant impairment, meaning decrease in function or change in physiology due to Injury, Illness or congenital abnormality. The term "cosmetic services" includes those services which are described in IRS Code Section 213(d)(9).

Custodial Care. That do not restore health, unless specifically mentioned otherwise.

Deductible. That are amounts applied toward satisfaction of Deductibles and expenses that are defined as the Participant's responsibility in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Detoxification. Treatment solely for detoxification or primarily for maintenance care is not considered effective treatment. Detoxification is care aimed primarily at overcoming the effects of a specific drinking or drug episode. Maintenance care consists of the providing of an alcohol-free or drug-free environment.

Dialysis. For expenses related to kidney dialysis beyond the 150% of the Medicare National Fee Schedule of the Physician's fee reference or the discount allowed by EthiCare Advisors, Inc, whichever is the greater discount to the Participant/Plan.

Education or Training Program. Performed by a Physician or other Provider enrolled in an education or training program when such services are related to the education or training program, except as specifically provided herein.

Examinations. Any health examination required by any law of a government to secure insurance or professional or other licenses, except as required under applicable federal law.

Excess. That exceed Plan limits, set forth herein and including (but not limited to) the Maximum Allowable Charge in the Plan Administrator's discretion and as determined by the Plan Administrator, in accordance with the Plan terms as set forth by and within this document.

Experimental. That are Experimental or Investigational.

Eye Refractions. For eye refractions, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or the vision examination for prescribing or fitting eyeglasses or contact lenses (except for aphabic patients, and soft lenses or sclera shells intended for use in the treatment of Disease or Injury). Vision examinations for prescribing or fitting eyeglasses or contact lenses are covered under the Vision Benefits.

Foot Care. Routine foot care and routine services performed by a licensed podiatrist, such as trimming of toenails and callouses.

Foreign Travel. That are received outside of the United States if travel is for the purpose of obtaining medical services, unless otherwise approved by the Plan Administrator.

Genetic Counseling or Testing. Care and treatment that is either for genetic counseling or testing, except as otherwise covered under the Preventive Care benefit.

Government. That the Participant obtains, but which is paid, may be paid, is provided or could be provided for at no cost to the Participant through any program or agency, in accordance with the laws or regulations of any government, or where care is provided at government expense, unless there is a legal obligation for the Participant to pay for such treatment or service in the absence of coverage. This Exclusion does not apply when otherwise prohibited by law, including laws applicable to Medicaid and Medicare.

Government-Operated Facilities. That meet the following requirements:

- 1. That are services furnished to the Participant in any veteran's Hospital, military Hospital, Institution or facility operated by the United States government or by any State government or any agency or instrumentality of such governments.
- 2. That are services or supplies which can be paid for by any government agency, even if the patient waives his rights to those services or supplies.

NOTE: This Exclusion does not apply to treatment of non-service related disabilities or for Inpatient care provided in a military or other Federal government Hospital to Dependents of active duty armed service personnel or armed service retirees and their Dependents. This Exclusion does not apply where otherwise prohibited by law.

Hypnosis. Related to the use of hypnosis.

Immediate Family Member. That are rendered by a member of the immediate Family Unit or person regularly residing in the same household; whether the relationship is by blood or exists in law.

Impregnation and Infertility Treatment. Following charges related to Impregnation and Infertility Treatment: artificial insemination, fertility Drugs, G.I.F.T. (Gamete Intrafallopian Transfer), impotency Drugs such as Viagra™, in-vitro fertilization, surrogate mother (unless the surrogate is a Participant, in which case the Preventive Care and/or Pregnancy expenses will be covered in accordance with the Plan provisions), donor eggs, collection or purchase of donor semen (sperm) or oocytes (eggs), and freezing of sperm, oocytes, or embryos, or any type of artificial impregnation procedure, whether or not such procedure is successful.

Incurred by Other Persons. That are expenses actually Incurred by other persons.

Long Term Care. That are related to long term care.

Marijuana. For marijuana or marijuana-derived substances (like THC oil), even if the Participant has a prescription and marijuana is legal in the state where he or she lives.

Medical Necessity. That are not Medically Necessary and/or arise from services and/or supplies that are not Medically Necessary.

Military Service. That are related to conditions determined by the Veteran's Administration to be connected to active service in the military of the United States, except to the extent prohibited or modified by law.

Negligence. That are for Injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any caregiver, Institution, or Provider, as determined by the Plan Administrator, in its discretion, in light of applicable laws and evidence available to the Plan Administrator.

Nicotine Addiction. For nicotine withdrawal programs, facilities, Drugs or supplies, except as specified under Preventive Care.

No Coverage. That are Incurred at a time when no coverage is in force for the applicable Participant and/or Dependent.

No Legal Obligation. That are for services provided to a Participant for which the Provider of a service does not and/or would not customarily render a direct charge, or charges Incurred for which the Participant or Plan has no legal obligation to pay, or for which no charges would be made in the absence of this coverage, including but not limited to charges for services not actually rendered, fees, care, supplies, or services for which a person, company or any other entity except the Participant or the Plan, may be liable for necessitating the fees, care, supplies, or services.

Non-Prescription Drugs. For drugs for use outside of a Hospital or other Inpatient facility that can be purchased over-the-counter and without a Physician's written prescription. Drugs for which there is a non-prescription equivalent available. This does not apply to the extent the non-prescription drug must be covered under Preventive Care, subject to the Affordable Care Act.

Not Acceptable. That are not accepted as standard practice by the American Medical Association (AMA), American Dental Association (ADA), or the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

Not Covered Provider. That are performed by Providers that do not satisfy all the requirements per the Provider definition as defined within this Plan.

Not Specified As Covered. That are not specified as covered under any provision of this Plan.

Nutritional Supplements. For nutritional supplements, except as specified under Preventive Care.

Obesity. Charges for the treatment of Obesity or Morbid Obesity and charges related to weight control, including Surgery (i.e., gastric by-pass and similar Surgical Procedures) and complications incurred as a result of such Surgery for the diagnosis of Obesity, including reversals., except for the diagnosis of Morbid Obesity and only when the treatment meets the Utilization Review Company's criteria for Medical Necessity.

Occupational. That are for any condition, Illness, Injury or complication thereof arising out of or in the course of employment, including self-employment, or an activity for wage or profit where workers' compensation or another form of occupational Injury medical coverage may be available.

Oral Surgery. For oral surgery or dental treatment, except as specifically provided in the Plan.

Organ Transplants. Related to donation of a human organ or tissue, except as specifically provided.

Orthopedic Shoes. For orthopedic shoes, unless they are an integral part of a leg brace and the cost is included in the orthotist's charge, and other supportive devices for the feet.

Osseous Surgery. For osseous surgery.

Other than Attending Physician. That are other than those certified by a Physician who is attending the Participant as being required for the treatment of Injury or Disease, and performed by an appropriate Provider.

Personal Convenience Items. For equipment that does not meet the definition of Durable Medical Equipment, including air conditioners, humidifiers and exercise equipment, whether or not recommended by a Physician.

Postage, Shipping, Handling Charges, Etc. That are for any postage, shipping or handling charges which may occur in the transmittal of information to the Third Party Administrator; including interest or financing charges.

Pregnancy of a Dependent Child. Incurred by an eligible Dependent Child, including, but not limited to, pre-natal, delivery and post-natal care, treatment of miscarriage and complications due to Pregnancy, unless specifically provided as a covered benefit elsewhere in this Plan. **NOTE:** Preventive care charges for Pregnancy are covered under the Preventive Care benefit in the Medical Benefits section.

Prior to Coverage. That are rendered or received prior to or after any period of coverage hereunder, except as specifically provided herein.

Prohibited by Law. That are to the extent that payment under this Plan is prohibited by law.

Provider Error. That are required as a result of unreasonable Provider error.

Radial Keratotomy. For radial keratotomy or other plastic surgeries on the cornea in lieu of eyeglasses.

Routine Physical Examinations. For routine or periodic physical examinations, related x-ray and laboratory expenses, and nutritional supplements, except as provided in the Summary of Benefits.

Self-Inflicted. That are the result of intentionally self-inflicted Injuries or Illnesses. This exclusion does not apply (a) if the Injury resulted from being the victim of an act of domestic violence, or (b) resulted from a documented medical condition (including both physical and mental health conditions);

Sex Assignment/Reassignment. Related to a sex change operation.

Sexual Dysfunction Therapy or Surgery. For sexual dysfunctions or inadequacies that do not have psychological or organic basis.

Sterilization Reversal. For sterilization procedure reversal.

Subrogation, Reimbursement, and/or Third Party Responsibility. That are for an Illness, Injury or Sickness not payable by virtue of the Plan's subrogation, reimbursement, and/or third party responsibility provisions.

Temporomandibular Joint Disorder. Charges for the Diagnosis and treatment of, or in connection with, temporomandibular joint disorders, myofascial pain dysfunction or orthognathic treatment.

Travel. For travel, whether or not recommended by a Physician, except as specifically provided herein.

Unreasonable. That are not reasonable in nature or in charge (see definition of Maximum Allowable Charge), or are required to treat Illness or Injuries arising from and due to a Provider's error, wherein such Illness, Injury, infection or complication is not reasonably expected to occur. This Exclusion will apply to expenses directly or indirectly resulting from circumstances that, in the opinion of the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion, gave rise to the expense and are not generally foreseeable or expected amongst professionals practicing the same or similar type(s) of medicine as the treating Provider whose error caused the loss(es).

Vitamins. For vitamins.

War/Riot. That Incurred as a result of war or any act of war, whether declared or undeclared, or any act of aggression by any country, including rebellion or riot, when the Participant is a member of the armed forces of any country, or during service by a Participant in the armed forces of any country, or voluntary participation in a riot. This Exclusion does not apply to any Participant who is not a member of the armed forces, and does not apply to victims of any act of war or aggression.

Wheelchairs. For charges related to customizable wheelchairs.

Wigs. Charges associated with the purchase of a wig.

With respect to any Injury which is otherwise covered by the Plan, the Plan will not deny benefits otherwise provided for treatment of the Injury if the Injury results from being the victim of an act of domestic violence or a documented medical condition. To the extent consistent with applicable law, this exception will not require this Plan to provide particular benefits other than those provided under the terms of the Plan.

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

Participating pharmacies ("Participating Pharmacies") have contracted with the Plan to charge Participants reduced fees for covered Drugs. Express Scripts is the administrator of the prescription drug plan. Participants will be issued an identification card to use at the pharmacy at time of purchase. Participants will be held fully responsible for the consequences of any pharmacy identification card after termination of coverage. No reimbursement will be made when a Drug is purchased from a non-Participating Pharmacy or when the identification card is not used.

The Mail Order Option is available for maintenance medications (those that are taken for long periods of time, such as Drugs sometimes prescribed for heart Disease, high blood pressure, asthma, etc.). Because of the volume buying, Express Scripts, the mail order pharmacy, is able to offer Participants significant savings on their prescriptions.

The Copayment is applied to each charge and is shown on the Summary of Benefits, above. The Copayment amount applies toward the medical plan out-of-pocket maximum.

Covered Expenses

The following are covered under the Plan:

Acne Control. Drugs that help manage the severity and frequency of acne outbreaks that cannot be purchased over-the-counter.

Bee Sting Kits. Charges for EPI PEN and Ana Kit.

Compounded Prescriptions. All compounded prescriptions containing at least one prescription ingredient in a therapeutic quantity.

Contraceptives. All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved contraceptives Drugs, in accordance with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) guidelines.

Diabetes. Insulins, insulin syringes and needles, diabetic supplies – legend, diabetic supplies – over the counter, and glucose test strips, when prescribed by a Physician.

Drug Efficacy Study Implementation (DESI) Drugs. Charges for DESI Drugs.

Imitrex Injection. Charges for Imitrex injections (migraine auto-injector).

Immunizations. Immunization agents or biological sera.

Immunologicals. Charges for immunologicals (vaccines).

Legend Drugs.

- 1. Class V Drugs.
- 2. Diabetic Supplies.
- 3. Diagnostics.
- 4. Legend Drugs with over the counter equivalents.
- 5. Pre natal vitamins.

Medical Devices and Supplies. Charges for legend and over the counter medical devices and supplies.

Required by Law. All Drugs prescribed by a Physician that require a prescription either by Federal or State law, except injectables (other than insulin) and the Drugs excluded below.

Smoking Deterrents. A charge for Drugs or aids for smoking cessation, including, but not limited to, nicotine gum and smoking cessation patches, to the extent required by the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

Limitations

The benefits set forth in this section will be limited to:

Dosages.

- 1. With respect to the Pharmacy Option, any one prescription is limited to a 30 day supply.
- 2. With respect to the Mail Order Option, any one prescription is limited to a 90 day supply.
- 3. With respect to the Specialty Drug Option, any one prescription is limited to a 30 day supply.

Refills.

- 1. Refills only up to the number of times specified by a Physician.
- 2. Refills up to one year from the date of order by a Physician.

Exclusions

In addition to the General Limitations and Exclusions section, the following are not covered by the Plan:

Administration. Any charge for the administration of a covered Drug.

Allergy Sera. Charges for allergy sera.

Anorexiants. Anorexiants (weight loss Drugs).

Anti-Aging Products. Drugs intended to affect the structure or function of the skin that cannot be purchased over-the-counter.

Blood and Blood Plasma. Charges for blood and blood plasma.

Consumed Where Dispensed. Any Drug or medicine that is consumed or administered at the place where it is dispensed.

Devices. Devices of any type, even though such devices may require a prescription, including, but not limited to, therapeutic devices, artificial appliances, braces, support garments or any similar device.

Experimental Drugs. Experimental Drugs and medicines, even though a charge is made to the Participant.

Fertility Agents. Charges for fertility agents.

Growth Hormones. Charges for growth hormones.

Impotency. A charge for impotency medication, including Viagra.

Injectables. A charge for injectables.

Institutional Medication. A Drug or medicine that is to be taken by a Participant, in whole or in part, while confined in an Institution, including any Institution that has a facility for dispensing Drugs and medicines on its premises.

Investigational Use Drugs. A Drug or medicine labeled "Caution – limited by Federal law to Investigational use".

No Charge. A charge for drugs which may be properly received without charge under local, State or Federal programs.

Non-Insulin Syringes/Needles. Charges for non-insulin syringes and needles.

Non-Prescription Drug or Medicine. A drug or medicine that can legally be bought without a prescription, except for injectable insulin.

Over-the-Counter Drugs. Charges for over-the-counter drugs, except to the extent required by the Affordable Care Act:

- 1. Medical Devices and Supplies.
- 2. Pre-natal vitamins.
- 3. Vitamins.

Rogaine. Charges for Rogaine (topical minoxidil).

Steroids. Anabolic steroids.

Vitamins. Vitamins, except pre-natal vitamins.

DENTAL BENEFITS

The Deductible amount, if any, which is listed above, is the amount each Participant must pay each Calendar Year toward Covered Expenses. Once the Deductible is satisfied, additional Covered Expenses will be reimbursed according to the percentages set forth above, subject to the limitations and Exclusions set forth in this section. Dental and Orthodontic expense benefits are separate from and in addition to the Medical Benefits of this Plan. These benefits are available only if elected by an Employee for himself/herself and eligible Dependents.

Alternate Treatment

Many dental conditions can be treated in more than one way. This Plan has an "alternate treatment" clause which governs the amount of benefits the Plan will pay for treatments covered under the Plan. If a Participant chooses a more expensive treatment than is needed to correct a dental problem according to accepted standards of dental practice, the benefit payment will be based on the cost of the treatment which provides professionally satisfactory results at the most cost effective level.

For example, if a regular amalgam filling is sufficient to restore a tooth to health, and the Participant and the Dentist decide to use a gold filling, the Plan will base its reimbursement on the Maximum Allowable Charge for an amalgam filling. The patient will pay the difference in cost.

Pre-determination of Dental Benefits

If a planned dental service or Participant's proposed course of treatment can be reasonably expected to involve dental charges of \$500 or more, a Participant may submit a description of the procedures to be performed and an estimate of the charges therefore may be filed with the Plan Administrator or Third Party Administrator prior to the commencement of the course of treatment. However, approval is <u>not required</u> prior to treatment. Any pre-determination of dental benefits is provided only as a convenience to the Participant.

If requested, the Plan Administrator or Third Party Administrator will notify the Employee, and the Dentist or Physician, of the pre determination based upon such proposed course of treatment. In determining the amount of benefits available, consideration will be given to alternate procedures, services, supplies and courses of treatment which may be performed to accomplish the required result. The pre-determination is not a guarantee of payment or approval of a benefit. After treatment is received, a claim must be filed as a post service claim, which will be subject to all applicable Plan provisions.

Dental Covered Expenses

The following is a brief description of the types of expenses that will be considered for coverage under the Plan, subject to the limitations contained in the Summary of Benefits. Charges must be for services and supplies customarily employed for treatment of the dental condition, and rendered in accordance with ADA accepted standards of practice. Coverage will be limited to the Maximum Allowable Charge.

Class 1 Services (Preventative - 80% coverage level)

- 1. Routine oral examinations and prophylaxis (cleaning, scaling and polishing teeth), but not more than once every 6 months.
- 2. Periapical x-rays, as required, and bitewing x-rays once twice per Calendar Year.
- 3. Sealants on the occlusal surface of a permanent posterior tooth for Dependent Children under age 19, but not more than once every 6 months.
- 4. Topical application of fluoride for Dependent Children under age 19, but not more than once every 6 months.
- 5. Space maintainers (not made of precious metals) that replace prematurely lost teeth for Dependent Children under age 19. No payment will be made for duplicate space maintainers.
- 6. Palliative Emergency treatment of an acute condition requiring immediate care.
- 7. Full mouth x-rays, but not more than once every 24 months.

Class 2 Services (Basic - 80% coverage level)

- 1. All Medically Necessary x-rays not covered under another Class.
- 2. Amalgam, silicate, acrylic, synthetic porcelain and composite filling restorations to restore Diseased or accidentally broken teeth. Gold foil restorations are not eligible.
- 3. Simple extractions.
- 4. Endodontics, including pulpotomy, direct pulp capping and root canal treatment.
- 5. Anesthetic services, except local infiltration or block anesthetics, performed by, or under the direct personal supervision of, and billed for by a Dentist, other than the operating Dentist or his or her assistant upon demonstration of Medical Necessity.
- 6. Periodontal examinations, treatment and Surgery.
- 7. Consultations.
- 8. Repair or recementing of crowns, inlays, bridgework or dentures and relining of dentures.
- 9. Oral surgery.

Class 3 Services (Major - 50% coverage level)

Prosthodontic services (initial installation or replacement of bridgework or dentures) will be covered only when a Participant has been covered continuously for at least 12 months, unless otherwise required by applicable law.

- 1. Inlays, gold fillings, crowns, and initial installation of full or partial dentures or fixed bridgework to replace one or more natural teeth.
- 2. Gold foil restorations
- 3. Dental devices for the treatment of sleep apnea.
- 4. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, replacement of an existing denture or fixed bridgework, or the addition of teeth to an existing partial removable denture or bridgework, to replace one or more natural teeth:
 - a. Where the existing denture or bridgework was installed at least five years prior to its replacement and it cannot be made serviceable.
 - b. Where the existing denture is an immediate temporary denture, and necessary replacement by the permanent denture takes place within 12 months.
- Periodontal scaling.
- 6. Stainless steel crowns.

Class 4 Services (Orthodontia - 50% coverage level)

This is treatment to move teeth by means of appliances to correct a handicapping malocclusion of the mouth.

Orthodontic services will be eligible only when provided to covered Dependents who are under age 19 when treatment is received.

- 1. Preliminary study, including cephalometric radiographs, diagnostic casts and treatment plan.
- 2. Interceptive, interventive or preventive orthodontic services.
- 3. Fixed and removable appliance placement, and active treatment per month after the first month.
- 4. Extractions in connection with orthodontic services.

Dental Exclusions and Limitations

The following Exclusions and limitations are in addition to those set forth in the sections entitled "General Limitations and Exclusions," and "Summary of Benefits."

Adjustments. Charges arising from alteration of dimension or occlusion; to address damage arising from abrasion or attrition; splinting and/or temporomandibular joint disturbances.

Administrative Costs. For administrative costs of completing claim forms or reports or for providing dental records.

After the Termination Date. The Plan will not pay for services or supplies furnished after the date coverage terminates. Predetermination of an allowable course of treatment and eligible services (claims for which coverage would be in effect had coverage not terminated) will not extend coverage beyond termination. The Plan will pay for a prosthetic device, crown, such as full or partial dentures, if the preparatory steps (such as an impression) had already initiated and/or been prepared for said device or crown, while the patient was a Participant in the Plan; so long as the device or crown is delivered and installed within two months following termination of coverage, as well as root canal therapy if the Dentist opened the tooth while the patient was a Participant, and treatment is completed within two months of coverage termination.

Anesthetic. Local infiltration anesthetic when billed for separately by a Dentist.

Broken Appointments. For charges for broken or missed dental appointments.

Cosmetic. Charges for cosmetic dental work, exclusive of Orthodontic Treatment if otherwise eligible for coverage, but inclusive of personalization or characterization of dentures or veneers or any cosmetic procedures or supplies.

Crowns. For crowns for teeth that are restorable by other means or for the purpose of periodontal splinting.

Education. Charges solely arising from instruction provided regarding oral health and/or diet, including a plaque control program.

Hygiene. For oral hygiene, plaque control programs or dietary instructions.

Implants. For implants, including any appliances and/or crowns and the surgical insertion or removal of implants, except first-time non-cosmetic dental implants.

Medical Benefits. For charges covered under the "Medical Benefits" section of the Plan.

Miscellaneous. The Plan does not cover any dental charge, service or supply not provided by a Dentist or Physician unless it is: (1) specifically for non-Experimental services performed at a dental school under the supervision of a Dentist, and only if the school customarily charges patients for its services, or (2) specifically for cleaning, scaling and/or application of fluoride, and is performed by a licensed dental hygienist under the supervision of a Dentist.

Missing Appliances. The cost of replacing lost, missing or stolen supplies, including implants, appliances, and prosthetics.

Missing Tooth. Charges for partials, bridges, or implants needed due a missing tooth if the tooth was extracted prior to enrolling in this Plan. This Exclusion does not apply for congenitally missing natural teeth.

More Expensive Course of Treatment. The aforementioned rules regarding Medical Necessity, Maximum Allowable Charge, and the least costly yet equally effective treatments shall apply here as well.

No Listing. For services which are not included in the list of covered dental services.

Orthognathic Surgery. For Surgery to correct malpositions in the bones of the jaw.

Osseous Surgery. Charges for osseous Surgery.

Personalization. For expenses for services or supplies that are cosmetic in nature, including charges for personalization or characterization of dentures.

Replacements. Charges for replacement of any prosthetic appliance, crown, inlay or onlay restoration, or fixed bridge, made within five years after the last placement, exclusive of replacement necessitated by damages caused by an Accidental Injury sustained by the Participant, resulting in damages that are beyond repair.

Single Provider Care. Charges arising from solely the transfer from one Provider's care to another, that would not have been Incurred had one Provider been utilized, and thereby in accordance with the Maximum Allowable Charge.

Splinting. For crowns, fillings or appliances that are used to connect (splint) teeth, or change or alter the way the teeth meet, including altering the vertical dimension, restoring the bite (occlusion) or are cosmetic.

TMJ. Treatment, by any means, of jaw joint problems including temporomandibular joint (TMJ) dysfunction and other craniomandibular disorders, or other conditions of the joint linking the jawbone and skull, and the muscles, nerves, and other tissues related to that joint, and appliances.

VISION BENEFITS

Vision benefits are separate from and in addition to the Medical Benefits of this Plan.

Vision Covered Expenses

Subject to the limits in the Summary of Benefits, the Plan pays the Maximum Allowable Charge for vision care services, as follows:

Vision Examinations. Subject to the limits in the Summary of Benefits. The Plan pays 80% of Usual and Customary charges for one examination per Covered Person in any Calendar Year (January 1 through December 31).

Frames, Lenses, and Contact Lenses. Subject to the limits in the Summary of Benefits. The Plan pays for frames, lenses, and contact lenses, including safety goggles and sunglasses to a Calendar Year (January 1 through December 31) maximum per Covered Person of \$125.00.

Vision Exclusions and Limitations

The following Exclusions and limitations are in addition to those set forth in the sections entitled "General Limitations and Exclusions," and "Summary of Benefits":

Consultations. Consultations.

Enrolled in a Training Program. Services performed by a Physician or other Provider enrolled in an education or training program when such services are related to the education or training program, except as specifically provided herein.

Eye Refractions. Eye refractions, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or the vision examination for prescribing or fitting eyeglasses or contact lenses (except for aphakic patients, and soft lenses or sclera shells intended for use in the treatment of Disease or Injury).

Glaucoma. Treatment of glaucoma, cataract surgery and one set of lenses (contacts or frame-type).

Greater Coverage. Any charges that are covered under a medical or health plan that reimburses a greater amount than this Plan.

Non Prescription Lenses. Charges for lenses ordered without a prescription or lenses that do not require a prescription.

Orthoptics. Charges for orthoptics (eye muscle exercises).

Radial Keratotomy. Radial keratotomy or other plastic surgeries on the cornea in lieu of eyeglasses.

Vision Training. Charges for vision training or subnormal vision aids.

CLAIM PROCEDURES; PAYMENT OF CLAIMS

Introduction

In accordance with applicable law, the Plan will allow an authorized representative to act on a Claimant's behalf in pursuing or appealing a benefit claim.

The availability of health benefit payments is dependent upon Claimants complying with the following:

Health Claims

Full and final authority to adjudicate claims and make determinations as to their payability by and under the Plan belongs to and resides solely with the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator shall make claims adjudication determinations after full and fair review and in accordance with the terms of this Plan and applicable law. To receive due consideration, claims for benefits and questions regarding said claims should be directed to the Third Party Administrator. The Plan Administrator may delegate to the Third Party Administrator responsibility to process claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Plan Administrator's directive(s). The Third Party Administrator is not a fiduciary of the Plan and does not have discretionary authority to make claims payment decisions or interpret the meaning of the Plan terms.

Written proof that expenses eligible for Plan reimbursement and/or payment were Incurred, as well as proof of their eligibility for payment by the Plan, must be provided to the Plan Administrator via the Third Party Administrator. Although a provider of medical services and/or supplies may submit such claims directly to the Plan by virtue of an assignment of benefits, ultimate responsibility for supplying such written proof remains with the Claimant. The Plan Administrator may determine the time and fashion by which such proof must be submitted. No benefits shall be payable under the Plan if the Plan Administrator so determines that the claims are not eligible for Plan payment, or, if inadequate proof is provided by the Claimant or entities submitting claims to the Plan on the Claimant's behalf.

A call from a Provider who wants to know if an individual is covered under the Plan, or if a certain procedure is covered by the Plan, prior to providing treatment is not a "claim," since an actual claim for benefits is not being filed with the Plan. These are simply requests for information, and any response is not a guarantee of benefits, since payment of benefits is subject to all Plan provisions, limitations and Exclusions. Once treatment is rendered, a Clean Claim must be filed with the Plan (which will be a "Post-service Claim"). At that time, a determination will be made as to what benefits are payable under the Plan.

A Claimant has the right to request a review of an Adverse Benefit Determination. If the claim is denied at the end of the appeal process, as described below, the Plan's final decision is known as a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination. If the Claimant receives notice of a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, or if the Plan does not follow the claims procedures properly, the Claimant then has the right to request an independent external review. The external review procedures are described below.

The claims procedures are intended to provide a full and fair review. This means, among other things, that claims and appeals will be decided in a manner designed to ensure the independence and impartiality of the persons involved in making these decisions.

Benefits will be payable to a Claimant, or to a Provider that has accepted an assignment of benefits as consideration in full for services rendered.

According to Federal regulations which apply to the Plan, there are four types of claims: Pre-service (Urgent and Non-urgent), Concurrent Care and Post-service.

1. <u>Pre-service Claims</u>. A "Pre-service Claim" occurs when issuance of payment by the Plan is dependent upon determination of payability prior to the receipt of the applicable medical care; however, if the Plan does not require the Claimant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment, then there is no "Pre-service Claim."

Urgent care or Emergency medical services or admissions will not require notice to the Plan prior to the receipt of care. Furthermore, if in the opinion of a Physician with knowledge of the Claimant's medical condition, pre-determination of payability by the Plan prior to the receipt of medical care (a Pre-service Claim) would result in a delay adequate to jeopardize the life or health of the Claimant, hinder the Claimant's ability to regain maximum function (compared to treatment without delay), or subject the Claimant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment that is the subject of the claim, said claim may be deemed to be a "Pre-service Urgent Care Claim." In such circumstances, the Claimant is urged to obtain the applicable care without delay, and communicate with the Plan regarding their claim(s) as soon as reasonably possible.

If, due to Emergency or urgency as defined above, a Pre-service claim is not possible, the Claimant must comply with the Plan's requirements with respect to notice required after receipt of treatment, and must file the claim as a Post-service Claim, as herein described.

Pre-admission certification of a non-Emergency Hospital admission is a "claim" only to the extent of the determination made – that the type of procedure or condition warrants Inpatient confinement for a certain number of days. The rules regarding Pre-service Claims will apply to that determination only. Once a Claimant has the treatment in question, the claim for benefits relating to that treatment will be treated as a Post-service Claim.

- 2. <u>Concurrent Claims</u>. If a Claimant requires an on-going course of treatment over a period of time or via a number of treatments, the Plan may approve of a "Concurrent Claim." In such circumstances, the Claimant must notify the Plan of such necessary ongoing or routine medical care, and the Plan will assess the Concurrent Claim as well as determine whether the course of treatment should be reduced or terminated. The Claimant, in turn, may request an extension of the course of treatment beyond that which the Plan has approved. If the Plan does not require the Claimant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment, then there is no need to contact the Plan Administrator to request an extension of a course of treatment, and the Claimant must simply comply with the Plan's requirements with respect to notice required after receipt of treatment, as herein described.
- 3. <u>Post-service Claims</u>. A "Post-service Claim" is a claim for benefits from the Plan after the medical services and/or supplies have already been provided.

When Claims Must Be Filed

Post-service health claims (which must be Clean Claims) must be filed with the Third Party Administrator within 180 days of the date charges for the service(s) and/or supplies were Incurred. Benefits are based upon the Plan's provisions at the time the charges were Incurred. Claims filed later than that date shall be denied.

A Pre-service Claim (including a Concurrent claim that also is a Pre-service claim) is considered to be filed when the request for approval of treatment or services is made and received by the Third Party Administrator in accordance with the Plan's procedures.

A Post-service Claim is considered to be filed when the following information is received by the Third Party Administrator, together with the industry standard claim form:

- 1. The date of service.
- 2. The name, address, telephone number and tax identification number of the Provider of the services or supplies.
- 3. The place where the services were rendered.
- 4. The Diagnosis and procedure codes.
- 5. The amount of charges, which reflect any applicable PPO re-pricing, if any.
- 6. The name of the Plan.
- 7. The name of the covered Employee.

8. The name of the patient.

Upon receipt of this information, the claim will be deemed to be initiated with the Plan.

The Third Party Administrator will determine if enough information has been submitted to enable proper consideration of the claim (a Clean Claim). If not, more information may be requested as provided herein. This additional information must be received by the Third Party Administrator within 45 days (48 hours in the case of Pre-service urgent care claims) from receipt by the Claimant of the request for additional information. **Failure to do so may result in claims being declined or reduced.**

Timing of Claim Decisions

The Plan Administrator shall notify the Claimant, in accordance with the provisions set forth below, of any Adverse Benefit Determination (and, in the case of Pre-service claims and Concurrent claims, of decisions that a claim is payable in full) within the following timeframes:

1. Pre-service Urgent Care Claims:

- a. If the Claimant has provided all of the necessary information, as soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the claim.
- b. If the Claimant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim, then the Claimant will be notified as to what specific information is needed as soon as possible, but not later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim.
- c. The Claimant will be notified of a determination of benefits as soon as possible, but not later than 48 hours, taking into account the medical exigencies, after the earliest of:
 - i. The end of the period afforded the Claimant to provide the information.
 - ii. The Plan's receipt of the specified information.
- d. If there is an Adverse Benefit Determination, a request for an expedited appeal may be submitted orally or in writing by the Claimant. All necessary information, including the Plan's benefit determination on review, may be transmitted between the Plan and the Claimant by telephone, facsimile, or other similarly expeditious method. Alternatively, the Claimant may request an expedited review under the external review process.

2. Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims:

- a. If the Claimant has provided all of the information needed to process the claim, in a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, but not later than 15 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15 day extension period.
- b. If the Claimant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim, then the Claimant will be notified as to what specific information is needed as soon as possible. The Claimant will be notified of a determination of benefits in a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, either prior to the end of the extension period (if additional information was requested during the initial processing period), or by the date agreed to by the Plan Administrator and the Claimant (if additional information was requested during the extension period).

3. Concurrent Claims:

- a. Plan Notice of Reduction or Termination. If the Plan Administrator is notifying the Claimant of a reduction or termination of a course of treatment (other than by Plan amendment or termination), notification will occur before the end of such period of time or number of treatments. The Claimant will be notified sufficiently in advance of the reduction or termination to allow the Claimant to appeal and obtain a determination on review of that Adverse Benefit Determination before the benefit is reduced or terminated. This rule does not apply if benefits are reduced or eliminated due to plan amendment or termination. A similar process applies for claims based on a rescission of coverage for fraud or misrepresentation.
- b. Request by Claimant Involving Urgent Care. If the Plan Administrator receives a request from a Claimant to extend the course of treatment beyond the period of time or number of

treatments involving urgent care, notification will occur as soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim, as long as the Claimant makes the request at least 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments. If the Claimant submits the request with less than 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments, the request will be treated as a claim involving urgent care and decided within the urgent care timeframe.

- c. Request by Claimant Involving Non-urgent Care. If the Plan Administrator receives a request from the Claimant for a claim not involving urgent care, the request will be treated as a new benefit claim and decided within the timeframe appropriate to the type of claim (either as a Pre-service Non-urgent claim or a Post-service claim).
- d. Request by Claimant Involving Rescission. With respect to rescissions, the following timetable applies:

i. Notification to Claimantii. Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on appeal30 days30 days

4. Post-service Claims:

- a. If the Claimant has provided all of the information needed to process the claim, in a reasonable period of time, but not later than 30 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15 day extension period.
- b. If such an extension is necessary due to a failure of the Claimant to submit the information necessary to decide the claim, the notice of extension shall specifically describe the required information, and the Claimant shall be afforded at least 45 days from receipt of the notice within which to provide the specified information.
- c. If the Claimant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim and additional information is requested during the initial processing period, then the Claimant will be notified of a determination of benefits prior to the end of the extension period, unless additional information is requested during the extension period, then the Claimant will be notified of the determination by a date agreed to by the Plan Administrator and the Claimant.

5. Extensions:

- a. Pre-service Urgent Care Claims. No extensions are available in connection with Pre-service urgent care claims.
- b. Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims. This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the Claimant, prior to the expiration of the initial 15 day processing period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision.
- c. Post service Claims. This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the Claimant, prior to the expiration of the initial 30 day processing period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision.
- 6. <u>Calculating Time Periods</u>. The period of time within which a benefit determination is required to be made shall begin at the time a claim is deemed to be filed in accordance with the procedures of the Plan.

Notification of an Adverse Benefit Determination

The Plan Administrator shall provide a Claimant with a notice, either in writing or electronically (or, in the case of pre-service urgent care claims, by telephone, facsimile or similar method, with written or electronic notice following within three days), containing the following information:

1. Information sufficient to allow the Claimant to identify the claim involved (including date of service, the health care Provider, the claim amount, if applicable, and a statement describing the availability,

- upon request, of the Diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).
- 2. A reference to the specific portion(s) of the Plan Document upon which a denial is based.
- 3. Specific reason(s) for a denial, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the claim.
- 4. A description of any additional information necessary for the Claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such information is necessary.
- 5. A description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures.
- 6. A statement that the Claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the Claimant's claim for benefits.
- 7. Upon request, the identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice (or a statement that the identity of the expert will be provided, upon request).
- 8. Any rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion that was relied upon in making the determination (or a statement that it was relied upon and that a copy will be provided to the Claimant, free of charge, upon request).
- 9. In the case of denials based upon a medical judgment (such as whether the treatment is Medically Necessary or Experimental), either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Claimant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided to the Claimant, free of charge, upon request.
- 10. In a claim involving urgent care, a description of the Plan's expedited review process.

Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations

Full and Fair Review of All Claims

In cases where a claim for benefits is denied, in whole or in part, and the Claimant believes the claim has been denied wrongly, the Claimant may appeal the denial and review pertinent documents. The claims procedures of this Plan provide a Claimant with a reasonable opportunity for a full and fair review of a claim and Adverse Benefit Determination. More specifically, the Plan provides:

- 1. A 180 day timeframe following receipt of a notification of an initial Adverse Benefit Determination within which to appeal the determination. The Plan will not accept appeals filed after a 180 day timeframe.
- 2. The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim for benefits.
- 3. The opportunity to review the Claim file and to present evidence and testimony as part of the internal claims and appeals process.
- 4. A review that does not afford deference to the previous Adverse Benefit Determination and that is conducted by an appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan, who shall be neither the individual who made the Adverse Benefit Determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual.
- 5. A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the Claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the prior benefit determination.
- 6. That, in deciding an appeal of any Adverse Benefit Determination that is based in whole or in part upon a medical judgment, the Plan fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment, who is neither an individual who was consulted in connection with the Adverse Benefit Determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of any such individual.
- 7. Upon request, the identity of medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice.
- 8. That a Claimant will be provided, free of charge: (a) reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claimant's claim in possession of the Plan Administrator or Third Party Administrator; (b) information regarding any voluntary appeals procedures offered by the Plan; (c) information regarding the Claimant's right to an external review

process; (d) any internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion relied upon, considered or generated in making the adverse determination; and (e) an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Claimant's medical circumstances.

9. That a Claimant will be provided, free of charge, and sufficiently in advance of the date that the notice of Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination is required, with new or additional evidence considered, relied upon, or generated by the Plan in connection with the Claim, as well as any new or additional rationale for a denial at the internal appeals stage, and a reasonable opportunity for the Claimant to respond to such new evidence or rationale.

Requirements for First Level Appeal

The Claimant must file the appeal in writing (although oral appeals are permitted for pre service urgent care claims) within 180 days following receipt of the notice of an Adverse Benefit Determination.

For Pre-service Claims. Oral appeals should be submitted in writing as soon as possible after it has been initiated. To file any appeal in writing, the Claimant's appeal must be addressed as follows:

Hines & Associates 115 East Highland Avenue Elgin, IL 60120 Phone: 1-800-944-9401

Fax: 1-847-741-1306

Website: www.precertcare.com

For Post-service Claims. To file any appeal in writing, the Claimant's appeal must be addressed as follows:

Consociate, Inc. 2828 North Monroe Street Decatur, IL 62526 Phone: 1-800-798-2422

Fax: 1-217-451-9088

Website: www.consociate.com

It shall be the responsibility of the Claimant or authorized representative to submit an appeal under the provisions of the Plan. Any appeal must include:

- 1. The name of the Employee/Claimant.
- 2. The Employee/Claimant's social security number.
- 3. The group name or identification number.
- 4. All facts and theories supporting the claim for benefits.
- 5. A statement in clear and concise terms of the reason or reasons for disagreement with the handling of the claim.
- 6. Any material or information that the Claimant has which indicates that the Claimant is entitled to benefits under the Plan.

If the Claimant provides all of the required information, it may be that the expenses will be eligible for payment under the Plan.

Timing of Notification of Benefit Determination on Review

The Plan Administrator shall notify the Claimant of the Plan's benefit determination on review within the following timeframes:

- 1. <u>Pre-service Urgent Care Claims</u>: As soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 72 hours after receipt of the appeal.
- 2. <u>Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims</u>: Within a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, but not later than 30 days after receipt of the appeal.

- 3. <u>Concurrent Claims</u>: The response will be made in the appropriate time period based upon the type of claim: Pre-service Urgent, Pre-service Non-urgent or Post-service.
- 4. <u>Post-service Claims</u>: Within a reasonable period of time, but not later than 30 days per internal appeal.

<u>Calculating Time Periods.</u> The period of time within which the Plan's determination is required to be made shall begin at the time an appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of this Plan, without regard to whether all information necessary to make the determination accompanies the filing.

Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review

The Plan Administrator shall provide a Claimant with notification, with respect to Pre-service urgent care claims, by telephone, facsimile or similar method, and with respect to all other types of claims, in writing or electronically, of a Plan's Adverse Benefit Determination on review, setting forth:

- Information sufficient to allow the Claimant to identify the claim involved (including date of service, the health care Provider, the claim amount, if applicable, and a statement describing the availability, upon request, of the Diagnosis code and its corresponding meaning, and the treatment code and its corresponding meaning).
- Specific reason(s) for a denial, including the denial code and its corresponding meaning, and a description of the Plan's standard, if any, that was used in denying the claim, and a discussion of the decision.
- 3. A reference to the specific portion(s) of the summary plan description on which the denial is based.
- 4. The identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice (or a statement that the identity of the expert will be provided, upon request).
- A statement that the Claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Claimant's claim for benefits.
- 6. Any rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion that was relied upon, considered, or generated in making the determination will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the determination and a copy will be provided to the Claimant, free of charge, upon request.
- 7. A description of any additional information necessary for the Claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such information is necessary.
- 8. A description of available internal appeals and external review processes, including information regarding how to initiate an appeal.
- 9. A description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures.
- 10. In the case of denials based upon a medical judgment (such as whether the treatment is Medically Necessary or Experimental), either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Claimant's medical circumstances, will be provided. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such explanation will be provided to the Claimant, free of charge, upon request.
- 11. Information about the availability of, and contact information for, an applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman established under applicable federal law to assist Participants with the internal claims and appeals and external review processes.
- 12. The following statement: "You and your Plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State insurance regulatory agency.

Furnishing Documents in the Event of an Adverse Determination

In the case of an Adverse Benefit Determination on review, the Plan Administrator shall provide such access to, and copies of, documents, records, and other information described in the provision relating to "Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review" as appropriate.

Decision on Review

The decision by the Plan Administrator or other appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan on review will be final, binding and conclusive and will be afforded the maximum deference permitted by law. All claim review procedures provided for in the Plan must be exhausted before any legal action is brought.

Requirements for Second Level Appeal

The Claimant must file an appeal regarding a Post-service claim and applicable Adverse Benefit Determination, in writing within 60 days following receipt of the notice of the first level Adverse Benefit Determination.

Two Levels of Appeal

This Plan requires two levels of appeal by a Claimant before the Plan's internal appeals are exhausted. For each level of appeal, the Claimant and the Plan are subject to the same procedures, rights, and responsibilities as stated within this Plan. Each level of appeal is subject to the same submission and response guidelines.

Once a Claimant receives an Adverse Benefit Determination in response to an initial claim for benefits, the Claimant may appeal that Adverse Benefit Determination, which will constitute the initial appeal. If the Claimant receives an Adverse Benefit Determination in response to that initial appeal, the Claimant may appeal that Adverse Benefit Determination as well, which will constitute the final internal appeal. If the Claimant receives an Adverse Benefit Determination in response to the Claimant's second appeal, such Adverse Benefit Determination will constitute the Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, and the Plan's internal appeals procedures will have been exhausted.

Deemed Exhaustion of Internal Claims Procedures and De Minimis

Exception to the Deemed Exhaustion Rule

A Claimant will not be required to exhaust the internal claims and appeals procedures described above if the Plan fails to adhere to the claims procedures requirements. In such an instance, a Claimant may proceed immediately to make a claim in court. However, the internal claim and appeals procedures will not be deemed exhausted (meaning the Claimant must adhere to them before bringing a claim in court) in the event of a de minimis violation that does not cause, and is not likely to cause, prejudice or harm to the Claimant as long as the Plan Administrator demonstrates that the violation was for good cause or due to matters beyond the control of the Plan, the violation occurred in the context of an ongoing, good faith exchange of information between the Plan and the Claimant, and the violation is not reflective of a pattern or practice of non- compliance.

If a Claimant believes the Plan Administrator has engaged in a violation of the claims procedures and would like to pursue an immediate review, the Claimant may request that the Plan provide a written explanation of the violation, including a description of the Plan's basis for asserting that the violation should not result in a "deemed exhaustion" of the claims procedures. The Plan will respond to this request within ten days. If a court rejects a request for immediate review because the Plan has met the requirements for the "de minimis" exception described above, the Plan will provide the Claimant with notice of an opportunity to resubmit and pursue an internal appeal of the claim.

Final Internal Appeal Procedure

Definition

A final internal appeal may be made by an employee enrolled in the Illinois Central College Group Health Care Plan when there is an alleged misinterpretation or misapplication of the specific benefits provided by the Plan which cannot be resolved satisfactorily through regular claim channels.

Insurance Appeal Advisory Committee Purpose and Structure

A five-member Insurance Appeal Advisory Committee shall be designated to review complaints regarding claim denials and to make recommendations regarding the disposition of disputed claims alleging

misinterpretation or misapplication of the specific benefits provided by the Illinois Central College Group Health Care Plan.

The Chairperson of the Committee shall be an administrator appointed annually by the President of the College. The four other members shall be selected from the current Insurance Committee membership and shall represent each of the following full-time employee categories: Faculty, Professional and Support Staff, Classified Staff and Service Staff.

If a Committee member feels he/she cannot perform impartially because of a conflict of interest, or the appearance thereof, in a particular case, he/she may ask to be replaced during the specific case. If the claimant feels a Committee member cannot serve impartially, he/she may request that such a member be excused from the Committee and a replacement be designated from the Insurance Committee membership.

Time Limits

Adequate time for completion of the activities prescribed within each step of this procedure is provided. However, the process should proceed as expeditiously as possible.

If a complaint is not filed within the time limits set forth, the claimant shall forfeit the right to challenge the insurance settlement in question; and the complaint shall not be processed further through the appeal procedure.

Time limits for each step in the procedure may be extended by mutual written agreement of the parties involved. The term "working days" shall mean the days Monday through Friday, inclusive, exclusive of holidays.

Procedure

Informal Complaint Resolution

- Step 1: Questions and complaints regarding the initial settlement of an insurance claim shall be directed to Consociate, Inc., or the College's designated third-party claim administrator, which will attempt to resolve misunderstandings or misapplication problems to the mutual satisfaction of all parties.
- Step 2: If informal discussions with the Consociate, Inc. representative do not resolve the problem, the claimant shall contact the College's designated insurance administrator who, in turn, shall attempt to resolve the case. If the complaint is not resolved, the claimant may proceed to the formal appeal process.

Formal Complaint Resolution

- Step 1: Within sixty (60) days after receipt of Consociate, Inc.'s explanation of benefits worksheet summarizing the disposition of the insurance claim in question, the Plan enrollee, spouse or estate executor shall submit a completed copy of the Insurance Claim Complaint Form (Attachment A) to the College's designated insurance administrator. The form shall contain:
- a) The name of the claimant;
- b) A concise statement describing the nature of the complaint;
- A general explanation of the relevant facts which form the basis for the complaint, including copies
 of itemized bills, benefit explanations on which claims were denied and reasons the claimant feels
 there has been a misinterpretation or misapplication of specific benefits described in the Plan
 Description;
- d) A statement about the resolution sought;
- e) An account of any attempts made to resolve the problem through regular claim channels;
- f) The signature of the claimant; and
- g) The date on which the Complaint Form was submitted to the College's insurance administrator.
- Step 2: Within five (5) working days of receipt of the Complaint Form, the insurance administrator shall notify the Chairperson of the Insurance Appeal Advisory Committee about the complaint. The insurance administrator shall submit to the Committee Chairperson a copy of the claimant's completed Complaint Form and supporting documentation together with a written rationale for the original disposition of the insurance claim.

Within five (5) working days, the Committee Chairperson shall distribute copies of these documents to Committee members for review. The Committee may request from either party further information which is deemed necessary, proper and/or relevant to the complaint.

Step 3: Within ten (10) working days of receipt of all related documentation, the Committee shall be convened and shall conduct other meetings as necessary in order to reach a decision, making every effort to complete its hearings within five (5) working days from the time it was convened. The Committee shall review the facts and issues presented to it in relation to specific benefits described in the College's Health Care Plan Description and shall make a recommendation in writing to the President of the College regarding disposition of the complaint.

The Chairperson of the Committee shall submit the Committee's findings and recommendations to the President within five (5) working days after completion of the Committee's hearings of the complaint.

Step 4: Within fifteen (15) calendar days of receipt of the Committee's recommendation, the President (or his/her designee), who may elect to endorse, reject or modify the recommendation, shall prepare and send a written explanation of the decision on the matter to the claimant, to the insurance administrator and to the Chairperson of the Insurance Appeal Advisory Committee. The decision of the President (or his/her designee) shall be final.

External Review Process

The Federal external review process does not apply to a denial, reduction, termination, or a failure to provide payment for a benefit based on a determination that a Claimant or beneficiary fails to meet the requirements for eligibility under the terms of a group health plan.

The Federal external review process, in accordance with the current Affordable Care Act regulations, applies only to:

- 1. Any eligible Adverse Benefit Determination (including a Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination) by a plan or issuer that involves medical judgment (including, but not limited to, those based on the plan's or issuer's requirements for Medical Necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care, or effectiveness of a covered benefit; or its determination that a treatment is Experimental or Investigational), as determined by the external reviewer.
- 2. A rescission of coverage (whether or not the rescission has any effect on any particular benefit at that time).

Standard external review

Standard external review is an external review that is not considered expedited (as described in the "expedited external review" paragraph in this section).

- 1. Request for external review. The Plan will allow a Claimant to file a request for an external review with the Plan if the request is filed within four months after the date of receipt of a notice of an Adverse Benefit Determination or Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination. If there is no corresponding date four months after the date of receipt of such a notice, then the request must be filed by the first day of the fifth month following the receipt of the notice. For example, if the date of receipt of the notice is October 30, because there is no February 30, the request must be filed by March 1. If the last filing date would fall on a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday, the last filing date is extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday.
- 2. <u>Preliminary review</u>. Within five business days following the date of receipt of the external review request, the Plan will complete a preliminary review of the request to determine whether:
 - a. The Claimant is or was covered under the Plan at the time the health care item or service was requested or, in the case of a retrospective review, was covered under the Plan at the time the health care item or service was provided.

- b. The Adverse Benefit Determination or the Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination does not relate to the Claimant's failure to meet the requirements for eligibility under the terms of the Plan (e.g., worker classification or similar determination).
- c. The Claimant has exhausted the Plan's internal appeal process unless the Claimant is not required to exhaust the internal appeals process under the final regulations.
- d. The Claimant has provided all the information and forms required to process an external review. Within one business day after completion of the preliminary review, the Plan will issue a notification in writing to the Claimant. If the request is complete but not eligible for external review, such notification will include the reasons for its ineligibility and contact information for the Employee Benefits Security Administration (toll-free number 866-444-EBSA (3272)). If the request is not complete, such notification will describe the information or materials needed to make the request complete and the Plan will allow a Claimant to perfect the request for external review within the four-month filing period or within the 48 hour period following the receipt of the notification, whichever is later.
- 3. Referral to Independent Review Organization. The Plan will assign an independent review organization (IRO) that is accredited by URAC or by a similar nationally-recognized accrediting organization to conduct the external review. Moreover, the Plan will take action against bias and to ensure independence. Accordingly, the Plan will contract with (or direct the Third Party Administrator to contract with, on its behalf) at least three IROs for assignments under the Plan and rotate claims assignments among them (or incorporate other independent unbiased methods for selection of IROs, such as random selection). In addition, the IRO may not be eligible for any financial incentives based on the likelihood that the IRO will support the denial of benefits.
- 4. <u>Reversal of Plan's decision</u>. Upon receipt of a notice of a final external review decision reversing the Adverse Benefit Determination or Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, the Plan will provide coverage or payment for the claim without delay, regardless of whether the plan intends to seek judicial review of the external review decision and unless or until there is a judicial decision otherwise.

Expedited external review

- 1. Request for expedited external review. The Plan will allow a Claimant to make a request for an expedited external review with the Plan at the time the Claimant receives:
 - a. An Adverse Benefit Determination if the Adverse Benefit Determination involves a medical condition of the Claimant for which the timeframe for completion of a standard internal appeal under the final regulations would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the Claimant or would jeopardize the Claimant's ability to regain maximum function and the Claimant has filed a request for an expedited internal appeal.
 - b. A Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination, if the Claimant has a medical condition where the timeframe for completion of a standard external review would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the Claimant or would jeopardize the Claimant's ability to regain maximum function, or if the Final Internal Adverse Benefit Determination concerns an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or health care item or service for which the Claimant received Emergency Services, but has not been discharged from a facility.
- 2. <u>Preliminary review</u>. Immediately upon receipt of the request for expedited external review, the Plan will determine whether the request meets the reviewability requirements set forth above for standard external review. The Plan will immediately send a notice that meets the requirements set forth above for standard external review to the Claimant of its eligibility determination.
- 3. Referral to Independent Review Organization. Upon a determination that a request is eligible for external review following the preliminary review, the Plan will assign an IRO pursuant to the requirements set forth above for standard review. The Plan will provide or transmit all necessary documents and information considered in making the Adverse Benefit Determination or Final

Internal Adverse Benefit Determination to the assigned IRO electronically or by telephone or facsimile or any other available expeditious method. The assigned IRO, to the extent the information or documents are available and the IRO considers them appropriate, will consider the information or documents described above under the procedures for standard review. In reaching a decision, the assigned IRO will review the claim de novo and is not bound by any decisions or conclusions reached during the Plan's internal claims and appeals process.

4. Notice of final external review decision. The Plan's (or Third Party Administrator's) contract with the assigned IRO will require the IRO to provide notice of the final external review decision, in accordance with the requirements set forth above, as expeditiously as the Claimant's medical condition or circumstances require, but in no event more than 72 hours after the IRO receives the request for an expedited external review. If the notice is not in writing, within 48 hours after the date of providing that notice, the assigned IRO will provide written confirmation of the decision to the Claimant and the Plan.

Appointment of Authorized Representative

A Claimant may designate another individual to be an authorized representative and act on his or her behalf and communicate with the Plan with respect to a specific benefit claim or appeal of a denial. This authorization must be in writing, signed and dated by the Claimant, and include all the information required in the authorized representative form. The appropriate form can be obtained from the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrator.

The Plan will permit, in a medically urgent situation, such as a claim involving Urgent Care, a Claimant's treating health care practitioner to act as the Claimant's authorized representative without completion of the authorized representative form.

Should a Claimant designate an authorized representative, all future communications from the Plan will be conducted with the authorized representative instead of the Claimant, unless the Plan Administrator is otherwise notified in writing by the Claimant. A Claimant can revoke the authorized representative at any time. A Claimant may authorize only one person as an authorized representative at a time.

Recognition as an authorized representative is completely separate from a Provider accepting an assignment of benefits, requiring a release of information, or requesting completion a similar form. An assignment of benefits by a Claimant shall not be recognized as a designation of the Provider as an authorized representative. Assignment and its limitations under this Plan are described below.

Autopsy

Upon receipt of a claim for a deceased Claimant for any condition, Sickness, or Injury is the basis of such claim, the Plan maintains the right to request an autopsy be performed upon said Claimant. The request for an autopsy may be exercised only where not prohibited by any applicable law.

Payment of Benefits

Where benefit payments are allowable in accordance with the terms of this Plan, payment shall be made in U.S. Dollars (unless otherwise agreed upon by the Plan Administrator). Payment shall be made, in the Plan Administrator's discretion, to an assignee of an assignment of benefits, but in any instance may alternatively be made to the Claimant, on whose behalf payment is made and who is the recipient of the services for which payment is being made. Should the Claimant be deceased, payment shall be made to the Claimant's heir, assign, agent or estate (in accordance with written instructions), or, if there is no such arrangement and in the Plan Administrator's discretion, the institute and/or Provider who provided the care and/or supplies for which payment is to be made – regardless of whether an assignment of benefits occurred.

Assignments

For this purpose, the term "Assignment of Benefits" (or "AOB") is defined as an arrangement whereby a Participant of the Plan, at the discretion of the Plan Administrator, assigns its right to seek and receive payment of eligible Plan benefits, less Deductible, Copayments and Coinsurance amounts, to a medical Provider. If a Provider accepts said arrangement, the Provider's rights to receive Plan benefits are equal to those of the Participant, and are limited by the terms of this Plan Document. A Provider that accepts this arrangement indicates acceptance of an AOB and Deductibles, Copayments, and Coinsurance amounts, as consideration in full for treatment rendered.

The Plan Administrator may revoke an AOB at its discretion and treat the Participant of the Plan as the sole beneficiary. Benefits for medical expenses covered under this Plan may be assigned by a Participant to the Provider as consideration in full for services rendered; however, if those benefits are paid directly to the Participant, the Plan will be deemed to have fulfilled its obligations with respect to such benefits. The Plan will not be responsible for determining whether any such assignment is valid. Payment of benefits which have been assigned may be made directly to the assignee unless a written request not to honor the assignment, signed by the Participant, has been received before the proof of loss is submitted, or the Plan Administrator – at its discretion – revokes the assignment.

No Participant shall at any time, either during the time in which he or she is a Participant in the Plan, or following his or her termination as a Participant, in any manner, have any right to assign his or her right to sue to recover benefits under the Plan, to enforce rights due under the Plan or to any other causes of action which he or she may have against the Plan or its fiduciaries. A medical Provider which accepts an AOB does as consideration in full for services rendered and is bound by the rules and provisions set forth within the terms of this document.

Non U.S. Providers

A Provider of medical care, supplies, or services, whose primary facility, principal place of business or address for payment is located outside the United States shall be deemed to be a "Non U.S. Provider." Claims for medical care, supplies, or services provided by a Non U.S. Provider and/or that are rendered outside the United States of America, may be deemed to be payable under the Plan by the Plan Administrator, subject to all Plan Exclusions, limitations, maximums and other provisions. Assignment of benefits to a Non U.S. Provider is prohibited absent an explicit written waiver executed by the Plan Administrator. If assignment of benefits is not authorized, the Claimant is responsible for making all payments to Non U.S. Providers, and is solely responsible for subsequent submission of proof of payment to the Plan. Only upon receipt of such proof of payment, and any other documentation needed by the Plan Administrator to process the claims in accordance with the terms of the Plan, shall reimbursement by the Plan to the Claimant be made. If payment was made by the Claimant in U.S. currency (American dollars), the maximum reimbursable amount by the Plan to the Claimant shall be that amount. If payment was made by the Claimant using any currency other than U.S. currency (American dollars), the Plan shall utilize an exchange rate in effect on the Incurred date as established by a recognized and licensed entity authorized to so establish said exchange rates. The Non U.S. Provider shall be subject to, and shall act in compliance with, all U.S. and other applicable licensing requirements; and claims for benefits must be submitted to the Plan in English.

Recovery of Payments

Occasionally, benefits are paid more than once, are paid based upon improper billing or a misstatement in a proof of loss or enrollment information, are not paid according to the Plan's terms, conditions, limitations or Exclusions, or should otherwise not have been paid by the Plan. As such this Plan may pay benefits that are later found to be greater than the Maximum Allowable Charge. In this case, this Plan may recover the amount of the overpayment from the source to which it was paid, primary payers, or from the party on whose behalf the charge(s) were paid. As such, whenever the Plan pays benefits exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan, the Plan Administrator has the right to recover any such erroneous payment directly from the person or entity who received such payment and/or from other payers and/or the Claimant or Dependent on whose behalf such payment was made.

A Claimant, Dependent, Provider, another benefit plan, insurer, or any other person or entity who receives a payment exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan or on whose behalf such payment was made, shall return or refund the amount of such erroneous payment to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand. The Plan Administrator shall have no obligation to secure payment for the expense for which the erroneous payment was made or to which it was applied.

The person or entity receiving an erroneous payment may not apply such payment to another expense. The Plan Administrator shall have the sole discretion to choose who will repay the Plan for an erroneous payment and whether such payment shall be reimbursed in a lump sum. When a Claimant or other entity does not comply with the provisions of this section, the Plan Administrator shall have the authority, in its sole discretion, to deny payment of any claims for benefits by the Claimant and to deny or reduce future benefits payable (including payment of future benefits for other injuries or Illnesses) under the Plan by the amount due as reimbursement to the Plan. The Plan Administrator may also, in its sole discretion, deny or reduce future benefits (including future benefits for other injuries or Illnesses) under any other group benefits plan maintained by the Plan Sponsor. The reductions will equal the amount of the required reimbursement.

Providers and any other person or entity accepting payment from the Plan or to whom a right to benefits has been assigned, in consideration of services rendered, payments and/or rights, agrees to be bound by the terms of this Plan and agree to submit claims for reimbursement in strict accordance with their State's health care practice acts, ICD or CPT standards, Medicare guidelines, HCPCS standards, or other standards approved by the Plan Administrator or insurer. Any payments made on claims for reimbursement not in accordance with the above provisions shall be repaid to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand or incur prejudgment interest of 1.5% per month. If the Plan must bring an action against a Claimant, Provider or other person or entity to enforce the provisions of this section, then that Claimant, Provider or other person or entity agrees to pay the Plan's attorneys' fees and costs, regardless of the action's outcome.

Further, Claimant and/or their Dependents, beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal representative, or assigns (Claimants) shall assign or be deemed to have assigned to the Plan their right to recover said payments made by the Plan, from any other party and/or recovery for which the Claimant(s) are entitled, for or in relation to facility-acquired condition(s), Provider error(s), or damages arising from another party's act or omission for which the Plan has not already been refunded.

The Plan reserves the right to deduct from any benefits properly payable under this Plan the amount of any payment which has been made for any of the following circumstances:

- In error.
- 2. Pursuant to a misstatement contained in a proof of loss or a fraudulent act.
- 3. Pursuant to a misstatement made to obtain coverage under this Plan within two years after the date such coverage commences.
- 4. With respect to an ineligible person.
- 5. In anticipation of obtaining a recovery if a Claimant fails to comply with the Plan's Third Party Recovery, Subrogation and Reimbursement provisions.
- 6. Pursuant to a claim for which benefits are recoverable under any policy or act of law providing for coverage for occupational injury or disease to the extent that such benefits are recovered. This provision (6) shall not be deemed to require the Plan to pay benefits under this Plan in any such instance.

The deduction may be made against any claim for benefits under this Plan by a Claimant or by any of his covered Dependents if such payment is made with respect to the Claimant or any person covered or asserting coverage as a Dependent of the Claimant.

If the Plan seeks to recoup funds from a Provider, due to a claim being made in error, a claim being fraudulent on the part of the Provider, and/or the claim that is the result of the Provider's misstatement, said

Provider shall, as part of its assignment to benefits from the Plan, abstain from billing the Claimant for any outstanding amount(s).

Medicaid Coverage

A Claimant's eligibility for any State Medicaid benefits will not be taken into account in determining or making any payments for benefits to or on behalf of such Claimant. Any such benefit payments will be subject to the State's right to reimbursement for benefits it has paid on behalf of the Claimant, as required by the State Medicaid program; and the Plan will honor any Subrogation rights the State may have with respect to benefits which are payable under the Plan.

Limitation of Action

A Claimant cannot bring any legal action against the Plan for a claim of benefits until 90 days after all appeal processes have been exhausted. After 90 days, if the Claimant wants to bring a legal action against the Plan, he or she must do so within three years of the date he or she is notified of the final decision on the final appeal or he or she will lose any rights to bring such an action against the Plan.

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

Coordination of the Benefit Plans

Coordination of benefits sets out rules for the order of payment of Covered Expenses when two or more plans, including Medicare, are paying. When a Participant is covered by this Plan and another plan, the plans will coordinate benefits when a claim is received.

Benefits Subject to This Provision

The following shall apply to the entirety of the Plan and all benefits described therein.

Excess Insurance

If at the time of Injury, Sickness, Disease or disability there is available, or potentially available any other source of coverage (including but not limited to coverage resulting from a judgment at law or settlements), the benefits under this Plan shall apply only as an excess over such other sources of coverage.

The Plan's benefits will be excess to, whenever possible, any of the following:

- 1. Any primary payer besides the Plan.
- 2. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage.
- 3. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party.
- 4. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
- 5. Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

Vehicle Limitation

When medical payments are available under any vehicle insurance, the Plan shall pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for vehicle plan and/or policy deductibles. This Plan shall always be considered secondary to such plans and/or policies. This applies to all forms of medical payments under vehicle plans and/or policies regardless of its name, title or classification.

Effect on Benefits

Application to Benefit Determinations

The plan that pays first according to the rules in the provision entitled "Order of Benefit Determination" will pay as if there were no Other Plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance due up to 100% of the total Allowable Expenses. When there is a conflict in the rules, this Plan will never pay more than 50% of Allowable Expenses when paying secondary. Benefits will be coordinated on the basis of a Claim Determination Period.

When medical payments are available under automobile insurance, this Plan will pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for automobile plan deductibles. This Plan will always be considered the secondary carrier regardless of the individual's election under personal injury protection (PIP) coverage with the automobile insurance carrier.

In certain instances, the benefits of the Other Plan will be ignored for the purposes of determining the benefits under this Plan. This is the case when all of the following occur:

- 1. The Other Plan would, according to its rules, determine its benefits after the benefits of this Plan have been determined.
- 2. The rules in the provision entitled "Order of Benefit Determination" would require this Plan to determine its benefits before the Other Plan.

Order of Benefit Determination

For the purposes of the provision entitled "Application to Benefit Determinations," the rules establishing the order of benefit determination are:

- 1. A plan without a coordinating provision will always be the primary plan.
- 2. The benefits of a plan which covers the person on whose expenses claim is based, other than as a dependent, shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers such person as a Dependent.
- 3. If the person for whom claim is made is a dependent child covered under both parents' plans, the plan covering the parent whose birthday (month and day of birth, not year) falls earlier in the year will be primary, except:
 - a. When the parents were never married, are separated, or are divorced, the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with custody will be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent without custody.
 - b. When the parents are divorced and the parent with custody of the child has remarried, the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with custody shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the stepparent, and the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the stepparent will be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the parent without custody.

Notwithstanding the above, if there is a court decree which would otherwise establish financial responsibility for the child's health care expenses, the benefits of the plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with such financial responsibility shall be determined before the benefits of any Other Plan which covers the child as a dependent child.

- 4. When the rules above do not establish an order of benefit determination, the benefits of a plan which has covered the person on whose expenses claim is based for the longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which has covered such person the shorter period of time.
- 5. To the extent required by Federal and State regulations, this Plan will pay before any Medicare, Tricare, Medicaid, State child health benefits or other applicable State health benefits program.

Right to Receive and Release Necessary Information

The Plan Administrator may, without notice to or consent of any person, release to or obtain any information from any insurance company or other organization or individual any information regarding coverage, expenses, and benefits which the Plan Administrator, at its sole discretion, considers necessary to determine, implement and apply the terms of this provision or any provision of similar purpose of any Other Plan. Any Participant claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as requested and as may be necessary to implement this provision.

Facility of Payment

A payment made under any Other Plan may include an amount that should have been paid under this Plan. The Plan Administrator may, in its sole discretion, pay any organizations making such other payments any amounts it shall determine to be warranted in order to satisfy the intent of this provision. Any such amount paid under this provision shall be deemed to be benefits paid under this Plan. The Plan Administrator will not have to pay such amount again and this Plan shall be fully discharged from liability.

Right of Recovery

In accordance with the Recovery of Payments provision, whenever payments have been made by this Plan with respect to Allowable Expenses in a total amount, at any time, in excess of the maximum amount of payment necessary at that time to satisfy the intent of this Coordination of Benefits section, the Plan shall have the right to recover such payments, to the extent of such excess, from any one or more of the following as this Plan shall determine: any person to or with respect to whom such payments were made, or such person's legal representative, any insurance companies, or any other individuals or organizations which

the Plan determines are responsible for payment of such Allowable Expenses, and any future benefits payable to the Participant or his or her Dependents. Please see the Recovery of Payments provision above for more details.

MEDICARE

Applicable to Active Employees and Their Spouses Ages 65 and Over

An active Employee and his or her spouse (ages 65 and over) may, at the option of such Employee, elect or reject coverage under this Plan. If such Employee elects coverage under this Plan, the benefits of this Plan shall be determined before any benefits provided by Medicare. If coverage under this Plan is rejected by such Employee, benefits listed herein will not be payable even as secondary coverage to Medicare.

Applicable to All Other Participants Eligible for Medicare Benefits

To the extent required by Federal regulations, this Plan will pay before any Medicare benefits. There are some circumstances under which Medicare would be required to pay its benefits first. In these cases, benefits under this Plan would be calculated as secondary payor (as described under the section entitled "Coordination of Benefits"). If the Provider accepts assignment with Medicare, Covered Expenses will not exceed the Medicare approved expenses.

Applicable to Medicare Services Furnished to End Stage Renal Disease ("ESRD") Participants Who Are Covered Under This Plan

If any Participant is eligible for Medicare benefits because of ESRD, the benefits of the Plan will be determined before Medicare benefits for the first 30 months of Medicare entitlement, unless applicable Federal law provides to the contrary, in which event the benefits of the Plan will be determined in accordance with such law.

THIRD PARTY RECOVERY, SUBROGATION AND REIMBURSEMENT

Payment Condition

The Plan, in its sole discretion, may elect to conditionally advance payment of benefits in those situations where an Injury, Sickness, Disease or disability is caused in whole or in part by, or results from the acts or omissions of Participants, and/or their Dependents, beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal representative, or assigns (collectively referred to hereinafter in this section as "Participant(s)") or a third party, where any party besides the Plan may be responsible for expenses arising from an incident, and/or other funds are available, including but not limited to no-fault, uninsured motorist, underinsured motorist, medical payment provisions, third party assets, third party insurance, and/or guarantor(s) of a third party (collectively "Coverage").

Participant(s), his or her attorney, and/or legal guardian of a minor or incapacitated individual agrees that acceptance of the Plan's conditional payment of medical benefits is constructive notice of these provisions in their entirety and agrees to maintain 100% of the Plan's conditional payment of benefits or the full extent of payment from any one or combination of first and third party sources in trust, without disruption except for reimbursement to the Plan or the Plan's assignee. The Plan shall have an equitable lien on any funds received by the Participant(s) and/or their attorney from any source and said funds shall be held in trust until such time as the obligations under this provision are fully satisfied. The Participant(s) agrees to include the Plan's name as a co-payee on any and all settlement drafts. Further, by accepting benefits the Participant(s) understands that any recovery obtained pursuant to this section is an asset of the Plan to the extent of the amount of benefits paid by the Plan and that the Participant shall be a trustee over those Plan assets.

In the event a Participant(s) settles, recovers, or is reimbursed by any Coverage, the Participant(s) agrees to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of the Participant(s). If the Participant(s) fails to reimburse the Plan out of any judgment or settlement received, the Participant(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (fees and costs) associated with the Plan's attempt to recover such money.

If there is more than one party responsible for charges paid by the Plan, or may be responsible for charges paid by the Plan, the Plan will not be required to select a particular party from whom reimbursement is due. Furthermore, unallocated settlement funds meant to compensate multiple injured parties of which the Participant(s) is/are only one or a few, that unallocated settlement fund is considered designated as an "identifiable" fund from which the plan may seek reimbursement.

Subrogation

As a condition to participating in and receiving benefits under this Plan, the Participant(s) agrees to assign to the Plan the right to subrogate and pursue any and all claims, causes of action or rights that may arise against any person, corporation and/or entity and to any Coverage to which the Participant(s) is entitled, regardless of how classified or characterized, at the Plan's discretion, if the Participant(s) fails to so pursue said rights and/or action.

If a Participant(s) receives or becomes entitled to receive benefits, an automatic equitable lien attaches in favor of the Plan to any claim, which any Participant(s) may have against any Coverage and/or party causing the Sickness or Injury to the extent of such conditional payment by the Plan plus reasonable costs of collection. The Participant is obligated to notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds. The Participant is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

The Plan may, at its discretion, in its own name or in the name of the Participant(s) commence a proceeding or pursue a claim against any party or Coverage for the recovery of all damages to the full extent of the value of any such benefits or conditional payments advanced by the Plan.

If the Participant(s) fails to file a claim or pursue damages against:

- 1. The responsible party, its insurer, or any other source on behalf of that party.
- 2. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage.
- 3. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party.
- 4. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
- 5. Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

the Participant(s) authorizes the Plan to pursue, sue, compromise and/or settle any such claims in the Participant's/Participants' and/or the Plan's name and agrees to fully cooperate with the Plan in the prosecution of any such claims. The Participant(s) assigns all rights to the Plan or its assignee to pursue a claim and the recovery of all expenses from any and all sources listed above.

Right of Reimbursement

The Plan shall be entitled to recover 100% of the benefits paid, without deduction for attorneys' fees and costs or application of the common fund doctrine, made whole doctrine, or any other similar legal or equitable theory, without regard to whether the Participant(s) is fully compensated by his or her recovery from all sources. The Plan shall have an equitable lien which supersedes all common law or statutory rules, doctrines, and laws of any State prohibiting assignment of rights which interferes with or compromises in any way the Plan's equitable lien and right to reimbursement. The obligation to reimburse the Plan in full exists regardless of how the judgment or settlement is classified and whether or not the judgment or settlement specifically designates the recovery or a portion of it as including medical, disability, or other expenses. If the Participant's/Participants' recovery is less than the benefits paid, then the Plan is entitled to be paid all of the recovery achieved. Any funds received by the Participant are deemed held in constructive trust and should not be dissipated or disbursed until such time as the Participant's obligation to reimburse the Plan has been satisfied in accordance with these provisions. The Participant is also obligated to hold any and all funds so received in trust on the Plan's behalf and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

No court costs, experts' fees, attorneys' fees, filing fees, or other costs or expenses of litigation may be deducted from the Plan's recovery without the prior, express written consent of the Plan.

The Plan's right of subrogation and reimbursement will not be reduced or affected as a result of any fault or claim on the part of the Participant(s), whether under the doctrines of causation, comparative fault or contributory negligence, or other similar doctrine in law. Accordingly, any lien reduction statutes, which attempt to apply such laws and reduce a subrogating Plan's recovery will not be applicable to the Plan and will not reduce the Plan's reimbursement rights.

These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to whether any separate written acknowledgment of these rights is required by the Plan and signed by the Participant(s).

This provision shall not limit any other remedies of the Plan provided by law. These rights of subrogation and reimbursement shall apply without regard to the location of the event that led to or caused the applicable Sickness, Injury, Disease or disability.

Participant is a Trustee Over Plan Assets

Any Participant who receives benefits and is therefore subject to the terms of this section is hereby deemed a recipient and holder of Plan assets and is therefore deemed a trustee of the Plan solely as it relates to possession of any funds which may be owed to the Plan as a result of any settlement, judgment or recovery through any other means arising from any injury or accident. By virtue of this status, the Participant understands that he or she is required to:

- 1. Notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement, execution of a release, or receipt of applicable funds.
- 2. Instruct his or her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on all settlement drafts.
- 3. In circumstances where the Participant is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Participant obtains a settlement, judgment or other source of Coverage to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft.
- 4. Hold any and all funds so received in trust, on the Plan's behalf, and function as a trustee as it applies to those funds, until the Plan's rights described herein are honored and the Plan is reimbursed.

To the extent the Participant disputes this obligation to the Plan under this section, the Participant or any of its agents or representatives is also required to hold any/all settlement funds, including the entire settlement if the settlement is less than the Plan's interests, and without reduction in consideration of attorneys' fees, for which he or she exercises control, in an account segregated from their general accounts or general assets until such time as the dispute is resolved.

No Participant, beneficiary, or the agents or representatives thereof, exercising control over plan assets and incurring trustee responsibility in accordance with this section will have any authority to accept any reduction of the Plan's interest on the Plan's behalf.

Excess Insurance

If at the time of Injury, Sickness, Disease or disability there is available, or potentially available any Coverage (including but not limited to Coverage resulting from a judgment at law or settlements), the benefits under this Plan shall apply only as an excess over such other sources of Coverage, except as otherwise provided for under the Plan's Coordination of Benefits section.

The Plan's benefits shall be excess to any of the following:

- 1. The responsible party, its insurer, or any other source on behalf of that party.
- 2. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage.
- 3. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party.
- 4. Workers' compensation or other liability insurance company.
- 5. Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

Separation of Funds

Benefits paid by the Plan, funds recovered by the Participant(s), and funds held in trust over which the Plan has an equitable lien exist separately from the property and estate of the Participant(s), such that the death of the Participant(s), or filing of bankruptcy by the Participant(s), will not affect the Plan's equitable lien, the funds over which the Plan has a lien, or the Plan's right to subrogation and reimbursement.

Wrongful Death

In the event that the Participant(s) dies as a result of his or her Injuries and a wrongful death or survivor claim is asserted against a third party or any Coverage, the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights shall still apply, and the entity pursuing said claim shall honor and enforce these Plan rights and terms by which benefits are paid on behalf of the Participant(s) and all others that benefit from such payment.

Obligations

It is the Participant's/Participants' obligation at all times, both prior to and after payment of medical benefits by the Plan:

- 1. To cooperate with the Plan, or any representatives of the Plan, in protecting its rights, including discovery, attending depositions, and/or cooperating in trial to preserve the Plan's rights.
- 2. To provide the Plan with pertinent information regarding the Sickness, Disease, disability, or Injury, including accident reports, settlement information and any other requested additional information.
- 3. To take such action and execute such documents as the Plan may require to facilitate enforcement of its subrogation and reimbursement rights.
- 4. To do nothing to prejudice the Plan's rights of subrogation and reimbursement.
- 5. To promptly reimburse the Plan when a recovery through settlement, judgment, award or other payment is received.
- 6. To notify the Plan or its authorized representative of any settlement prior to finalization of the settlement.
- 7. To not settle or release, without the prior consent of the Plan, any claim to the extent that the Participant may have against any responsible party or Coverage.
- 8. To instruct his/her attorney to ensure that the Plan and/or its authorized representative is included as a payee on any settlement draft.
- 9. In circumstances where the Participant is not represented by an attorney, instruct the insurance company or any third party from whom the Participant obtains a settlement to include the Plan or its authorized representative as a payee on the settlement draft.
- 10. To make good faith efforts to prevent disbursement of settlement funds until such time as any dispute between the Plan and Participant over settlement funds is resolved.

If the Participant(s) and/or his or her attorney fails to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or to be paid, as a result of said Injury or condition, out of any proceeds, judgment or settlement received, the Participant(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (whether fees or costs) associated with the Plan's attempt to recover such money from the Participant(s).

The Plan's rights to reimbursement and/or subrogation are in no way dependent upon the Participant's/Participants' cooperation or adherence to these terms.

Offset

If timely repayment is not made, or the Participant and/or his or her attorney fails to comply with any of the requirements of the Plan, the Plan has the right, in addition to any other lawful means of recovery, to deduct the value of the Participant's amount owed to the Plan. To do this, the Plan may refuse payment of any future medical benefits and any funds or payments due under this Plan on behalf of the Participant(s) in an amount equivalent to any outstanding amounts owed by the Participant to the Plan. This provision applies even if the Participant has disbursed settlement funds.

Minor Status

In the event the Participant(s) is a minor as that term is defined by applicable law, the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian shall cooperate in any and all actions by the Plan to seek and obtain requisite court approval to bind the minor and his or her estate insofar as these subrogation and reimbursement provisions are concerned.

If the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian fail to take such action, the Plan shall have no obligation to advance payment of medical benefits on behalf of the minor. Any court costs or legal fees associated with obtaining such approval shall be paid by the minor's parents or court-appointed guardian.

<u>Language Interpretation</u>
The Plan Administrator retains sole, full and final discretionary authority to construe and interpret the language of this provision, to determine all questions of fact and law arising under this provision, and to administer the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights with respect to this provision. The Plan Administrator may amend the Plan at any time without notice.

Severability

In the event that any section of this provision is considered invalid or illegal for any reason, said invalidity or illegality shall not affect the remaining sections of this provision and Plan. The section shall be fully severable. The Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid or illegal sections had never been inserted in the Plan.

CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE

Employer Continuation Coverage

Eligible Participants may seek to continue coverage upon the occurrence of any of the following:

- 1. Long-Term Disability Leave; coverage will continue for until age 65 or the Employee formally retires, whichever comes first following termination of Active Employment.
- 2. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Leave: A non-FMLA leave granted by the Employer in accordance with the ADA; coverage will continue for a period not to exceed 90 days.
- 3. Leave of Absence (not meeting the definition of a FMLA Leave); coverage will continue for 90 days.

The above noted leave(s) run concurrently with FMLA. USERRA or any State-mandated family or medical leave, and/or any other applicable leaves of absence. At the end of the period(s) listed above, the Participant's coverage will be deemed to have terminated for purposes of Continuation of Coverage under COBRA.

NOTE: Continuation coverage for civil union partners and their Dependents is offered voluntarily by the Employer and is not required by or subject to COBRA. A civil union partner will be treated as a "qualified beneficiary" to the same extent as if the civil union partner were the Employee's spouse. In addition, the Dependent Children of a covered civil union partner will be treated as "qualified beneficiaries" for these purposes to the same extent that Dependents of a spouse would be so treated.

Continuation During Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) Leave

Regardless of the established leave policies mentioned above, the Plan shall at all times comply with FMLA. It is the intention of the Plan Administrator to provide these benefits only to the extent required by applicable law and not to grant greater rights than those so required. During a FMLA Leave, coverage will be maintained in accordance with the same Plan conditions as coverage would otherwise be provided if the covered Employee had been a continuously active employee during the entire leave period. If Plan coverage lapses during the FMLA Leave, coverage will be reinstated for the person(s) who had coverage under the Plan when the FMLA Leave began, upon the Employee's return to work at the conclusion of the FMLA Leave.

To the extent this Plan is required to comply with a State family and medical leave law that is more generous than the FMLA, continuation of coverage under this Plan will be provided in accordance with such State family and medical leave law, as well as under FMLA.

Continuation During USERRA

Participants who are absent from employment because they are in the Uniformed Services may elect to continue their coverage under this Plan for up to 24 months. To continue coverage, Participants must comply with the terms of the Plan, including election during the Plan's annual enrollment period, and pay their contributions, if any. In addition, USERRA also requires that, regardless of whether a Participant elected to continue his or her coverage under the Plan, his or her coverage and his or her Dependents' coverage be reinstated immediately upon his or her return to employment, so long as he or she meets certain requirements contained in USERRA. Participants should contact their participating Employer for information concerning their eligibility for USERRA and any requirements of the Plan.

<u>Continuation During COBRA – Introduction</u>

The right to this form of continued coverage was created by a Federal law, under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended ("COBRA"). COBRA Continuation Coverage can become available to Participants when they otherwise would lose their group health coverage. It also can become available to other members of the Participant's family who are covered under the Plan when they otherwise would lose their group health coverage. Under the Plan, certain Participants and their eligible family members (called Qualified Beneficiaries) that elect COBRA Continuation Coverage must pay the entire cost of the coverage, including a reasonable administration fee. There are several ways coverage will terminate,

including the failure of the Participant or their covered Dependents to make timely payment of contributions or premiums. For additional information, Participants should contact the Participating Employer to determine if COBRA applies to him or her and/or his or her covered Dependents.

Participants may have other options available when group health coverage is lost. For example, a Participant may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, the Participant may qualify for lower costs on his or her monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Participants can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov. Additionally, the Participant may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which the Participant is eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

COBRA Continuation Coverage

"COBRA Continuation Coverage" is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage would otherwise end because of a life event known as a "Qualifying Event." COBRA (and the description of COBRA Continuation Coverage contained in this Plan) does not apply to the following benefits (if available as part of the Employer's plan): life insurance, accidental death and dismemberment benefits and weekly income or long term disability benefits. The aforementioned benefits are not considered for continuation under COBRA. The Plan provides no greater COBRA rights than what COBRA requires – nothing in this Plan is intended to expand the Participant's rights beyond COBRA's requirements.

Qualifying Events

A qualifying event is any of those listed below if the Plan provided that the Participant would lose coverage (i.e., cease to be covered under the same terms and conditions as in effect immediately before the qualifying event) in the absence of COBRA continuation coverage. After a Qualifying Event, COBRA Continuation Coverage must be offered to each person who is a "Qualified Beneficiary." A Qualified Beneficiary is someone who is or was covered by the Plan, and has lost or will lose coverage under the Plan due to the occurrence of a Qualifying Event. The Employee and/or Employee's Dependents could therefore become Qualified Beneficiaries if applicable coverage under the Plan is lost because of the Qualifying Event.

An Employee, who is properly enrolled in this Plan and is a covered Employee, will become a Qualified Beneficiary if he or she loses his or her coverage under the Plan because either one of the following Qualifying Events happens:

- 1. The hours of employment are reduced.
- 2. The employment ends for any reason other than gross misconduct.

The spouse of a covered Employee will become a Qualified Beneficiary if he or she loses his or her coverage under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happens:

- 1. The Employee dies.
- 2. The Employee's hours of employment are reduced.
- 3. The Employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct.
- 4. The Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).
- 5. The Employee becomes divorced or Legally Separated from his or her spouse.

Dependent Children will become Qualified Beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happens:

- 1. The parent-covered Employee dies.
- 2. The parent-covered Employee's hours of employment are reduced.
- 3. The parent-covered Employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct.
- 4. The parent-covered Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both).
- 5. The parents become divorced or Legally Separated.
- 6. The Child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a Dependent Child.

Filing a proceeding in bankruptcy under title 11 of the United States Code may be a Qualifying Event. If a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to Employer, and that bankruptcy results in the loss of coverage for any retired Employee covered under the Plan, the retired Employee will become a Qualified Beneficiary, with the bankruptcy being deemed to be the Qualifying Event. The retired Employee's Dependent(s) (if applicable) will also become Qualified Beneficiaries if the bankruptcy (Qualifying Event) results in a loss of their coverage under the Plan.

Employer Notice of Qualifying Events

When the Qualifying Event is the end of employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct), reduction of hours of employment, death of the covered Employee, or the covered Employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), the Employer must notify the COBRA Administrator of the Qualifying Event.

Employee Notice of Qualifying Events

In certain circumstances, the covered Employee or Qualified Beneficiary, in order to protect his or her rights under COBRA, is required to provide notification to the COBRA Administrator in writing, either by U.S. First Class Mail or hand delivery. These circumstances are any of the following:

- 1. **Notice of Divorce or Separation**: Notice of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event that is a divorce or Legal Separation of a covered Employee (or former Employee) from his or her spouse.
- 2. **Notice of Child's Loss of Dependent Status**: Notice of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event that is an individual's ceasing to be eligible as a Dependent Child under the terms of the Plan.
- 3. **Notice of a Second Qualifying Event**: Notice of the occurrence of a second Qualifying Event after a Qualified Beneficiary has become entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage with a maximum duration of 18 (or 29) months.
- 4. Notice Regarding Disability: Notice that a Qualified Beneficiary entitled to receive COBRA Continuation Coverage with a maximum duration of 18 months has been determined by the Social Security Administration ("SSA") to be disabled at any time during the first 60 days of COBRA Continuation Coverage.
- 5. **Notice Regarding End of Disability**: Notice that a Qualified Beneficiary, with respect to whom a notice described above in #4 has been provided, has subsequently been determined by the SSA to no longer be disabled.

As indicated above, Notification of a Qualifying Event must be made in writing. Notice must be made by submitting the "Notice of Qualifying Event" form and mailing it by U.S. First Class Mail or hand delivery to the COBRA Administrator. This form is available, without charge, from the COBRA Administrator.

Notification must include an adequate description of the Qualifying Event or disability determination. Please see the remainder of this section for additional information.

Notification must be received by the COBRA Administrator. The COBRA Administrator is:

Consociate, Inc. 2828 North Monroe Street Decatur, IL 62526 Phone: 1-800-798-2422 Fax: 1-217-451-9088

Website: www.consociate.com

A form of notice is available, free of charge, from the COBRA Administrator and must be used when providing the notice.

Deadline for Providing the Notice

For Qualifying Events described above, notice must be furnished within 60 days of the latest occurring event set forth below:

- 1. The date upon which the Qualifying Event occurs.
- 2. The date upon which the Qualified Beneficiary loses (or would lose) Plan coverage due to a Qualifying Event.
- 3. The date upon which the Qualified Beneficiary is notified via the Plan's SPD or general notice, and/or becomes aware of their status as a Qualified Beneficiary and/or the occurrence of a Qualifying Event; as well as their subsequent responsibility to comply with the Plan's procedure(s) for providing notice to the COBRA Administrator regarding said status.

As described above, if an Employee or Qualified Beneficiary is determined to be disabled under the Social Security Act, the notice must be delivered no more than 60 days after the latest of:

- 1. The date of the disability determination by the SSA.
- 2. The date on which a Qualifying Event occurs.
- 3. The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage under the Plan as a result of the Qualifying Event.
- 4. The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan's SPD or the general notice, of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan's procedures for providing such notice to the COBRA Administrator.

In any event, this notice must be provided within the first 18 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage.

For a change in disability status described above, the notice must be furnished by the date that is 30 days after the later of:

- 1. The date of the final determination by the SSA that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled.
- 2. The date on which the Qualified Beneficiary is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan's SPD or the general notice, of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan's procedures for providing such notice to the COBRA Administrator.

The notice must be postmarked (if mailed), or received by the COBRA Administrator (if hand delivered), by the deadline set forth above. If the notice is late, the opportunity to elect or extend COBRA Continuation Coverage is lost, and if the person is electing COBRA Continuation Coverage, his or her coverage under the Plan will terminate on the last date for which he or she is eligible under the terms of the Plan, or if the person is extending COBRA Continuation Coverage, such Coverage will end on the last day of the initial 18-month COBRA coverage period.

Who Can Provide the Notice

Any individual who is the covered Employee (or former Employee) with respect to a Qualifying Event, or any representative acting on behalf of the covered Employee (or former Employee) or Qualified Beneficiary, may provide the notice. Notice by one individual shall satisfy any responsibility to provide notice on behalf of all related Qualified Beneficiaries with respect to the Qualifying Event.

Required Contents of the Notice

After receiving a notice of a Qualifying Event, the Plan must provide the Qualified Beneficiary with an election notice, which describes their rights to COBRA Continuation Coverage and how to make such an election. The notice must contain the following information:

- 1. Name and address of the covered Employee or former Employee.
- Name of the Plan and the name, address, and telephone number of the Plan's COBRA administrator.

- 3. Identification of the Qualifying Event and its date (the initial Qualifying Event and its date if the Qualifying Participant is already receiving COBRA Continuation Coverage and wishes to extend the maximum coverage period).
- 4. A description of the Qualifying Event (for example, divorce Legal Separation,, cessation of Dependent status, entitlement to Medicare by the covered Employee or former Employee, death of the covered Employee or former Employee, disability of a Qualified Beneficiary or loss of disability status).
 - a. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is divorce or Legal Separation, name(s) and address(es) of spouse and Dependent Child or Children covered under the Plan, date of divorce or Legal Separation, and a copy of the decree of divorce or Legal Separation.
 - b. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is Medicare entitlement of the covered Employee or former Employee, date of entitlement, and name(s) and address(es) of spouse and Dependent Child or Children covered under the Plan.
 - c. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is a Dependent Child's cessation of Dependent status under the Plan, name and address of the Child, reason the Child ceased to be an eligible Dependent (for example, attained limiting age).
 - d. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is the death of the covered Employee or former Employee, the date of death, and name(s) and address(es) of spouse and Dependent Child or Children covered under the Plan.
 - e. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is disability of a Qualified Beneficiary, name and address of the disabled Qualified Beneficiary, name(s) and address(es) of other family members covered under the Plan, the date the disability began, the date of the SSA's determination, and a copy of the SSA's determination.
 - f. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is loss of disability status, name and address of the Qualified Beneficiary who is no longer disabled, name(s) and address(es) of other family members covered under the Plan, the date the disability ended and the date of the SSA's determination.
- 5. Identification of the Qualified Beneficiaries (by name or by status).
- 6. An explanation of the Qualified Beneficiaries' right to elect continuation coverage.
- 7. The date coverage will terminate (or has terminated) if continuation coverage is not elected.
- 8. How to elect continuation coverage.
- 9. What will happen if continuation coverage isn't elected or is waived.
- 10. What continuation coverage is available, for how long, and (if it is for less than 36 months), how it can be extended for disability or second qualifying events.
- 11. How continuation coverage might terminate early.
- 12. Premium payment requirements, including due dates and grace periods.
- 13. A statement of the importance of keeping the Plan Administrator informed of the addresses of Qualified Beneficiaries.
- 14. A statement that the election notice does not fully describe COBRA or the plan and that more information is available from the Plan Administrator and in the SPD.
- 15. A certification that the information is true and correct, a signature and date.

If a copy of the decree of divorce or Legal Separation or the SSA's determination cannot be provided by the deadline for providing the notice, complete and provide the notice, as instructed, by the deadline and submit the copy of the decree of divorce or Legal Separation or the SSA's determination within 30 days after the deadline. The notice will be timely if done so. However, no COBRA Continuation Coverage, or extension of such Coverage, will be available until the copy of the decree of divorce or Legal Separation or the SSA's determination is provided.

If the notice does not contain all of the required information, the COBRA Administrator may request additional information. If the individual fails to provide such information within the time period specified by the COBRA Administrator in the request, the COBRA Administrator may reject the notice if it does not contain enough information for the COBRA Administrator to identify the plan, the covered Employee (or former Employee), the Qualified Beneficiaries, the Qualifying Event or disability, and the date on which the Qualifying Event, if any, occurred.

Electing COBRA Continuation Coverage

Complete instructions on how to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage will be provided by the COBRA Administrator within 14 days of receiving the notice of the Qualifying Event. The individual then has 60 days in which to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage. The 60 day period is measured from the later of the date coverage terminates or the date of the notice containing the instructions. If COBRA Continuation Coverage is not elected in that 60 day period, then the right to elect it ceases.

Each Qualified Beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage. Covered Employees may elect COBRA Continuation Coverage on behalf of all other Qualified Beneficiaries, including their spouses, and parents or a legal guardian may elect COBRA Continuation Coverage on behalf of their Children.

In the event that the COBRA Administrator determines that the individual is not entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage, the COBRA Administrator will provide to the individual an explanation as to why he or she is not entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage.

Waiver Before the End of the Election Period

If, during the election period, a Qualified Beneficiary waives COBRA continuation coverage, the waiver can be revoked at any time before the end of the election period. Revocation of the waiver is an election of COBRA continuation coverage. However, if a waiver is later revoked, coverage need not be provided retroactively (that is, from the date of the loss of coverage until the waiver is revoked). Waivers and revocations of waivers are considered made on the date they are sent to the Plan Administrator or its designee, as applicable.

Duration of COBRA Continuation Coverage

The maximum time period shown below shall dictate for how long COBRA Continuation Coverage will be available. The maximum time period for coverage is based on the type of the Qualifying Event and the status of the Qualified Beneficiary. Multiple Qualifying Events that may be combined under COBRA will not ordinarily continue coverage for more than 36 months beyond the date of the original Qualifying Event. When the Qualifying Event is "entitlement to Medicare," the 36 month continuation period is measured from the date of the original Qualifying Event. For all other Qualifying Events, the continuation period is measured from the date of the Qualifying Event, not the date of loss of coverage.

In the case of a bankruptcy Qualifying Event, the maximum coverage period for a Qualified Beneficiary who is the covered retiree ends on the date of the retiree's death. The maximum coverage period for a Qualified Beneficiary who is the covered Dependent of the retiree ends on the earlier of the Qualified Beneficiary's death or 36 months after the death of the retiree.

When the Qualifying Event is the death of the covered Employee (or former Employee), the covered Employee's (or former Employee's) becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), a divorce or Legal Separation, or a Dependent Child's losing eligibility as a Dependent Child, COBRA Continuation Coverage lasts for up to a total of 36 months.

When the Qualifying Event is the end of employment or reduction of the covered Employee's hours of employment, and the covered Employee became entitled to Medicare benefits less than 18 months before the Qualifying Event, COBRA Continuation Coverage for Qualified Beneficiaries other than the covered Employee lasts until 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement. For example, if a covered Employee becomes entitled to Medicare eight months before the date on which his or her employment terminates, COBRA Continuation Coverage for his or her spouse and Children can last up to thirty-six months after the date of Medicare entitlement, which is equal to twenty-eight months after the date of the Qualifying Event (thirty-six months minus eight months).

Otherwise, when the Qualifying Event is the end of employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct) or reduction of the covered Employee's hours of employment, COBRA Continuation Coverage generally lasts for only up to a total of 18 months. There are two ways in which this eighteen month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage can be extended.

Disability Extension of COBRA Continuation Coverage

Disability can extend the 18 month period of continuation coverage for a Qualifying Event that is a termination of employment or reduction of hours, if an Employee or anyone in an Employee's family covered under the Plan is determined by the Social Security Administration ("SSA") to be disabled, and the Employee notifies the COBRA Administrator. The Employee and his or her Dependents may thereby be entitled to an additional 11 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, for a total of 29 months, if the disability started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA Continuation Coverage and lasts at least until the end of the 18 month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage. The Plan can charge 150% of the premium cost for the extended period of coverage.

Second Qualifying Event Extension of COBRA Continuation Coverage

If an Employee's family experiences another Qualifying Event while receiving 18 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, Dependents may receive up to 18 additional months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if notice of the second Qualifying Event is provided to the Plan Administrator or COBRA Administrator in accordance with the procedures set forth herein. This extension may be applicable to the Employee's death, Medicare Parts A and/or B eligibility, divorce or Legal Separation, or a loss of Dependent status under the terms of the Plan if the event would have also caused the spouse or Dependent Child to lose coverage under the Plan regardless of whether the first Qualifying Event had occurred.

Shorter Duration of COBRA Continuation Coverage

COBRA establishes required periods of coverage for continuation health benefits. A plan, however, may provide longer periods of coverage beyond those required by COBRA. COBRA Qualified Beneficiaries generally are eligible for group coverage during a maximum of 18 months after Qualifying Events arising due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain Qualifying Events, or a second Qualifying Events during the initial period of coverage, may permit a Qualified Beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

It is not necessary that COBRA Continuation Coverage be in effect for the maximum period of time, as set forth herein. COBRA Continuation Coverage may conclude prior to the latest possible date if the Employer ceases to provide a group health plan to any Employee; the Qualified Beneficiary fails to make timely payment of any required contributions or premium; the Qualified Beneficiary gains coverage under another group health plan (as an Employee or otherwise) or becomes entitled to either Medicare Part A or Part B (whichever comes first); and/or any other event occurs which enables the Plan Administrator to terminate coverage without offering COBRA Continuation Coverage (such as the commission of fraud by the Qualified Beneficiary and/or their Dependent). COBRA Continuation Coverage shall be extended to the first day of the month 30 days (or more) subsequent to the date upon which the SSA determined that the Qualified Beneficiary is no longer disabled.

Contribution and/or Premium Requirements

The cost of the elected COBRA Continuation Coverage must be paid within 45 days of its election. Payments will then be subsequently due on the first day of each month. COBRA Continuation Coverage will be canceled and will not be reinstated if any payment is made late; however, the Plan Administrator must allow for a 30 day grace period during which a late payment may still be made without the loss of COBRA Continuation Coverage.

Trade Reform Act of 2002 and Trade Preferences Extension Act of 2015

The Trade Preferences Extension Act of 2015 has extended certain provisions of the Trade Reform Act of 2002, which created a special COBRA right applicable to certain employees who have been terminated or experienced a reduction of hours and who qualify for a "trade readjustment allowance" or "alternative trade adjustment assistance." These individuals can either take a Health Coverage Tax Credit (HCTC) or get advance payment of the applicable percentage of premiums paid for qualified health insurance coverage, including COBRA continuation coverage. These individuals are also entitled to a second opportunity to elect COBRA coverage for themselves and certain family members (if they did not already elect COBRA coverage). This election must be made within the 60-day period that begins on the first day of the month in

which the individual becomes eligible for assistance under the Trade Reform Act of 2002. However, this election may not be made more than six months after the date the individual's group health plan coverage ends.

A Participant's eligibility for subsidies under the Trade Preferences Extension Act of 2015 affects his or her eligibility for subsidies that provide premium assistance for coverage purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For each coverage month, a Participant must choose one or the other, and if he or she receives both during a tax year, the IRS will reconcile his or her eligibility for each subsidy through his or her individual tax return. Participants may wish to consult their individual tax advisors concerning the benefits of using one subsidy or the other.

Participants may contact the Plan Administrator for additional information or if they have any questions they may call the Health Coverage Tax Credit Customer Contact Center toll-free at 1-866-628-4282. TTD/TTY callers may call toll-free at 1-866-626-4282. More information about the Trade Reform Act is available at www.irs.gov/credits-&-Deductions/Individuals/HCTC.

Additional Information

Please contact the COBRA Administrator with any questions about the Plan and COBRA Continuation Coverage at the following:

Consociate, Inc. 2828 North Monroe Street Decatur, IL 62526 Phone: 1-800-798-2422 Fax: 1-217-451-9088

Website: www.consociate.com

Questions concerning the Plan or COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified above. For more information about a Participant's rights under COBRA, HIPAA, the Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) or visit https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

Current Addresses

Important information may be distributed by mail. In order to protect the rights of the Employee's family, the Employee should keep the COBRA Administrator (who has been previously identified in this Continuation of Coverage section) informed of any changes in the addresses of family members.

HIPAA PRIVACY

Commitment to Protecting Health Information

The Plan will comply with the Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information (i.e., the "Privacy Rule") set forth by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS") pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA"). Such standards control the dissemination of "protected health information" ("PHI") of Participants. Privacy Standards will be implemented and enforced in the offices of the Employer and Plan Sponsor and any other entity that may assist in the operation of the Plan.

The Plan is required by law to take reasonable steps to ensure the privacy of the Participant's PHI, and inform him/her about:

- 1. The Plan's disclosures and uses of PHI.
- 2. The Participant's privacy rights with respect to his or her PHI.
- 3. The Plan's duties with respect to his or her PHI.
- 4. The Participant's right to file a complaint with the Plan and with the Secretary of HHS.
- 5. The person or office to contact for further information about the Plan's privacy practices.

The Plan provides each Participant with a separate Notice of Privacy Practices. This Notice describes how the Plan uses and discloses a Participant's personal health information. It also describes certain rights the Participant has regarding this information. Additional copies of the Plan's Notice of Privacy Practices are available by calling 1-309-694-8911.

Within this provision capitalized terms may be used, but not otherwise defined. These terms shall have the same meaning as those terms set forth in 45 CFR Sections 160.103 and 164.501. Any HIPAA regulation modifications altering a defined HIPAA term or regulatory citation shall be deemed incorporated into this provision.

Definitions

- **Breach** means an unauthorized acquisition, access, use or disclosure of Protected Health Information ("PHI") or Electronic Protected Health Information ("ePHI") that violates the HIPAA Privacy Rule and that compromises the security or privacy of the information.
- **Protected Health Information ("PHI")** means individually identifiable health information, as defined by HIPAA, that is created or received by the Plan and that relates to the past, present, or future physical or mental health or condition of an individual; the provision of health care to an individual; or the past, present, or future payment for the provision of health care to an individual; and that identifies the individual or for which there is a reasonable basis to believe the information can be used to identify the individual. PHI includes information of persons living or deceased.

How Health Information May Be Used and Disclosed

In general, the Privacy Rules permit the Plan to use and disclose, the minimum necessary amount, an individual's PHI, without obtaining authorization, only if the use or disclosure is for any of the following:

- 1. To carry out payment of benefits.
- 2. If the use or disclosure falls within one of the limited circumstances described in the rules (e.g., the disclosure is required by law or for public health activities).

Primary Uses and Disclosures of PHI

1. Treatment, Payment and Health Care Operations: The Plan has the right to use and disclose a Participant's PHI for all activities as included within the definitions of Treatment, Payment, and Health Care Operations and pursuant to the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

- 2. Business Associates: The Plan contracts with individuals and entities (Business Associates) to perform various functions on its behalf. In performance of these functions or to provide services, Business Associates will receive, create, maintain, use, or disclose PHI, but only after the Plan and the Business Associate agree in writing to contract terms requiring the Business Associate to appropriately safeguard the Participant's information.
- 3. Other Covered Entities: The Plan may disclose PHI to assist health care Providers in connection with their treatment or payment activities or to assist other covered entities in connection with payment activities and certain health care operations. For example, the Plan may disclose PHI to a health care Provider when needed by the Provider to render treatment to a Participant, and the Plan may disclose PHI to another covered entity to conduct health care operations. The Plan may also disclose or share PHI with other insurance carriers (such as Medicare, etc.) in order to coordinate benefits, if a Participant has coverage through another carrier.

Disclosure of PHI to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Purposes

In order that the Plan Sponsor may receive and use PHI for plan administration purposes, the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

- 1. Not use or further disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by the Plan documents or as required by law (as defined in the Privacy Standards).
- 2. Ensure that any agents, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides PHI received from the Plan, agree to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to the Plan Sponsor with respect to such PHI.
- 3. Maintain the confidentiality of all PHI, unless an individual gives specific consent or authorization to disclose such data or unless the data is used for health care payment or Plan operations.
- 4. Receive PHI, in the absence of an individual's express authorization, only to carry out Plan administration functions.
- 5. Not use or disclose genetic information for underwriting purposes.
- 6. Report to the Plan any PHI use or disclosure that is inconsistent with the uses or disclosures provided for of which the Plan Sponsor becomes aware.
- 7. Make available PHI in accordance with section 164.524 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.524).
- 8. Make available PHI for amendment and incorporate any amendments to PHI in accordance with section 164.526 of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.526).
- 9. Make its internal practices, books and records relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from the Plan available to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS"), or any other officer or Employee of HHS to whom the authority involved has been delegated, for purposes of determining compliance by the Plan with part 164, subpart E, of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.500 et seq).
- 10. If feasible, return or destroy all PHI received from the Plan that the Plan Sponsor still maintains in any form and retain no copies of such PHI when no longer needed for the purpose for which disclosure was made, except that, if such return or destruction is not feasible, limit further uses and disclosures to those purposes that make the return or destruction of the PHI infeasible.

Required Disclosures of PHI

- 1. Disclosures to Participants: The Plan is required to disclose to a Participant most of the PHI in a Designated Record Set when the Participant requests access to this information. The Plan will disclose a Participant's PHI to an individual who has been assigned as his or her representative and who has qualified for such designation in accordance with the relevant State law. Before disclosure to an individual qualified as a personal representative, the Plan must be given written supporting documentation establishing the basis of the personal representation.
 - The Plan may elect not to treat the person as the Participant's personal representative if it has a reasonable belief that the Participant has been, or may be, subjected to domestic violence, abuse, or neglect by such person, it is not in the Participant's best interest to treat the person as his or her personal representative, or treating such person as his or her personal representative could endanger the Participant.

2. Disclosures to the Secretary of the U.S. Dept of Health and Human Services: The Plan is required to disclose the Participant's PHI to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources when the Secretary is investigating or determining the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

Participant's Rights

The Participant has the following rights regarding PHI about him/her:

- Request Restrictions: The Participant has the right to request additional restrictions on the use or disclosure of PHI for treatment, payment, or health care operations. The Participant may request that the Plan restrict disclosures to family members, relatives, friends or other persons identified by him/her who are involved in his or her care or payment for his or her care. The Plan is not required to agree to these requested restrictions.
- 2. Right to Receive Confidential Communication: The Participant has the right to request that he or she receive communications regarding PHI in a certain manner or at a certain location. The request must be made in writing and how the Participant would like to be contacted. The Plan will accommodate all reasonable requests.
- Right to Receive Notice of Privacy Practices: The Participant is entitled to receive a paper copy of the plan's Notice of Privacy Practices at any time. To obtain a paper copy, contact the Privacy Officer
- 4. Accounting of Disclosures: The Participant has the right to request an accounting of disclosures the Plan has made of his or her PHI. The request must be made in writing and does not apply to disclosures for treatment, payment, health care operations, and certain other purposes. The Participant is entitled to such an accounting for the six years prior to his or her request. Except as provided below, for each disclosure, the accounting will include: (a) the date of the disclosure, (b) the name of the entity or person who received the PHI and, if known, the address of such entity or person; (c) a description of the PHI disclosed, (d) a statement of the purpose of the disclosure that reasonably informs the Participant of the basis of the disclosure, and certain other information. If the Participant wishes to make a request, please contact the Privacy Officer.
- 5. Access: The Participant has the right to request the opportunity to look at or get copies of PHI maintained by the Plan about him/her in certain records maintained by the Plan. If the Participant requests copies, he or she may be charged a fee to cover the costs of copying, mailing, and other supplies. If a Participant wants to inspect or copy PHI, or to have a copy of his or her PHI transmitted directly to another designated person, he or she should contact the Privacy Officer. A request to transmit PHI directly to another designated person must be in writing, signed by the Participant and the recipient must be clearly identified. The Plan must respond to the Participant's request within 30 days (in some cases, the Plan can request a 30 day extension). In very limited circumstances, the Plan may deny the Participant's request. If the Plan denies the request, the Participant may be entitled to a review of that denial.
- 6. Amendment: The Participant has the right to request that the Plan change or amend his or her PHI. The Plan reserves the right to require this request be in writing. Submit the request to the Privacy Officer. The Plan may deny the Participant's request in certain cases, including if it is not in writing or if he or she does not provide a reason for the request.
- 7. Other uses and disclosures not described in this section can only be made with authorization from the Participant. The Participant may revoke this authorization at any time.

<u>Questions or Complaints</u>
If the Participant wants more information about the Plan's privacy practices, has questions or concerns, or believes that the Plan may have violated his or her privacy rights, please contact the Plan using the following information. The Participant may submit a written complaint to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or with the Plan. The Plan will provide the Participant with the address to file his or her complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services upon request.

The Plan will not retaliate against the Participant for filing a complaint with the Plan or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Contact Information

Privacy Officer Contact Information: Tim Anderson Illinois Central College One College Drive East Peoria, IL 61611 Phone: 1-309-694-8911

Fax: 1-309-694-8563 Website: www.icc.edu

HIPAA SECURITY

<u>Disclosure of Electronic Protected Health Information ("Electronic PHI") to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Functions</u>

STANDARDS FOR SECURITY OF INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE HEALTH INFORMATION ("SECURITY RULE")

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and other applicable law shall override the following wherever there is a conflict, or a term or terms is/are not hereby defined.

The Security Rule imposes regulations for maintaining the integrity, confidentiality and availability of protected health information that it creates, receives, maintains, or maintains electronically that is kept in electronic format (ePHI) as required under HIPAA.

Definitions

- Electronic Protected Health Information (ePHI), as defined in Section 160.103 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 160.103) and means individually identifiable health information transmitted or maintained in any electronic media.
- **Security Incidents**, as defined within Section 164.304 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 164.304) and means the attempted or successful unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of information or interference with systems operation in an information system.

Plan Sponsor Obligations

To enable the Plan Sponsor to receive and use Electronic PHI for Plan Administration Functions (as defined in 45 CFR §164.504(a)), the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

- 1. Implement administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the Electronic PHI that it creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Plan.
- 2. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in 45 CFR § 164.504(f)(2)(iii), is supported by reasonable and appropriate Security Measures.
- 3. Ensure that any agent, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides Electronic PHI created, received, maintained, or transmitted on behalf of the Plan, agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate administrative, physical, and technical safeguards to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of the Electronic PHI and report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.
- 4. Report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.
- 5. Establish safeguards for information, including security systems for data processing and storage.
- 6. Not use or disclose PHI for employment-related actions and decisions or in connection with any other benefit or Employee benefit plan of the Plan Sponsor, except pursuant to an authorization which meets the requirements of the Privacy Standards.
- 7. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in section 164.504(f)(2)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(2)(iii)), is established as follows:
 - a. The following Employees, or classes of Employees, or other persons under control of the Plan Sponsor, shall be given access to the PHI to be disclosed:
 - i. Privacy Officer.
 - ii. Director of Employee Benefits.
 - iii. Employee Benefits Department employees.
 - iv. Information Technology Department.
 - b. The access to and use of PHI by the individuals identified above shall be restricted to the plan administration functions that the Plan Sponsor performs for the Plan.

Disclosure of Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor

The Plan may disclose PHI to the Plan Sponsor of the group health plan for purposes of plan administration or pursuant to an authorization request signed by the Participant. The Plan may use or disclose "summary health information" to the Plan Sponsor for obtaining premium bids or modifying, amending, or terminating the group health plan. "Summary health information" may be individually identifiable health information and it summarizes the claims history, claims expenses or the type of claims experienced by individuals in the plan, but it excludes all identifiers that must be removed for the information to be de-identified, except that it may contain geographic information to the extent that it is aggregated by five-digit zip code.

Disclosure of Certain Enrollment Information to the Plan Sponsor

Pursuant to section 164.504(f)(1)(iii) of the Privacy Standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(1)(iii)), the Plan may disclose to the Plan Sponsor information on whether an individual is participating in the Plan or is enrolled in or has un-enrolled from a health insurance issuer or health maintenance organization offered by the Plan to the Plan Sponsor.

Disclosure of PHI to Obtain Stop-loss or Excess Loss Coverage

The Plan Sponsor may hereby authorize and direct the Plan, through the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrator, to disclose PHI to stop-loss carriers, excess loss carriers or managing general underwriters ("MGUs") for underwriting and other purposes in order to obtain and maintain stop-loss or excess loss coverage related to benefit claims under the Plan. Such disclosures shall be made in accordance with the Privacy Standards.

Resolution of Noncompliance

In the event that any authorized individual of the Employer's workforce uses or discloses Protected Health Information other than as permitted by the Privacy Standards, the incident shall be reported to the Privacy Officer. The Privacy Officer shall take appropriate action, including:

- 1. Investigation of the incident to determine whether the breach occurred inadvertently, through negligence, or deliberately; whether there is a pattern of breaches; and the degree of harm caused by the breach.
- 2. Applying appropriate sanctions against the persons causing the breach, which, depending upon the nature of the breach, may include oral or written reprimand, additional training, or termination of employment.
- 3. Mitigating any harm caused by the breach, to the extent practicable.
- 4. Documentation of the incident and all actions taken to resolve the issue and mitigate any damages.
- 5. Training Employees in privacy protection requirements and appoint a Privacy Officer responsible for such protections.
- 6. Disclosing the Participant's PHI to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources when the Secretary is investigating or determining the Plan's compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

PLAN ADMINISTRATION

The Plan Administrator has been granted the authority to administer the Plan. The Plan Administrator has retained the services of the Third Party Administrator to provide certain claims processing and other technical services. Subject to the claims processing and other technical services delegated to the Third Party Administrator, the Plan Administrator reserves the unilateral right and power to administer and to interpret, construe and construct the terms and provisions of the Plan, including without limitation, correcting any error or defect, supplying any omission, reconciling any inconsistency and making factual determinations.

Plan Administrator

The Plan is administered by the Plan Administrator in accordance with these provisions. An individual, committee, or entity may be appointed by the Plan Sponsor to be Plan Administrator and serve at the convenience of the Plan Sponsor. If the appointed Plan Administrator or a committee member resigns, dies, is otherwise unable to perform, is dissolved, or is removed from the position, the Plan Sponsor shall appoint a new Plan Administrator as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan Administrator may delegate to one or more individuals or entities part or all of its discretionary authority under the Plan, provided that any such delegation must be made in writing.

The Plan shall be administered by the Plan Administrator, in accordance with its terms. Policies, interpretations, practices, and procedures are established and maintained by the Plan Administrator. It is the express intent of this Plan that the Plan Administrator shall have maximum legal discretionary authority to construe and interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan, to make all interpretive and factual determinations as to whether any individual is eligible and entitled to receive any benefit under the terms of this Plan, to decide disputes which may arise with respect to a Participant's rights, and to decide questions of Plan interpretation and those of fact relating to the Plan. The decisions of the Plan Administrator will be final and binding on all interested parties. Benefits will be paid under this Plan only if the Plan Administrator, in its discretion, determines that the Participant is entitled to them.

If due to errors in drafting, any Plan provision does not accurately reflect its intended meaning, as demonstrated by prior interpretations or other evidence of intent, or as determined by the Plan Administrator in its sole and exclusive judgment, the provision shall be considered ambiguous and shall be interpreted by the Plan Administrator in a fashion consistent with its intent, as determined by the Plan Administrator. The Plan may be amended retroactively to cure any such ambiguity, notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary.

The foregoing provisions of this Plan may not be invoked by any person to require the Plan to be interpreted in a manner which is inconsistent with its interpretations by the Plan Administrator. All actions taken and all determinations by the Plan Administrator shall be final and binding upon all persons claiming any interest under the Plan subject only to the claims appeal procedures of the Plan.

Duties of the Plan Administrator

The duties of the Plan Administrator include the following:

- 1. To administer the Plan in accordance with its terms.
- 2. To determine all questions of eligibility, status and coverage under the Plan.
- 3. To interpret the Plan, including the authority to construe possible ambiguities, inconsistencies, omissions and disputed terms.
- 4. To make factual findings.
- 5. To decide disputes which may arise relative to a Participant's rights and/or availability of benefits.
- 6. To prescribe procedures for filing a claim for benefits, to review claim denials and appeals relating to them and to uphold or reverse such denials.
- 7. To keep and maintain the Plan documents and all other records pertaining to the Plan.

- 8. To appoint and supervise a Third Party Administrator to pay claims.
- 9. To establish and communicate procedures to determine whether a Medical Child Support Order is a QMCSO.
- 10. To delegate to any person or entity such powers, duties and responsibilities as it deems appropriate.
- 11. To perform each and every function necessary for or related to the Plan's administration.

Amending and Terminating the Plan

This Plan was established for the exclusive benefit of the Employees with the intention it will continue indefinitely; however, as the settlor of the Plan, the Plan Sponsor, through its directors and officers, may, in its sole discretion, at any time, amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. This includes amending the benefits under the Plan or the trust agreement (if any). All amendments to this Plan shall become effective as of a date established by the Plan Sponsor.

Any amendment to the Plan that is not made effective at the beginning of a normal Plan Year by integration into a full Plan Document restatement, including suspension and/or termination, shall follow the amendment procedure outlined in this section. The amendment procedure is accomplished by a separate, written amendment decided upon and/or enacted by resolution of the Plan Sponsor's directors or officers (in compliance with its articles of incorporation or bylaws and if these provisions are deemed applicable), or by the sole proprietor in his or her own discretion if the Plan Sponsor is a sole proprietorship, but always in accordance with applicable Federal and State law.

If the Plan is terminated, the rights of the Participants are limited to expenses Incurred before termination. In connection with the termination, the Plan Sponsor may establish a deadline by which all claims must be submitted for consideration. Benefits will be paid only for Covered Expenses Incurred prior to the termination date and submitted in accordance with the rules established by the Plan Sponsor. Upon termination, any Plan assets will be used to pay outstanding claims and all expenses of Plan termination. As it relates to distribution of assets upon termination of the Plan, any contributions paid by Participants will be used for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits and defraying reasonable expenses related to Plan administration, and will not inure to the benefit of the Employer.

Summary of Material Modification (SMM)

A Summary of Material Modifications reports changes in the information provided within the Summary Plan Description. Examples include a change to Deductibles, eligibility or the addition or deletion of coverage.

The Plan Administrator shall notify all covered Employees of any plan amendment considered a Summary of Material Modifications by the Plan as soon as administratively feasible after its adoption, but no later than within 210 days after the close of the Plan Year in which the changes became effective. If said Material Modification is affected by amendment as described above, distribution of a copy of said written amendment, within all applicable time limits, shall be deemed sufficient notification to satisfy the Plan's Summary of Material Modifications requirements.

NOTE: The Affordable Care Act (ACA) requires that if a Plan's Material Modifications are not reflected in the Plan's most recent Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) then the Plan must provide written notice to Participants at least 60 days before the effective date of the Material Modification.

Summary of Material Reduction (SMR)

A Summary of Material Reduction (SMR) is a type of SMM. A Material Reduction generally means any modification that would be considered by the average participant to be an important reduction in covered services or benefits. Examples include reductions in benefits or increases in Deductibles or Copayments.

The Plan Administrator shall notify all eligible Employees of any plan amendment considered a Material Reduction in covered services or benefits provided by the Plan as soon as administratively feasible after its adoption, but no later than 60 days after the date of adoption of the reduction. Eligible Employees and beneficiaries must be furnished a summary of such reductions, and any changes so made shall be binding on each Participant. The 60 day period for furnishing a summary of Material Reduction does not apply to

any Employee covered by the Plan who would reasonably expect to receive a summary through other means within the next 90 days.

If said Material Reduction is affected by amendment as described above, distribution of a copy of said written amendment, within all applicable time limits, shall be deemed sufficient notification to satisfy the Plan's Summary of Material Reduction requirements.

Material Reduction disclosure provisions are subject to the requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) and any related amendments.

Misuse of Identification Card

If an Employee or covered Dependent permits any person who is not a covered Participant of the Family Unit to use any identification card issued, the Plan Sponsor may give Employee written notice that his (and his family's) coverage will be terminated in accordance with the Plan's provisions.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Clerical Error/Delay

Any clerical error by the Plan Administrator or an agent of the Plan Administrator in keeping pertinent records or a delay in making any changes to such records will not invalidate coverage otherwise validly in force or continue coverage validly terminated. Contributions made in error by Participants due to such clerical error will be returned to the Participant; coverage will not be inappropriately extended. Contributions that were due but not made, in error and due to such clerical error will be owed immediately upon identification of said clerical error. Failure to so remedy amounts owed may result in termination of coverage. Effective Dates, waiting periods, deadlines, rules, and other matters will be established based upon the terms of the Plan, as if no clerical error had occurred. An equitable adjustment of contributions will be made when the error or delay is discovered.

If, an overpayment occurs in a Plan reimbursement amount, the Plan retains a contractual right to the overpayment. The person or institution receiving the overpayment will be required to return the incorrect amount of money. In the case of a Participant, the amount of overpayment may be deducted from future benefits payable.

Conformity With Applicable Laws

Any provision of this Plan that is contrary to any applicable law, equitable principle, regulation or court order (if such a court is of competent jurisdiction) will be interpreted to comply with said law, or, if it cannot be so interpreted, shall be automatically amended to satisfy the law's minimum requirement, including, but not limited to, stated maximums, Exclusions, or statutes of limitations. It is intended that the Plan will conform to the requirements of any other applicable law.

Fraud

Under this Plan, coverage may be retroactively canceled or terminated (rescinded) if a Participant acts fraudulently or intentionally makes material misrepresentations of fact. It is a Participant's responsibility to provide accurate information and to make accurate and truthful statements, including information and statements regarding family status, age, relationships, etc. It is also a Participant's responsibility to update previously provided information and statements. Failure to do so may result in coverage of Participants being canceled, and such cancellation may be retroactive.

If a Participant, or any other entity, submits or attempts to submit a claim for or on behalf of a person who is not a Participant of the Plan; submits a claim for services or supplies not rendered; provides false or misleading information in connection with enrollment in the Plan; or provides any false or misleading information to the Plan as it relates to any element of its administration; that shall be deemed to be fraud. If a Participant is aware of any instance of fraud, and fails to bring that fraud to the Plan Administrator's attention, that shall also be deemed to be fraud. Fraud will result in immediate termination of all coverage under this Plan for the Participant and their entire Family Unit of which the Participant is a member.

A determination by the Plan that a rescission is warranted will be considered an Adverse Benefit Determination for purposes of review and appeal. A Participant whose coverage is being rescinded will be provided a 30 day notice period as described under the Affordable Care Act (ACA) and regulatory guidance. Claims Incurred after the retroactive date of termination shall not be further processed and/or paid under the Plan. Claims Incurred after the retroactive date of termination that were paid under the Plan will be treated as erroneously paid claims under this Plan.

Headings

The headings used in this Plan Document are used for convenience of reference only. Participants are advised not to rely on any provision because of the heading.

Word Usage

Wherever any words are used herein in the singular or plural, they shall be construed as though they were in the plural or singular, as the case may be, in all cases where they would so apply.

No Waiver or Estoppel

All parts, portions, provisions, conditions, and/or other items addressed by this Plan shall be deemed to be in full force and effect, and not waived, absent an explicit written instrument expressing otherwise; executed by the Plan Administrator. Absent such explicit waiver, there shall be no estoppel against the enforcement of any provision of this Plan. Failure by any applicable entity to enforce any part of the Plan shall not constitute a waiver, either as it specifically applies to a particular circumstance, or as it applies to the Plan's general administration. If an explicit written waiver is executed, that waiver shall only apply to the matter addressed therein, and shall be interpreted in the most narrow fashion possible.

Plan Contributions

The Plan Administrator shall, from time to time, evaluate the funding method of the Plan and determine the amount to be contributed by the Participating Employer and the amount to be contributed (if any) by each Participant.

The Plan Sponsor shall fund the Plan in a manner consistent with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and such other laws and regulations as shall be applicable to the end that the Plan shall be funded on a lawful and sound basis. The manner and means by which the Plan is funded shall be solely determined by the Plan Sponsor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, the Plan Administrator's obligation to pay claims otherwise allowable under the terms of the Plan shall be limited to its obligation to make contributions to the Plan as set forth in the preceding paragraph. Payment of said claims in accordance with these procedures shall discharge completely the Company's obligation with respect to such payments.

In the event that the Company terminates the Plan, then as of the effective date of termination, the Employer and eligible Employees shall have no further obligation to make additional contributions to the Plan and the Plan shall have no obligation to pay claims Incurred after the termination date of the Plan.

Right to Receive and Release Information

The Plan Administrator may, without notice to or consent of any person, release to or obtain any information from any insurance company or other organization or person any information regarding coverage, expenses, and benefits which the Plan Administrator, at its sole discretion, considers necessary to determine and apply the provisions and benefits of this Plan. In so acting, the Plan Administrator shall be free from any liability that may arise with regard to such action. Any Participant claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as requested and as may be necessary to implement this provision.

Written Notice

Any written notice required under this Plan which, as of the Effective Date, is in conflict with the law of any governmental body or agency which has jurisdiction over this Plan shall be interpreted to conform to the minimum requirements of such law.

Right of Recovery

In accordance with the Recovery of Payments provision, whenever payments have been made by this Plan in a total amount, at any time, in excess of the maximum amount of benefits payable under this Plan, the Plan shall have the right to recover such payments, to the extent of such excess, from any one or more of the following as this Plan shall determine: any person to or with respect to whom such payments were made, or such person's legal representative, any insurance companies, or any other individuals or organizations which the Plan determines are responsible for payment of such amount, and any future benefits payable to the Participant or his or her Dependents. See the Recovery of Payments provision for full details.

Statements

All statements made by the Company or by a Participant will, in the absence of fraud, be considered representations and not warranties, and no statements made for the purpose of obtaining benefits under this document will be used in any contest to avoid or reduce the benefits provided by the document unless contained in a written application for benefits and a copy of the instrument containing such representation is or has been furnished to the Participant.

Any Participant who knowingly and with intent to defraud the Plan, files a statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact, commits a fraudulent act. The Participant may be subject to prosecution by the United States Department of Labor. Fraudulently claiming benefits may be punishable by a substantial fine, imprisonment, or both.

Protection Against Creditors

To the extent this provision does not conflict with any applicable law, no benefit payment under this Plan shall be subject in any way to alienation, sale, transfer, pledge, attachment, garnishment, execution or encumbrance of any kind, and any attempt to accomplish the same shall be void. If the Plan Administrator shall find that such an attempt has been made with respect to any payment due or to become due to any Participant, the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion may terminate the interest of such Participant or former Participant in such payment. And in such case the Plan Administrator shall apply the amount of such payment to or for the benefit of such Participant or former Participant, his or her spouse, parent, adult Child, guardian of a minor Child, brother or sister, or other relative of a Dependent of such Participant or former Participant, as the Plan Administrator may determine, and any such application shall be a complete discharge of all liability with respect to such benefit payment. However, at the discretion of the Plan Administrator, benefit payments may be assigned to health care Providers.

Binding Arbitration

Any dispute or claim, of whatever nature, arising out of, in connection with, or in relation to this Plan, or breach or rescission thereof, or in relation to care or delivery of care, including any claim based on contract, tort or statute, must be resolved by arbitration if the amount sought exceeds the jurisdictional limit of the small claims court. Any dispute regarding a claim for damages within the jurisdictional limits of the small claims court will be resolved in such court.

The Federal Arbitration Act shall govern the interpretation and enforcement of all proceedings under this Binding Arbitration provision. To the extent that the Federal Arbitration Act is inapplicable, or is held not to require arbitration of a particular claim, State law governing agreements to arbitrate shall apply.

The Participant and the Plan Administrator agree to be bound by this Binding Arbitration provision and acknowledge that they are each giving up their right to a trial by court or jury.

The Participant and the Plan Administrator agree to give up the right to participate in class arbitration against each other. Even if applicable law permits class actions or class arbitrations, the Participant waives any right to pursue, on a class basis, any such controversy or claim against the Plan Administrator and the Plan Administrator waives any right to pursue on a class basis any such controversy or claim against the Participant.

The arbitration findings will be final and binding except to the extent that State or Federal law provides for the judicial review of arbitration proceedings.

The arbitration is begun by the Participant making written demand on the Plan Administrator. The arbitration will be conducted by Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services ("JAMS") according to its applicable Rules and Procedures. If, for any reason, JAMS is unavailable to conduct the arbitration, the arbitration will be conducted by another neutral arbitration entity, by mutual agreement of the Participant and the Plan Administrator, or by order of the court, if the Participant and the Plan Administrator cannot agree.

The costs of the arbitration will be allocated per the JAMS Policy on Consumer Arbitrations. If the arbitration is not conducted by JAMS, the costs will be shared equally by the parties, except in cases of extreme financial hardship, upon application to the neutral arbitration entity to which the parties have agreed, in which cases, the Plan Administrator will assume all or a portion of the costs of the arbitration.

GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

Name of Plan:

Illinois Central College Health Benefit Plan

Plan Sponsor:

Illinois Central College One College Drive East Peoria, IL 61611 Phone: 1-309-694-8911 Fax: 1-309-694-8563 Website: www.icc.edu

Plan Administrator: (Named Fiduciary)

Illinois Central College One College Drive East Peoria, IL 61611 Phone: 1-309-694-8911 Fax: 1-309-694-8563 Website: www.icc.edu

Plan Sponsor ID No. (EIN):

37-0892531

Source of Funding:

Self-Funded

Plan Status:

Non-Grandfathered

Applicable Law:

Federal and State of Illinois

Plan Year:

July 1 through June 30

Plan Type:

Medical Dental Prescription Vision

Third Party Administrator:

Consociate, Inc. 2828 North Monroe Street Decatur, IL 62526

Phone: 1-800-798-2422 Fax: 1-217-451-9088

Website: www.consociate.com

Prescription Drug Plan Administrator:

Express Scripts 1 Express Way St. Louis, MO 63121 **Phone:** 1-855-315-4272

Website: www.express-scripts.com

Utilization Management Administrator:

Hines & Associates

115 East Highland Avenue

Elgin, IL 60120

Phone: 1-800-944-9401 **Fax:** 1-847-741-1306

Website: www.precertcare.com

Case Management Administrator:

Hines & Associates 115 East Highland Avenue

Elgin, IL 60120

Phone: 1-800-944-9401 **Fax:** 1-847-741-1306

Website: www.precertcare.com

Participating Employer(s):

Illinois Central College One College Drive East Peoria, IL 61611 Phone: 1-309-694-8911 Fax: 1-309-694-8563 Website: www.icc.edu

Agent for Service of Process:

Illinois Central College One College Drive East Peoria, IL 61611 **Phone:** 1-309-694-8911 **Fax:** 1-309-694-8563

Website: www.icc.edu

Non-English Language Notice

This Plan Document contains a summary in English of a Participant's plan rights and benefits under the Plan. If a Participant has difficulty understanding any part of this Plan Document, he or she may contact the Plan Administrator at the contact information above.

Legal Entity; Service of Process

The Plan is a legal entity. Legal notice may be filed with, and legal process served upon, the Plan Administrator.

Not a Contract

This Plan Document and any amendments constitute the terms and provisions of coverage under this Plan. The Plan Document is not to be construed as a contract of any type between the Company and any Participant or to be consideration for, or an inducement or condition of, the employment of any Employee. Nothing in this Plan Document shall be deemed to give any Employee the right to be retained in the service of the Company or to interfere with the right of the Company to discharge any Employee at any time; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not be deemed to modify the provisions of any collective bargaining agreements which may be entered into by the Company with the bargaining representatives of any Employees.

Non-Discrimination

No eligibility rules or variations in contribution amounts will be imposed based on an eligible Employee's and his or her Dependent's/Dependents' health status, medical condition, claims experience, receipt of health care, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, disability, or any other health status related factor. Coverage under this Plan is provided regardless of an eligible Employee's and his or her Dependent's/Dependents' race, color, national origin, disability, age, sex, gender identity or sexual orientation. Variations in the administration, processes or benefits of this Plan that are based on clinically indicated reasonable medical management practices, or are part of permitted wellness incentives, disincentives and/or other programs do not constitute discrimination.

Applicable Law

This Plan is a governmental (sponsored) plan and as such it is exempt from the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (also known as ERISA), which is a Federal law regulating Employee welfare and pension plans. The Participants' rights in the Plan are governed by the plan documents and applicable state law and regulations.

Discretionary Authority

The Plan Administrator shall have sole, full and final discretionary authority to interpret all Plan provisions, including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies and/or omissions in the Plan and related documents; to make determinations in regards to issues relating to eligibility for benefits; to decide disputes that may arise relative to a Participant's rights; and to determine all questions of fact and law arising under the Plan.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PLAN: ADOPTION OF THE PLAN DOCUMENT AND SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

THIS PLAN DOCUMENT AND SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION ("Plan Document"), made by **Illinois Central College** (the "Company" or the "Plan Sponsor") as of January 1, 1980, hereby sets forth the provisions of the Illinois Central College Health Benefit Plan (the "Plan"), which was originally adopted by the Company, effective January 1, 2019. Any wording which may be contrary to Federal Laws or Statutes is hereby understood to meet the standards set forth in such. Also, any changes in Federal Laws or Statutes which could affect the Plan are also automatically a part of the Plan, if required.

Effective Date

The Plan Document is effective as of the date first set forth above, and each amendment is effective as of the date set forth therein, or on such other date as specified in an applicable collective bargaining agreement (if any) with respect to the Employees covered by such agreement (the "Effective Date").

Adoption of the Plan Document

The Plan Sponsor, as the settlor of the Plan, hereby adopts this Plan Document as the written description of the Plan. This Plan Document represents both the Plan Document and the Summary Plan Description. This Plan Document amends and replaces any prior statement of the health care coverage contained in the Plan or any predecessor to the Plan.

This Plan is maintained pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements. A copy of the agreement(s) may be obtained by Participants and beneficiaries upon written request to the Plan Administrator, and is also available for examination by Participants and beneficiaries in the Plan Administrator's principal office.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Plan Sponsor has caused this Plan Document to be executed.

Illinois C	Central College		
Ву:	Der		
Name:	Bruce Budde		
Title:	Executive Vice President of Administration	and	Finance
Date:	9/24/2018		

APPENDIX A: NOTICE OF NONDISCRIMINATION (FOR COVERED ENTITIES SUBJECT TO ACA SECTION 1557)

Illinois Central College complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. Illinois Central College does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex.

Illinois Central College:

- Provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with the Plan, such as:
 - Qualified sign language interpreters.
 - Written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats).
- Provides free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as:
 - Qualified interpreters.
 - o Information written in other languages

If a Participant needs these services, he or she should contact Tim Anderson.

If a Participant believes that Illinois Central College has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, he or she can file a grievance with:

Name: Tim Anderson

Title: Risk Management, Safety and Benefits Manager

One College Drive East Peoria, IL 61611 **Phone:** 1-309-694-8911 **Fax:** 1-309-694-8563

The Participant can file a grievance in person or by mail, fax, or email. If a Participant needs help filing a grievance, Tim Anderson, Risk Management, Safety and Benefits Manager, is available to help him or her.

Participants can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or by mail or phone at:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 200 Independence Avenue, SW Room 509F, HHH Building Washington, D.C. 20201 1-800-368-1019, 800-537-7697 (TDD)

Complaint forms are available at http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.